Test Plan for Swag Labs Website

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Version: 1.0

Date: 08-Oct-2025

1. Objective

This Test Plan outlines the comprehensive strategy for testing the **Swag Labs** web application — an e-commerce simulation platform designed to evaluate web automation skills, user interface functionality, and overall user experience.

The primary objective is to validate that all functionalities, from user authentication to checkout flow, perform reliably and consistently across supported environments. This plan ensures the system meets both functional and non-functional requirements for the target audience — QA engineers, automation testers, and general users simulating online shopping scenarios.

2. Scope

In-Scope

The following areas of the Swag Labs application are included in testing:

- Authentication: Validation of login with multiple user types (standard, locked_out, problem, glitch, etc.)
- Product Inventory: Ensuring product list, sorting options, and images load correctly
- Cart Management: Adding, removing, and updating items in the cart
- Checkout Workflow: Capturing user details, reviewing orders, and confirming purchases
- Logout & Navigation: Testing proper session termination and navigational consistency
- Error Handling: Ensuring meaningful and user-friendly error messages

Testing Types

- Manual Testing Exploratory, functional, and UI validation
- Automated Testing Regression and smoke tests using Selenium + Python
- Performance Testing Load time and responsiveness
- Accessibility Testing WCAG compliance checks for usability

Evaluation Criteria

- Functional coverage completion ≥ 95%
- Critical defect leakage ≤ 2%
- Zero blockers in production release
- Average defect resolution time ≤ 24 hours

Team Roles & Responsibilities

Role Responsibility

Test Lead Define strategy, manage QA team, track progress

QA Testers Execute tests, document results, report defects

Developers Analyze and fix reported issues

Project Manager Oversee schedule, ensure timely deliverables

Client/Stakeholder Review and approve QA documentation

3. Inclusions

Introduction

The Swag Labs Test Plan defines the purpose, objectives, and strategy to ensure the product meets all acceptance criteria. Testing will focus on functionality, usability, and performance consistency.

Test Objectives

- Detect and report functional defects early in the SDLC.
- Validate system stability across browsers and devices.
- Enhance user experience by identifying and fixing UI/UX flaws.
- Establish a robust regression suite for future releases.

4. Exclusions

The following areas are outside the current testing scope:

- API and backend database testing
- Payment gateway integration (mocked in demo environment)
- Email/SMS notification flows
- Localization or multi-language testing
- Mobile app (Android/iOS) testing

5. Test Environments

Category Details

Operating Systems Windows 10, macOS Monterey, Ubuntu 22.04

Browsers Chrome (latest), Firefox, Edge

Category Details

Devices Desktop, Laptop, Tablet

Network Connectivity Wi-Fi (50 Mbps), Wired (LAN)

Hardware Requirements 8 GB RAM, 2 GHz dual-core CPU

Software Requirements Python 3.10+, Selenium WebDriver, PyTest, Browser Drivers

Security Protocols Secure HTTPS connection, password encryption

Access Permissions QA Team with Swag Labs login credentials

6. Defect Reporting Procedure

Defect Identification Criteria

A defect will be logged for any:

- Deviation from expected functional behavior
- User experience or performance issue
- Broken element, missing validation, or visual inconsistency

Defect Reporting Steps

- 1. Reproduce the issue consistently.
- 2. Document with detailed steps, actual vs. expected results.
- 3. Attach screenshots, logs, or screen recordings.
- 4. Log the defect in JIRA under the correct module.
- 5. Assign severity and priority levels (Critical, Major, Minor).

Triage and Tracking

- Critical: Login failure, data corruption, crash
- Major: Checkout or cart malfunction
- Minor: UI misalignment, cosmetic issues

Metrics to Track:

- Total defects logged per build
- Average time to fix
- Reopen rate (%)
- Severity distribution graph

7. Test Strategy

Step 1: Test Design

Test Design Techniques:

- Equivalence Partitioning (valid/invalid credentials)
- Boundary Value Analysis (input limits)
- Use Case & Decision Table Testing (checkout flow)
- Exploratory and Error Guessing (unhandled scenarios)

Step 2: Execution Approach

- 1. **Smoke Testing** Validate key workflows: login, cart, checkout.
- 2. Functional Testing Execute all planned test cases.
- 3. **Regression Testing** Re-run after fixes to ensure stability.
- 4. **Usability Testing** Validate UI layout, navigation flow, and readability.
- 5. **Cross-Browser Testing** Confirm consistency across browsers.

Step 3: Testing Best Practices

- Shift Left Testing: Begin validation early in development.
- Context-Driven Testing: Focus on real user workflows.
- End-to-End Testing: Simulate complete purchase flow.
- Pair Testing: Collaboration between tester and developer for rapid feedback.

8. Test Schedule

Phase	Task	Start Date	End Date	Owner
Planning	Test Plan preparation	08-Oct-2025	09-Oct-2025	Test Lead
Design	Test case design & review	09-Oct-2025	11-Oct-2025	QA Team
Executio	n Test execution & defect logging	12-Oct-2025	16-Oct-2025	QA Team
Retesting	g Defect revalidation	17-Oct-2025	18-Oct-2025	QA Team
Closure	Final reports & summary	19-Oct-2025	19-Oct-2025	Test Lead

9. Test Deliverables

- Approved **Test Plan** document
- Test Scenarios and Test Cases (Excel/Sheet format)

- Defect Reports (JIRA exports)
- Test Summary Report post execution
- Automation Scripts (for regression)

10. Entry and Exit Criteria

Phase Entry Criteria Exit Criteria

Requirement Analysis Finalized requirement document All doubts clarified and approved

Test Execution Approved test cases, stable build All planned tests executed, defects logged

Test Closure All defects closed or deferred Final test summary approved and signed off

11. Tools

• JIRA: Defect tracking and workflow management

• Selenium + Python: Test automation

PyTest: Automation execution and reporting

• Excel / Google Sheets: Manual test case tracking

Snipping Tool / OBS: Capturing evidence

• MindMeister / Miro: Test scenario visualization

12. Risks and Mitigation Strategies

Potential Risk Impact Mitigation

Test environment unavailability High Maintain backup staging environment

Unstable build High Early build validation, developer sync-up

Limited testing time Medium Prioritize high-risk and business-critical scenarios

Team member absence Medium Assign backup resource and document handover clearly

Browser compatibility issues Low Perform cross-browser checks in early cycles

13. Approvals

Documents to be approved before execution:

- Test Plan
- Test Scenarios and Test Cases

• Test Summary Report

Approval Signatures:

Role	Name	Date	Signature
Test Lead	John	08-Oct-2025	
QA Manager	_	_	
Client Representative	_	_	