Name	 Roll No

# Paper IV (Robotics) MSG (Computer Science) Semester-I" 2022-23

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#### PRACTICAL 1A

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH GEAR AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

### Description:

## 1] NxtRobot() -

Class that represents a simulated NXT robot brick. Parts (e.g. motors, sensors) may be assembled into the robot to make it doing the desired job.

# 2] Gear() -

Creates a gear instance with right motor plugged into port A, left motor plugged into port B.

## 3] addPart(Part) -

Assembles the given part into the robot.

## 4] setSpeed(int) -

Sets the speed to the given value (arbitrary units).

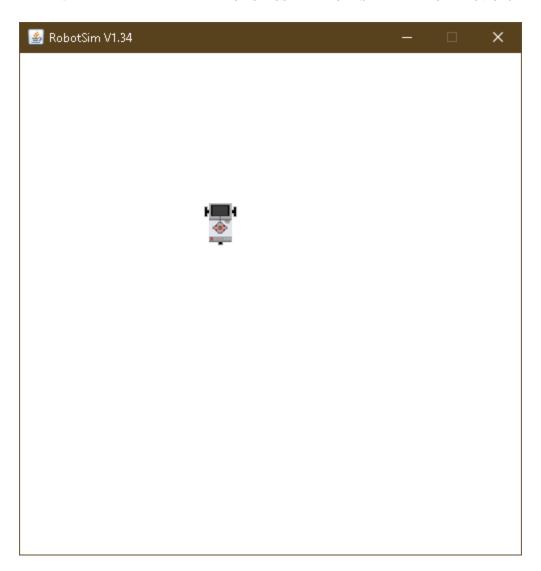
## 5] forward() -

Starts the forward movement.

## 6] left() -

Starts to rotate left (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes).

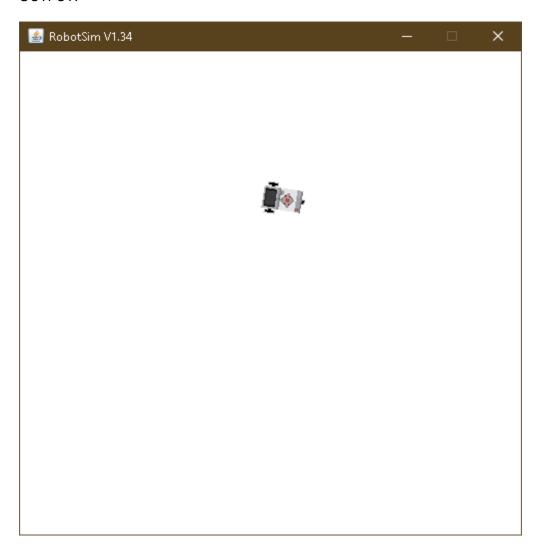
```
7] right() -
       Starts to rotate right (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes).
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_1a {
  Prac_1a(){
    NxtRobot robot = new NxtRobot();
    Gear g = new Gear();
    robot.addPart(g);
    g.setSpeed(100);
    g.forward(500);
    g.left(250);
    g.forward(500);
    g.right(250);
    g.forward(500);
  }
  public static void main (String[] args) {
    new Prac_1a();
  }
}
```



### PRACTICAL 1B

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITHOUT GEAR AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

```
Description:
TurtleRobot() -
Creates a turtle robot instance.
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_1b {
  Prac_1b(){
    TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot();
    t.forward(100);
    t.left(90);
    t.forward(100);
    t.right(90);
    t.forward(100);
  }
  public static void main (String[] args) {
    new Prac 1b();
  }
}
```



#### **PRACTICAL 2**

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH 2 MOTORS AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

```
DESC:
1] Motor() -
Creates a motor instance that is plugged into given port.
2] Tools.delay() -
       Suspends execution of the current thread for the given amount of time.
3] stop() -
Stops the rotation.
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_2 {
  Prac_2(){
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot();
    Motor m1 = new Motor(MotorPort.A);
    Motor m2 = new Motor(MotorPort.B);
    r.addPart(m1);
    r.addPart(m2);
    m1.forward();
    Tools.delay(1090);
    m2.forward();
```

```
Tools.delay(1090);

m1.stop();

m2.forward();

Tools.delay(1090);

m1.forward();

m1.stop();

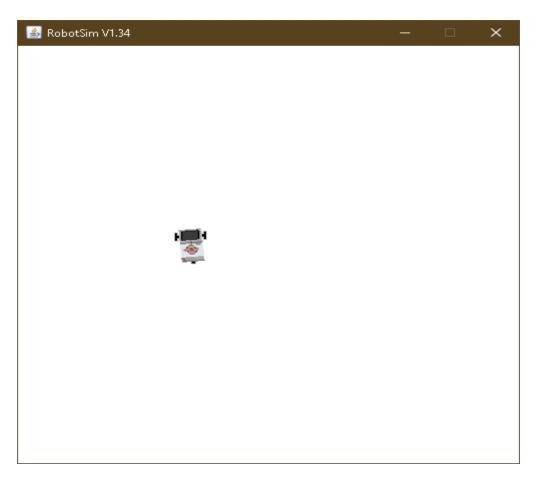
m2.stop();

}

public static void main(String args[]){

new Prac_2();

}
```



# PRACTICAL 3

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO DO A SQUARE USING A WHILE LOOP.

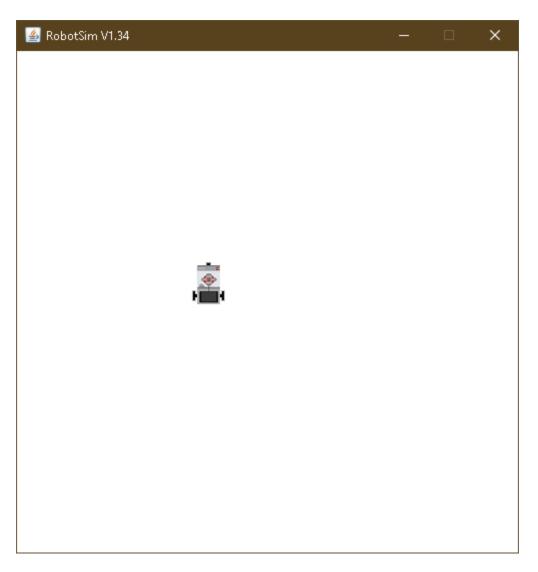
CODE:

import ch.aplu.robotsim.\*;

public class Prac\_3 {

```
Prac_3(){
    NxtRobot robot = new NxtRobot();
    Gear g = new Gear();
    robot.addPart(g);
    g.setSpeed(100);
    while (true){
        g.forward(600);
        g.left(280);
    }
}

public static void main (String[] args) {
    new Prac_3();
}
```



### PRACTICAL 4

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH LIGHT SENSORS TO FOLLOW A LINE.

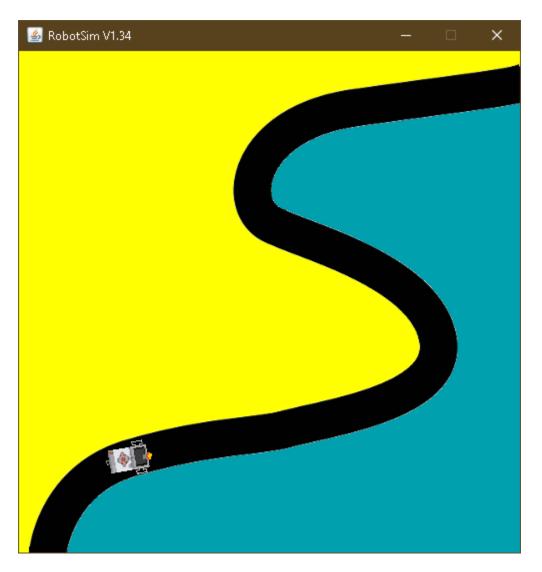
Description:

1] RobotContext() -

Creates a RobotContext instance.

```
2] setStartPosition(int, int) -
       Sets the Nxt starting position (x-y-coordinates 0..500, origin at upper left).
3] useBackground(String) -
       Use the given image as background (playground size 501 x 501).
4] LegoRobot() –
       Creates a robot with its playground using defaults from RobotContext.
5] LightSensor(SensorPort) -
       Creates a sensor instance pointing downwards connected to the given port.
6] getValue() -
       For sensor ports 1, 2, 3, 4: returns the brightness of the background at the current
       location.
7] leftArc() -
       Starts to move to the left on an arc with given radius.
8] rightArc() -
       Starts to move to the right on an arc with given radius.
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_4 {
  static {
    RobotContext.setStartPosition(32,495);
    RobotContext.useBackground("sprites/road.gif");
  }
  Prac_4(){
    LegoRobot r=new LegoRobot();
```

```
Gear g = new Gear();
    LightSensor ls= new LightSensor(SensorPort.S3);
    r.addPart(g);
    r.addPart(Is);
    g.forward();
    g.setSpeed(50);
    while(true){
      int v =ls.getValue();
      if(v < 100)
        g.forward();
      if(v > 350 && v<750)
        g.leftArc(0.005);
      if(v > 800)
        g.rightArc(0.005);
    }
  }
  public static void main (String args[]){
    new Prac_4();
  }
}
```



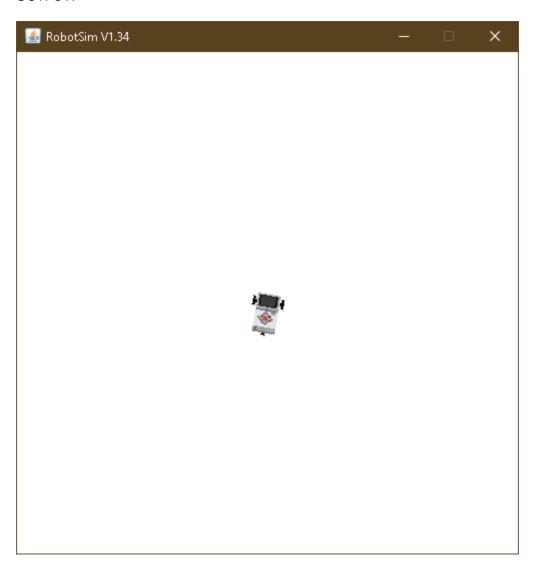
# PRACTICAL 5

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT THAT DOES A CIRCLE USING 2 MOTORS.

```
CODE:
```

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_5 {
  Prac_5() {
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot();
    Motor A = new Motor(MotorPort.A);
    Motor B = new Motor(MotorPort.B);
    r.addPart(B);
    r.addPart(A);
    A.setSpeed(100);
    B.setSpeed(100);
    A.forward();
    B.forward();
    while (true){
      Tools.delay(200);
      A.stop();
      Tools.delay(200);
      A.forward();
    }
  }
  public static void main(String arg[]) {
    new Prac_5();
  }
```

}



### **PRACTICAL 6**

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A PATH FOLLOWING ROBOT.

Description:

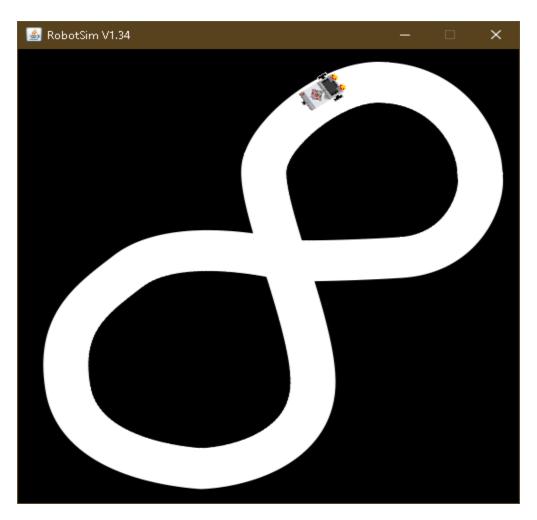
1] setStartDirection(double) -

Sets the Nxt starting direction (zero to EAST).

```
CODE:
```

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac 6 {
  Prac 6(){
    NxtRobot robot=new NxtRobot();
    Gear gear=new Gear();
    LightSensor ls1=new LightSensor(SensorPort.S1);
    LightSensor Is2=new LightSensor(SensorPort.S2);
    robot.addPart(gear);
    robot.addPart(ls1);
    robot.addPart(ls2);
    gear.forward();
    gear.setSpeed(100);
    while(true)
    {
      int rightValue=ls1.getValue();
      int leftValue=ls2.getValue();
      if(leftValue < 10)
        gear.rightArc(0.05);
      if(rightValue < 10)
        gear.leftArc(0.05);
      if(leftValue > 10 && rightValue > 10)
        gear.forward();
    }
  }
```

```
public static void main(String args[])
{
    new Prac_6();
}
static
{
    NxtContext.setStartPosition(267,232);
    NxtContext.setStartDirection(-90);
    NxtContext.useBackground("sprites/path.gif");
}
```



## PRACTICAL 7

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO RESIST OBSTACLES.

# Description:

1] TouchSensor(SensorPort) -

Creates a sensor instance connected to the given port.

2] isPressed() –

Polls the touch sensor and returns true, if there is a collision with any of the collision obstacles.

```
3] backward() -
```

Starts moving backward and returns immediately.

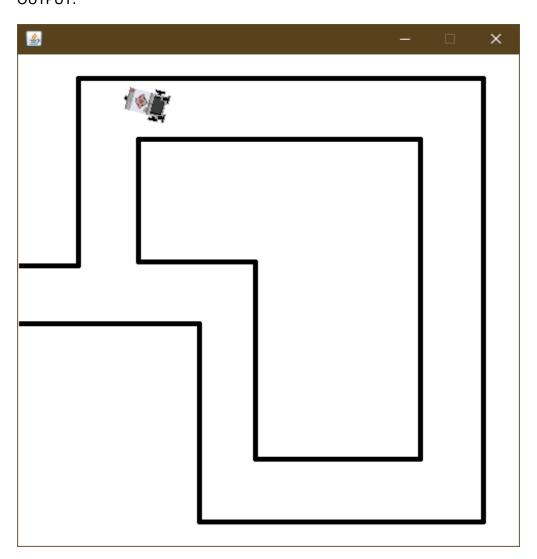
```
4] useObstacle(Obstacle) -
```

Defines the given obstacle to be used as touch obstacle.

```
CODE:
```

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_7 {
  Prac 7(){
    LegoRobot r=new LegoRobot();
    Gear g = new Gear();
    TouchSensor t1= new TouchSensor(SensorPort.S1);
    TouchSensor t2 = new TouchSensor(SensorPort.S2);
    r.addPart(g);
    r.addPart(t1);
    r.addPart(t2);
    g.forward();
    g.setSpeed(50);
    while(true){
      Boolean b1 = t1.isPressed();
      Boolean b2 = t2.isPressed();
      if(b1 && b2){
        g.backward(150);
```

```
g.right(400);
        g.forward();
      }
      if(b1){
        g.backward(150);
        g.left(200);
        g.forward();
      }
      if(b2){
        g.backward(150);
        g.right(200);
        g.forward();
      }
    }
  }
  static {
    RobotContext.setStartPosition(100,250);
    Robot Context. use Obstacle (Robot Context. channel);\\
  }
  public static void main(String args[]){
    new Prac_7();
  }
}
```



#### **PRACTICAL 8**

AIM: ULTRASONIC SENSOR.

#### DESC:

1] UltrasonicSensor(SensorPort) -

The port selection determines the position of the sensor and the direction of the beam axis.

2] setBeamAreaColor(Color) -

Sets the color of the beam area (two sector border lines and axis).

3] setProximityCircleColor(Color) -

Sets the color of the circle with center at sensor location and radius equals to the current distance value.

4] getDistance() -

Returns the distance to the nearest target object.

5] useTarget(String, Point[], int, int) -

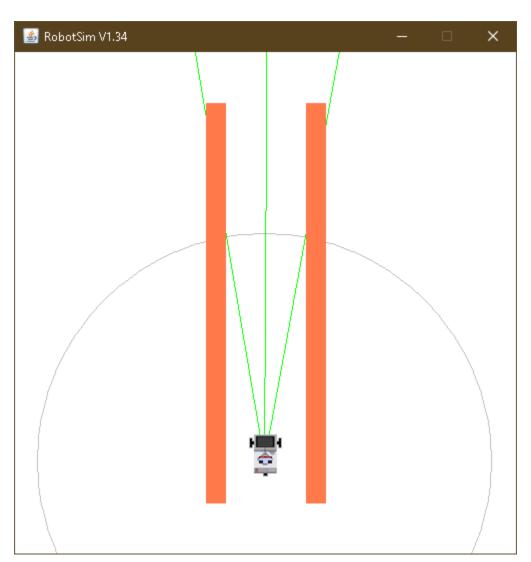
Creates a target for the ultrasonic sensor using the given sprite image.

```
CODE:
```

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.Point;
public class Prac_8 {
  Prac_8() {
    LegoRobot robot = new LegoRobot();
    Gear gear = new Gear();
    robot.addPart(gear);
    UltrasonicSensor us = new UltrasonicSensor(SensorPort.S1);
    robot.addPart(us);
    us.setBeamAreaColor(Color.green);
    us.setProximityCircleColor(Color.lightGray);
    double arc = 0.5;
    gear.setSpeed(50);
    gear.rightArc(arc);
    boolean isRightArc = true;
    int oldDistance = 0;
    while (true)
    {
     Tools.delay(100);
     int distance = us.getDistance();
     if (distance == -1)
      continue;
     if (distance < oldDistance)</pre>
```

```
{
   if (isRightArc)
    gear.leftArc(arc);
    isRightArc = false;
   }
   else
   {
    gear.rightArc(arc);
    isRightArc = true;
   }
  }
  oldDistance = distance;
 }
}
static{
 Point[] mesh_bar =
 {
  new Point(10, 200), new Point(-10, 200),
  new Point(-10, -200), new Point(10, -200)
 };
 RobotContext.useTarget("sprites/bar1.gif", mesh_bar, 200, 250);
 RobotContext.useTarget("sprites/bar1.gif", mesh_bar, 300, 250);
 RobotContext.setStartPosition(250, 460);
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    new Prac_8();
}
```



### Assignment 1(A):

Aim: Write a program to create a robot to perform rectangular motion using gears

# Description:

### 1] NxtRobot():

Class that represents a simulated NXT robot brick. Parts (e.g. motors, sensors) may be assembled into the robot to make it doing the desired job.

### 2] Gear():

Creates a gear instance with right motor plugged into port A, left motor plugged into port B.

### 3] addPart():

Assembles the given part into the robot.

## 4] setSpeed():

Sets the speed to the given value (arbitrary units).

## 5] forward():

Starts the forward movement for the given duration (in ms) and stops. Method returns at the end of the given duration.

### 6] left():

Starts to rotate left (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes). Method returns immediately, while the movement continues

#### Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.NxtRobot;
import ch.aplu.robotsim.Gear;
public class assignment1A {
   public assignment1A() {
```

```
Eram Khan
Roll no - 524

NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();

Gear g = new Gear();

r.addPart (g);

g.setSpeed (100);

while (true){

g.forward (800);

g.left (280);

}

public static void main (String [] args){

new assignment1A ();
```

}

}

# Output:





Assignment 1(B):

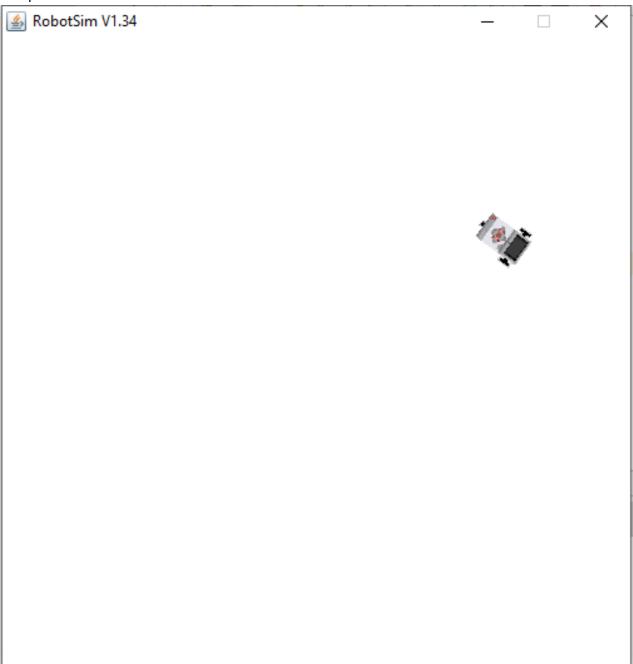
Aim: Write a program to create a robot to perform circular motion using gears

```
Description:
1] rightArc():
       Starts to move to the right on arc with given radius. Method returns immediately,
       while the movement continues.
Code:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.NxtRobot;
import ch.aplu.robotsim.Gear;
public class assignment1B {
  public assignment1B () {
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();
    Gear g = new Gear ();
    r.addPart (g);
    g.setSpeed (100);
    while (true) {
      g.rightArc (0.5);
    }
  }
  public static void main (String [] args){
    new assignment1B ();
```

}

}

# Output

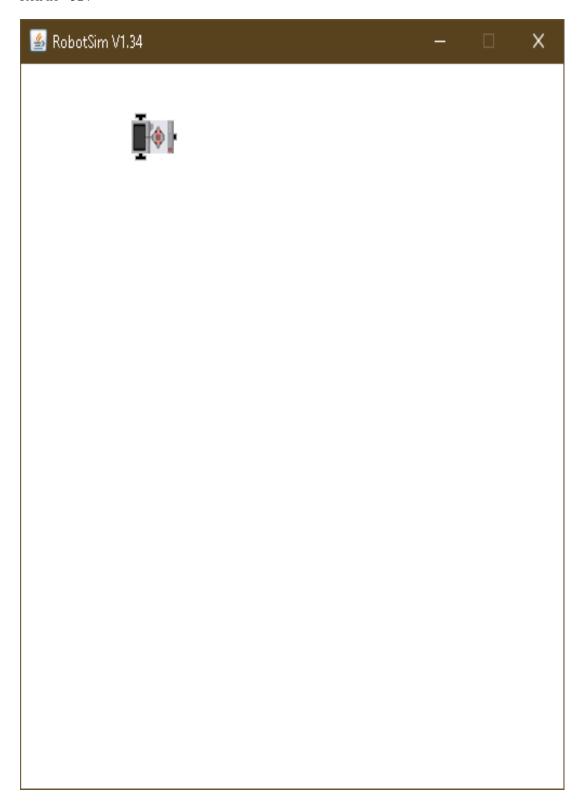


Assignment 2 (A):

Aim: Write a program to create robot to perform a square motion without using gear.

```
Code:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Assignment_2a {
   Assignment_2a () {
        TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot ();
        t.setTurtleSpeed (100);
        while (true){
            t.forward(200);
            t.left (90);
        }
    }
   public static void main (String [] args) {
        new Assignment_1a ();
   }
}
```

Output:

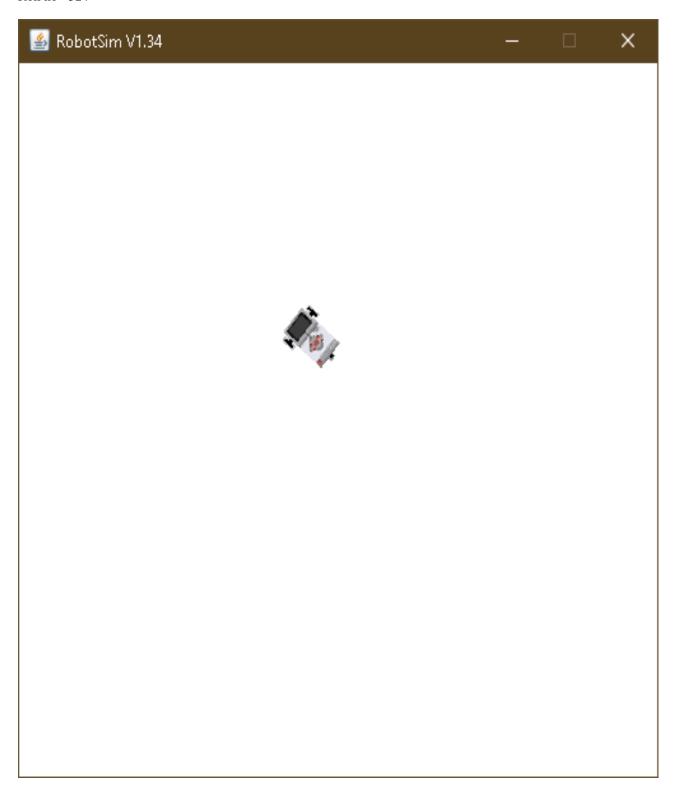


Assignment 2 (B):

Aim: Write a program to create robot to perform a circular motion without using gear.

```
Code:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Assignment_2b {
   Assignment_2b () {
      TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot ();
      t.setTurtleSpeed (100);
      while (true) {
        t.forward (2);
        t.left (2);
      }
    }
   public static void main (String [] args) {
      new Assignment_1b ();
    }
}
```

Output:



Assignment 3:

Aim: Write a program to do a square using while or for loop, change direction based on condition and control motor movement

## Description:

1] Motor():

Creates a motor instance that is plugged into given port.

2] Tools.delay():

Suspends execution of the current thread for the given amount of time.

```
Code:
```

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
import java.util.*;
public class assignment2 {
  assignment2 () {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();
    Motor m1 = new Motor (MotorPort.A);
    Motor m2 = new Motor (MotorPort.B);
    r.addPart (m1);
    r.addPart (m2);
    System.out.println ("Enter 1 for left and 2 for right:");
    int direction = sc.nextInt ();
    switch (direction) {
      case 1:
         for (int i=0; i<4; i++){
           m1.forward ();
           Tools.delay (1090);
           m2.forward ();
           Tools.delay (1090);
```

m1.stop ();

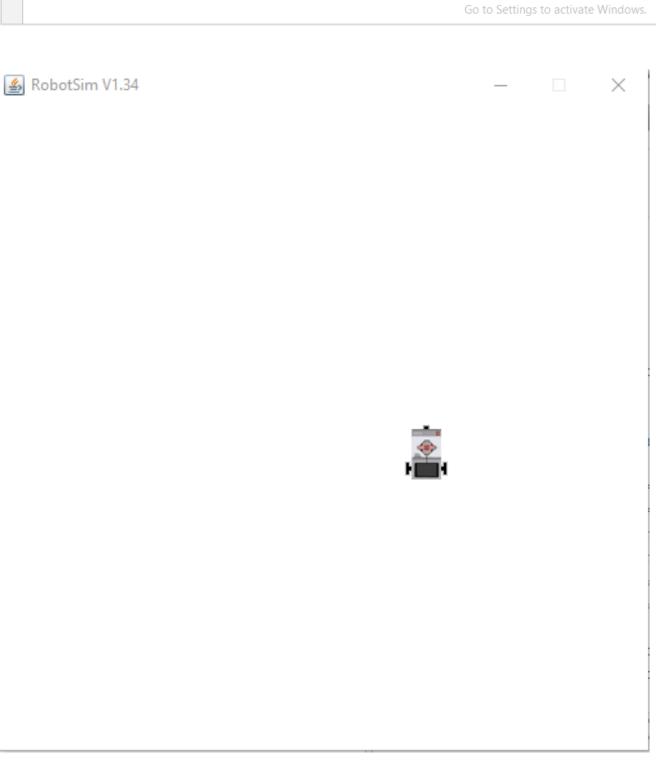
```
Eram Khan
Roll no - 524
           m2.stop ();
         }
      break;
      case 2:
         for (int i=0; i<4; i++){
           m2.forward ();
           Tools.delay (1090);
           m1.forward ();
           Tools.delay (1090);
           m1.stop ();
           m2.stop ();
         }
      break;
    }
  }
  public static void main (String args[]){
    new assignment2 ();
  }
}
```

Output:









```
Output - RoboticsAssignment (run) ×

run:
Enter 1 for left and 2 for right:
2
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 1 minute 24 seconds)

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.
```