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	Subject Code: ACSE0404
Roll No:	

## NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

## B.Tech. CSE/IT/AIML/IOT/CS/AI/DS

(SEM: IV SESSIONAL EXAMINATION -II) Session -2021-2022

Subject Name: Theory of Automata and Formal Languages

SET-B

Time: 1.15Hours

Max. Marks:30

## General Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory. Answers should be brief and to the point.
- This Question paper consists of 3 pages & 5 questions.
- ➤ It comprises of three Sections, A, B, and C. You are to attempt all the sections.
- ➤ Section A -Question No-1 is objective type questions carrying 1 mark each, Question No-2 is very short answer type carrying 2 mark each. You are expected to answer them as directed.
- > Section B Question No-3 is Short answer type questions carrying 5 marks each. You need to attempt any two out of three questions given.
- > Section C Question No. 4 & Sare Long answer type (within unit choice) questions carrying 6 marks each. You need to attempt any one part <u>a or b.</u>
- > Students are instructed to cross the blank sheets before handing over the answer sheet to the invigilator.
- > No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked

		SECTION - A	12-27	T
1.	Atte	(4×1=4)	CO	
	a.	Consider this R.E. = (0 + 1)* (00 + 11)  What will be the number of states in minimal DFA and NFA?  1. DFA - 5, NFA - 5  2. DFA - 5, NFA - 4  3. DFA - 4, NFA - 4  4. None	(1)	2
	b.	DFA acceptslanguages.  5. Type-0  6. Type-1  7. Type-2  8. Type-3	(1)	2
0	C.	The context free languages are also known as:  1. Type-0 2. Type-1	(1)	3

Page 1 of 3

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			ionos		
T		T	3. Type-2 4. Type-3		1-
		d.	More than one Parse tree can be generated from a same sentence. The Grammar which has this property are known as:	(1)	3
			<ol> <li>Ambiguous</li> <li>Non ambiguous grammar</li> <li>Intersection</li> <li>Union</li> </ol>		
1	2.	Att	empt all parts	(2×2=4)	(
		a.	Write a CFG for the Language L={a <sup>n</sup> b <sup>n</sup> c <sup>m</sup> d <sup>m</sup> / n>=1, m>=1}.	(2)	3
		b.	Show that the grammar $S \rightarrow aB \mid ab$ , $A \rightarrow aAB \mid a$ , $B \rightarrow ABb \mid b$ is ambiguous.	(2)	3
	SECTION – B				-
1	3.	Δ'n	iswer any <u>two</u> of the following-	[2×5=10]	C
15		a.	P+PQ*Q = a*b Q* where P= b+aa*b and a is any regular expression.	(5)	2
		b.	Show that $L = \{a^p \mid p \text{ is a prime}\}\$ is regular or not.	(5)	2
		c.	Derive the regular expression corresponding to the finite automata.  SECTION - C	(5)	2
					4
	4		nswer any <u>one</u> of the following-(Anyone can be oplicative if applicable)	[2×6=12]	C
		а.	Construct a DFA with reduced states equivalent to regular expression 10+(0+11)(*1).	(6)	2
		b.	Define Chomsky Hierarchy. Construct a Finite machine from given grammar:	(6)	3

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		$S \rightarrow aA \mid \lambda \mid bS$ $A \rightarrow aB \mid bA$ $B \rightarrow aS \mid bB$		
	An	swer any one of the following-		
	а.	Let G be CFG S→ bB  aA, A→b  bS aAA B→ a aS  bBB For the string bbaababa find (a) Left Most Derivation (b) Right Most Derivation (c) Parse Tree	(6)	3
H	b.	Explain the closure properties of the regular languages.	(6)	2

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