

April 15, 2024

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

```
[3]: pwd
```

```
[3]: 'C:\\Users\\Tej'
```

```
[6]: cd E:\\
```

```
E:\\
```

```
[8]: dataset = pd.read_csv('Social Network Ads.csv')
```

```
[9]: dataset.head()
```

```
[9]:
```

	User ID	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	15624510	Male	19	19000	0
1	15810944	Male	35	20000	0
2	15668575	Female	26	43000	0
3	15603246	Female	27	57000	0
4	15804002	Male	19	76000	0

```
[10]: X = dataset.iloc[:, [2, 3]].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, 4].values
```

```
print(X[:3, :])
print('-'*15)
print(y[:3])
```

```
[[ 19 19000]
 [ 35 20000]
 [ 26 43000]]
```

```
-----
[0 0 0]
```

```
[11]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25,
↳random_state = 0)
```

```
print(X_train[:3])
print('-'*15)
print(y_train[:3])
print('-'*15)
print(X_test[:3])
print('-'*15)
print(y_test[:3])
```

```
[[ 44 39000]
 [ 32 120000]
 [ 38 50000]]
```

```
-----
[0 1 0]
```

```
-----
[[ 30 87000]
 [ 38 50000]
 [ 35 75000]]
```

```
-----
[0 0 0]
```

```
[12]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc_X = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc_X.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc_X.transform(X_test)
print(X_train[:3])
print('-'*15)
print(X_test[:3])
```

```
[[ 0.58164944 -0.88670699]
 [-0.60673761  1.46173768]
 [-0.01254409 -0.5677824  ]]
```

```
-----
[[-0.80480212  0.50496393]
 [-0.01254409 -0.5677824  ]
 [-0.30964085  0.1570462  ]]
```

```
[13]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
classifier = LogisticRegression(random_state = 0, solver='lbfgs' )
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)

print(X_test[:10])
print('-'*15)
print(y_pred[:10])
```

```
print(y_pred[:20])
print(y_test[:20])
```

```
[[-0.80480212  0.50496393]
 [-0.01254409 -0.5677824 ]
 [-0.30964085  0.1570462 ]
 [-0.80480212  0.27301877]
 [-0.30964085 -0.5677824 ]
 [-1.10189888 -1.43757673]
 [-0.70576986 -1.58254245]
 [-0.21060859  2.15757314]
 [-1.99318916 -0.04590581]
 [ 0.8787462  -0.77073441]]
```

```
-----
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0]
```

```
[14]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
classification_report(y_test,y_pred)
```

```
[14]: '          precision    recall  f1-score   support\n\n 0.89          0.96          0.92         68\n32\n\n accuracy          0.89        100\n\n 0.89          0.85          0.87        100\n\nweighted avg          0.89          0.89          0.89        100'
```

```
[15]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(cm)
```

```
[[65  3]
 [ 8 24]]
```

```
[16]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
```

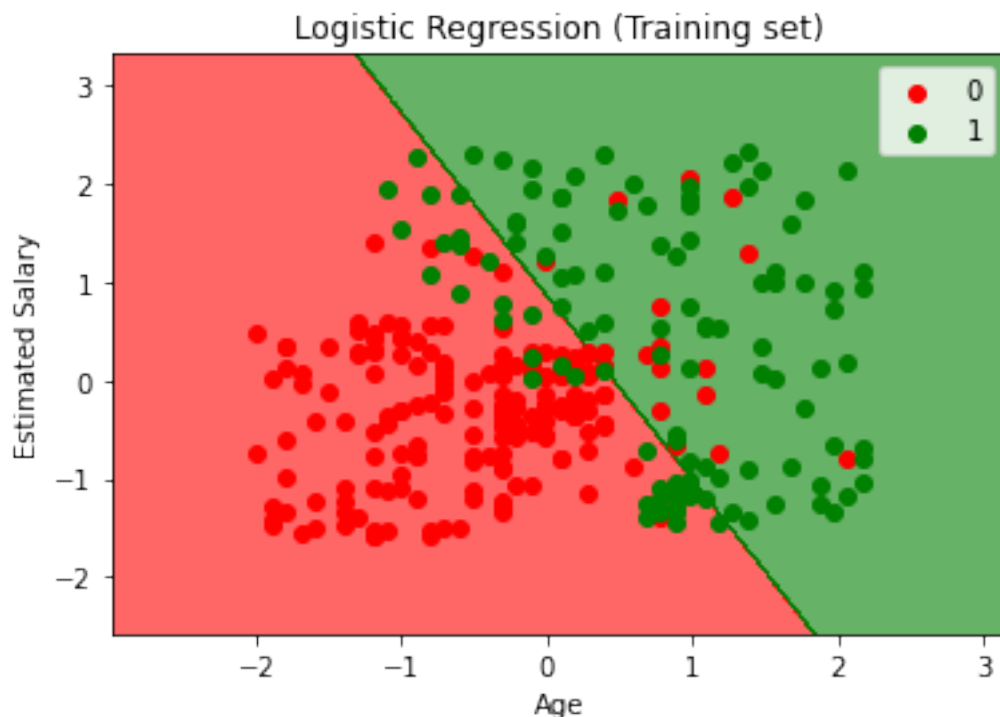
```
[16]: 0.89
```

```
[17]: # Visualizing the Training set results
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X_set, y_set = X_train, y_train
X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
                     np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
```

```
plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).
    ↪reshape(X1.shape),
              alpha = 0.6, cmap = ListedColormap(['red', 'green']))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
    plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
                c = ListedColormap(['red', 'green'])(i), label = j)
plt.title('Logistic Regression (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

c argument looks like a single numeric RGB or RGBA sequence, which should be avoided as value-mapping will have precedence in case its length matches with *x* & *y*. Please use the *color* keyword-argument or provide a 2-D array with a single row if you intend to specify the same RGB or RGBA value for all points.

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```
[18]: # Visualizing the Test set results
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X_set, y_set = X_test, y_test
X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
                     np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
             alpha = 0.6, cmap = ListedColormap(('red', 'green')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
    plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
                c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i), label = j)
plt.title('Logistic Regression (Test set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

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