

Name : Harshit Mishra

SQL Assignment Coding Quiz

Q1.

```
with cte_temp as (  
  select month(salary.pay_date) as pay_month, department_id,  
  avg(amount) over(partition by month(salary.pay_date), department_id) as dept_avg,  
  avg(amount) over(partition by month(salary.pay_date)) as company_avg  
  from salary inner join employee on salary.employee_id = employee.employee_id )  
  select distinct department_id, pay_month,  
  ( case  
    when dept_avg > company_avg then 'Higher'  
    when dept_avg < company_avg then 'Lower'  
    else 'Same'  
  end  
  ) as comparison from cte_temp ;
```

Q2.

```
WITH t1 AS(  
  SELECT student_id FROM  
  (  
    SELECT exam_id, student_id, student_name, score,  
    MIN(score) OVER(PARTITION BY exam_id) AS min_score,  
    MAX(score) OVER(PARTITION BY exam_id) AS max_score  
    FROM student INNER JOIN exam USING (student_id)  
    ORDER BY exam_id  
  ) as a  
  WHERE min_score = score OR max_score = score  
  )  
  SELECT DISTINCT student_id, student_name  
  FROM exam JOIN student  
  USING (student_id)  
  WHERE student_id != ALL(SELECT student_id FROM t1)  
  ORDER BY 1;
```

Q3.

```
WITH StadiumCTE AS (  
  SELECT  
  stadium_id AS id,  
  visit_date,  
  attendance AS people,  
  stadium_id - ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY visit_date) AS streak_num  
  FROM  
  YourStadiumTable -- Replace YourStadiumTable with the actual table name
```

```

WHERE
attendance >= 100
)
SELECT
id,
visit_date,
people
FROM
StadiumCTE
INNER JOIN
(
SELECT
streak_num,
COUNT(*) AS streak_size
FROM
StadiumCTE
GROUP BY
streak_num
HAVING
COUNT(*) >= 3
) AS StreakInfo ON StadiumCTE.streak_num = StreakInfo.streak_num;

```

Q4.

```

WITH RecursiveCTE AS (
SELECT
visit_date,
COALESCE(num_visits, 0) as num_visits,
COALESCE(num_transactions, 0) as num_transactions
FROM (
SELECT
visit_date,
user_id,
COUNT(*) as num_visits
FROM
YourVisitsTable -- Replace YourVisitsTable with the actual visits table name
GROUP BY
visit_date, user_id
) AS a
LEFT JOIN (
SELECT
transaction_date,
user_id,
COUNT(*) as num_transactions
FROM
GROUP BY
transaction_date, user_id
) AS b ON a.visit_date = b.transaction_date and a.user_id = b.user_id
), RecursiveCounter AS (
SELECT

```

```

MAX(num_transactions) as trans
FROM
RecursiveCTE
UNION ALL
SELECT
trans - 1
FROM
RecursiveCounter
WHERE
trans >= 1
)
SELECT
trans as transactions_count,
COALESCE(visits_count, 0) as visits_count
FROM
RecursiveCounter
LEFT JOIN (
SELECT
num_transactions as transactions_count,
COALESCE(COUNT(*), 0) as visits_count
FROM
RecursiveCTE
GROUP BY
num_transactions
) AS a ON a.transactions_count = RecursiveCounter.trans
ORDER BY
1;

```

Q5.

```

WITH SuccessCTE AS (
SELECT
MIN(successful_date) AS start_date,
MAX(successful_date) AS end_date,
success_state AS state
FROM (
SELECT
successful_date,
DATEADD(DAY, -ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY successful_date),
successful_date) AS date_difference,
1 AS success_state
FROM
WHERE
successful_date BETWEEN '2019-01-01' AND '2019-12-31'
) AS a
GROUP BY
date_difference
), FailureCTE AS (
SELECT
MIN(failure_date) AS start_date,
MAX(failure_date) AS end_date,
failure_state AS state

```

```

FROM (
SELECT
failure_date,
DATEADD(DAY, -ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY failure_date), failure_date) AS
date_difference,
0 AS failure_state
FROM
WHERE
failure_date BETWEEN '2019-01-01' AND '2019-12-31'
) AS b
GROUP BY
date_difference
)
SELECT
start_date,
end_date,
CASE
WHEN c.state = 1 THEN 'succeeded'
ELSE 'failed'
END AS period_state
FROM (
SELECT * FROM SuccessCTE
UNION ALL
SELECT * FROM FailureCTE
) AS c
ORDER BY
start_date;

```

Q6.

```

WITH t1 AS(
SELECT DISTINCT item_category,
CASE WHEN WEEKDAY(order_date) = 0 THEN SUM(quantity) OVER main_window
ELSE 0 END AS Monday,
CASE WHEN WEEKDAY(order_date) = 1 THEN SUM(quantity) OVER main_window
ELSE 0 END AS Tuesday,
CASE WHEN WEEKDAY(order_date) = 2 THEN SUM(quantity) OVER main_window
ELSE 0 END AS Wednesday,
CASE WHEN WEEKDAY(order_date) = 3 THEN SUM(quantity) OVER main_window
ELSE 0 END AS Thursday,
CASE WHEN WEEKDAY(order_date) = 4 THEN SUM(quantity) OVER main_window
ELSE 0 END AS Friday,
CASE WHEN WEEKDAY(order_date) = 5 THEN SUM(quantity) OVER main_window
ELSE 0 END AS Saturday,
CASE WHEN WEEKDAY(order_date) = 6 THEN SUM(quantity) OVER main_window
ELSE 0 END AS Sunday
FROM orders o
RIGHT JOIN items
USING (item_id)
WINDOW main_window AS (PARTITION BY item_category, WEEKDAY(order_date))

```

```
)  
SELECT item_category AS category,  
SUM(Monday) AS Monday,  
SUM(Tuesday) AS Tuesday,  
SUM(Wednesday) AS Wednesday,  
SUM(Thursday) AS Thursday,  
SUM(Friday) AS Friday,  
SUM(Saturday) AS Saturday,  
SUM(Sunday) AS Sunday  
FROM t1  
GROUP BY item_category;
```

Q7.

```
SELECT a.department,  
a.employee, a.salary  
FROM (  
SELECT d.name as department,  
e.name as employee,  
salary,  
RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY d.name ORDER BY salary DESC) AS rk  
FROM employee e JOIN department d  
ON e.department_id = d.id  
) AS a  
WHERE a.rk < 4;
```