Theory of computation Assignment-2

1) obtain grammar to generale the language. L= (on 1 n+1 | nzo?

Sohn

Recursive definition to general string on in is

A > 0 A 1 | E

t=011 h=1

If A > OA1 is applied n Home, A => OAJ = 00 A 11 nin on 1h = 000 4411 1=3

L=00111 h=2

but 1= on 1 n+1

= on 1 n 1

S-A1

V= {S,A}

T = {0,1}

P { S -> A1

A-) GA1/E

So is the stort Sumbal.

(OY)

L= { on 1 m | n=0 m=1 }

on = A - OA | E

1m = 0 - 10 2

$$P = \begin{cases} S \rightarrow AB \\ A \rightarrow 0A | e \end{cases}$$

$$B \rightarrow 18 | 2$$

30 Start symbal.

3) obtain a chamman to generate the language.

L= {wwr | w & fa, 53, 7} when whis revers of

Som TAS ? I is a even length palin drom, we have to generate all even length palindroms.

Occursive definition of a palindrom is

1. E is a pawn drome

2. a & b are palindrome.

3. It wis a pallnorom, then he strings awa and bub are also pallnavorner. 5. From 1,2,3

S-> E

S -> 016 s - asaloss

v = {s} P - { 5→ € → ⊕ → ⊕ T= (96) s -asalbsb - 0.

3) obtain a grammon to generate the language 1= { on 12n | n20} L= { €, 011) 001111. -- } Recursive definition to general string on, 2n S - 3 0 5 1 1 | E v= (sz 7-(0,1) P= { S -> 0 S 12 | e S- start symbol. 3 obtain grammon to generall the language 1 = {ant bm/n20 & m>n} L= {ani2 bm/n20 & mon3 Som = { aoanbm | nzo & m>nz = {aab, aaabb, aaaabbbbb----} occurrice définition for an pm um. 120 & mon

for hoo alb...

For n= 1 bb

no of b's should be always quarter from a

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B - bB | 6 mis never 300 because
                           mon anzo
  For mon
      S- asb | abB | 68 16 B
                              L= { abb, b, bb
For anym nzo amon
                                 a ao bbbb
     S-1 asb | abolba/6 B
      B -> 6016
but we have to find for an 12 bm
    in aa an bm
     S -s acass | acobs | acobs look acas
     0 -> balb
     V= { S, B}
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T= 20,6),

D= { S = aaasb | aaB

B = 68/6

3.

Solp Obtain grammon togenerals me language L $L = (w: |w|) \mod 5 = 0$ on $\xi = 100$.

Solp $L = \{w: |w| \mod 5 = 0\}$ on $\xi = 100$. $L = \{w: |w| \mod 5 = 0\}$ on $\xi = 100$. $L = \{w: |w| \mod 5 = 0\}$ on $\xi = 100$.

String generated should have length of multiple of S -> aaaaa S | E

→ aaaaa S | €

V= (S)

T-- (a)

P-- (S-> aaaaas) €

S is the Start symbols

(6) Obtain a gramman to generate the set of ay strings with no move than three as when E = Larb

som

For at most 3 a's

S=3 a A b

A=3 a B b

B=3 a C b

C -3 b C | b | e

T = (a,b) $p = (S \rightarrow a + b)$ $A \rightarrow a + b$ $C \rightarrow b \in b \mid b \mid e$