## Report

## Minimax Algorithm:

- Advantage:
  - 1. Guarantees an optimal move in zero-sum games like Tic-tac-toe where both players have perfect information.
  - 2. Can be easily implemented due to the simplicity of the game.
  - 3. Works well in situations with a relatively small search space, as in the case of Tic-tac-toe.
- Disadvantage:
  - 1. The algorithm explores the entire game tree, which can be computationally expensive for larger and more complex games.

## Reinforcement Learning:

- Advantage:
  - 1. Adapts and learns strategies by interacting with the environment without prior knowledge of the game's rules.
  - 2. Can handle complex scenarios and adapt to changing environments, making it suitable for more complex games beyond Tic-tac-toe.
- Disadvantages:
  - 1. Requires a significant amount of training time, especially for complex games, which may not be feasible in real-time applications.
  - 2. RL might not converge to an optimal strategy or may require a vast amount of data to do so.
  - Initial exploratory phases might lead to suboptimal strategies until the model learns.

## Combination of both for Tic-tac-toe:

- Using Minimax for Tic-tac-toe is straightforward due to its manageable state space.
- Integrating RL into Tic-tac-toe can be done by training an RL agent to play against itself or a Minimax-based agent. The RL agent can then learn and improve its strategies over time.