Lead Scoring Case Study

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Problem Statement:

- An education company named X Education sells online courses to industry professionals. On any given day, many professionals who are interested in the courses land on their website and browse for courses.
- X Education gets a lot of leads through various resources however its lead conversion rate is very poor which is about 30% only

Goal:

- The CEO of the company gave the target lead conversation reaches to around 80%
- Hence, we need to identify leads which has higher chances to get converted and need to create the finest predictive logistic regression model for the same

Steps Followed – Before Analysis

- 1. Imported important libraries and Dataset
- 2. Read and understood the data Through shape, describe, info

Clean and prepare the data with

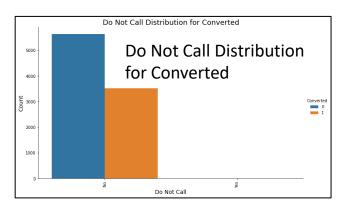
- 1. Treatment on Null values
- 2. Dropped columns with missing values more than 45%
- 3. Imputed missing values with appropriate methods for Categorical Columns
- 4. Treated outliers with Median after Box plot analysis for Numerical variables

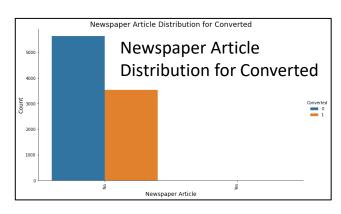
Steps followed - Analysis

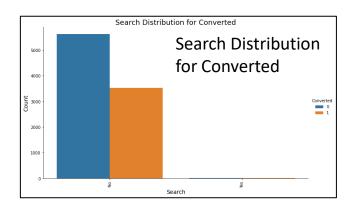
- 1. Performed EDA to fetch a greater understanding of Categorical and Numerical variables
- 2. Then started with Model Building where first created Dummy variables for categorical variables
- 3. Data split for Test and Train model
- 4. Used RFE to reduce the variables to 15 and started working on those selected variable to build model

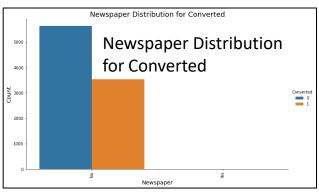
Model Building

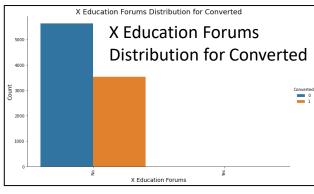
- 1. For Model building we used 'sklearn' and 'statsmodels' both modules
- 2. We divided data in 70% training set and 30% in test set
- 3. Created dummy variables for all categorical columns
- 4. We used MinMax Scaler for scaling of numerical columns
- 5. We started with automatic feature selection RFE with 15 features
- 6. And with those selected features we started building model with statsmodel
- 7. And based on p-value and VIFs checks we finalized one model which had 11 features with all having less than 0.05 p-value and VIFs less than 5
- 8. After this we evaluated model with both Accuracy, Sensitivity & Specificity which was ~91% on both training and test sets
- 9. With this trade-method optimum cut-off arrived is 0.3
- 10. In Precision-Recall trade-off also we achieved very good values of Precision, Recall and F1-Score and all values are ~90%, and optimum cut-off arrive 0.4.
- 11. ROC Curve value also we got 0.97 which indicates excellent predictive value.

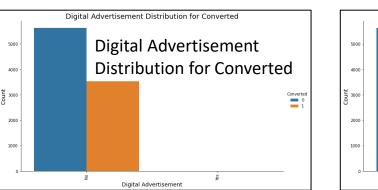


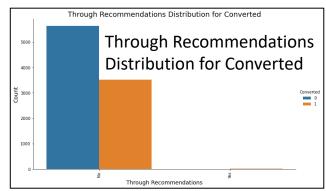




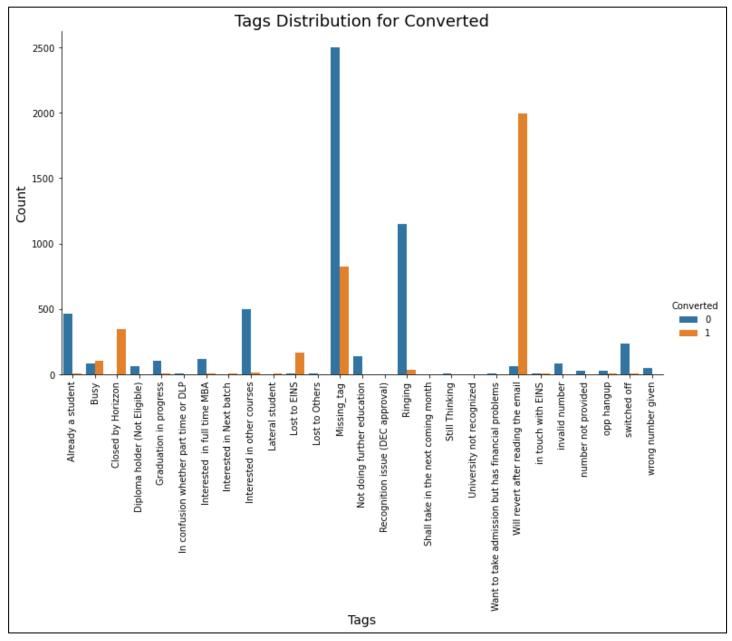




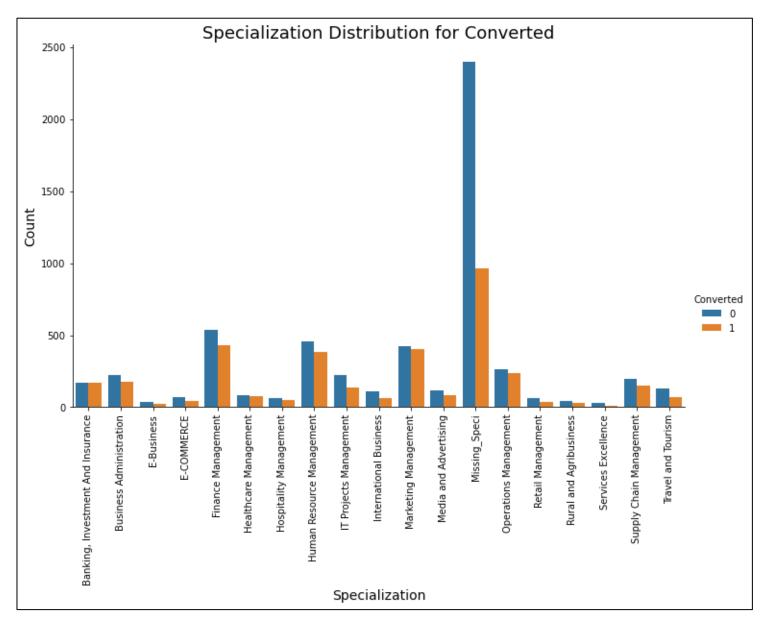




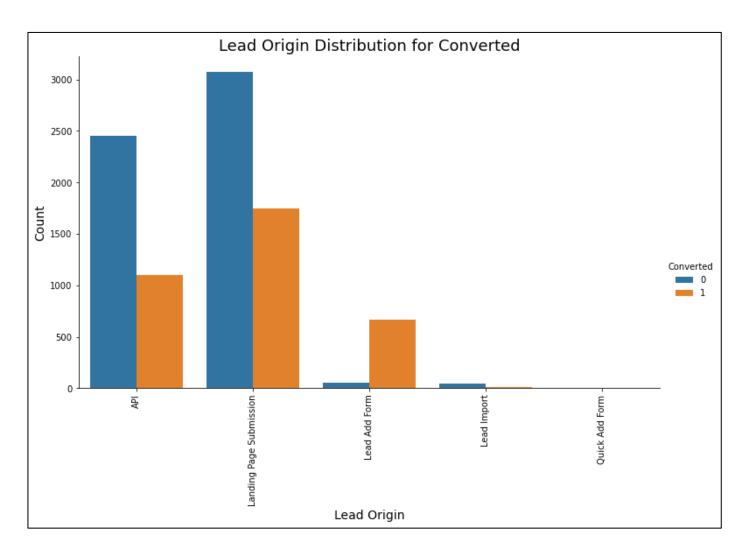
- From these plots, we can see that below columns have only 1 category which is contributing maximum values of columns.
- 'Do Not Call', 'Newspaper Article', 'X
 Education Forums', 'Newspaper',
 'Digital Advertisement', 'Through
 Recommendations', 'Search'
- Hence, dropped all these columns as it won't be useful for analysis



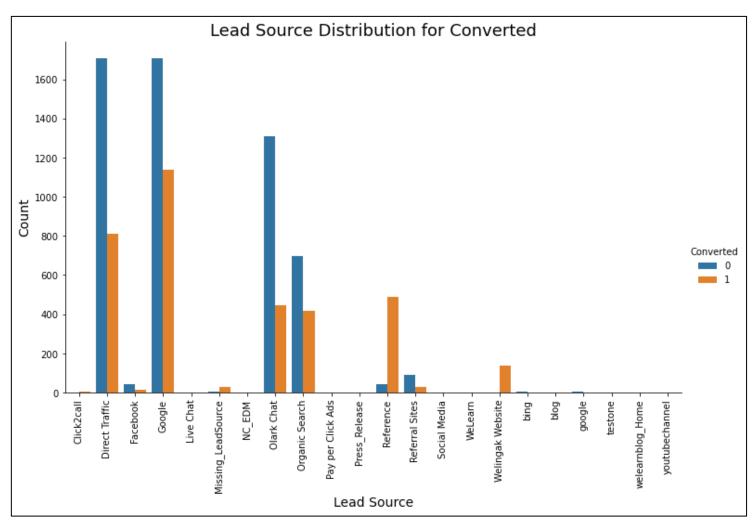
- Will Revert After Reading Email & Closed by Horizzon have more conversion numbers.
- And Ringing, Interested in other course have very few conversions.



- We can see that There are enough numbers available for all categories.
- We can see that all categories have significant conversions present.

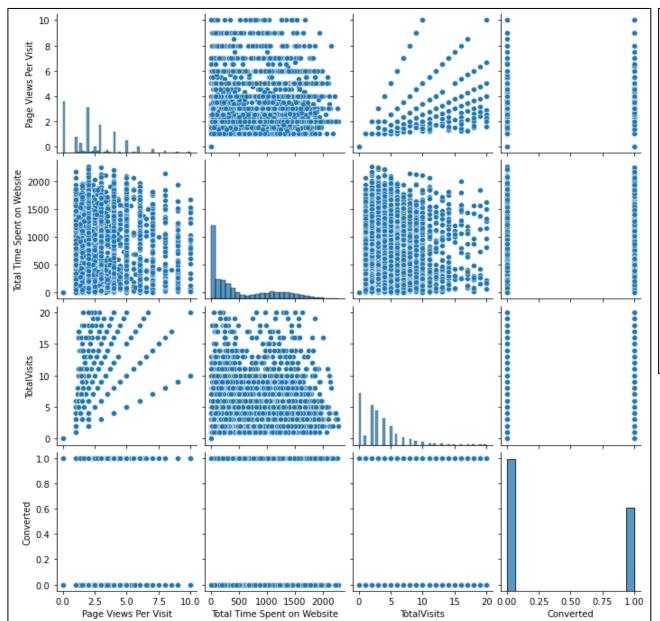


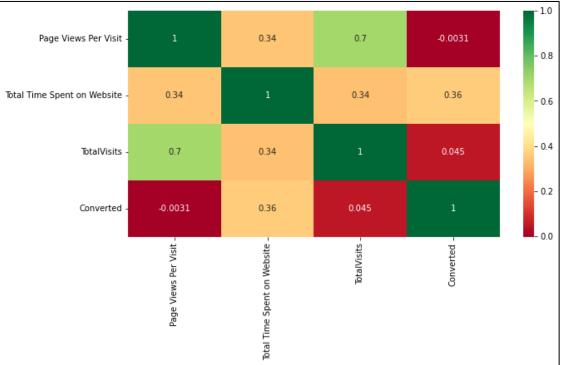
- Lead Origin from API and Landing page submission has high number of not conversion than conversion.
- Overall, they both have higher conversion leads from other Lead Origin categories.



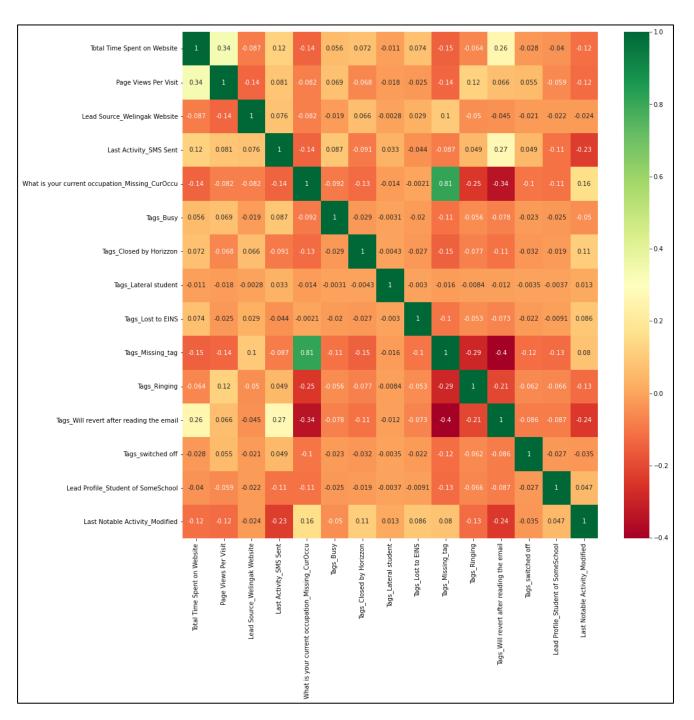
- There are good number of conversion for Google, Reference, Direct Traffic, Olark Chat & Organic Search.
- We can see that There are enough numbers available for all categories.

EDA – Numerical Variables





 From pair plots and Heat Map we don't see any correlations between these Numerical Variables.



Correlation between selected feature by RFE

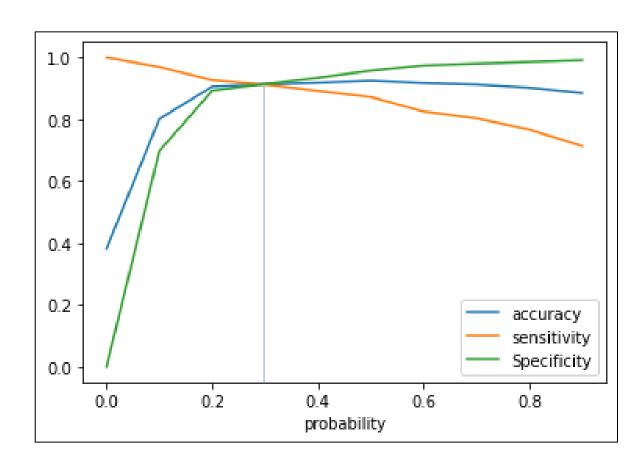
- We see that most of the features selected by RFE has not much Multicollinearity.
- There is significant correlation between 'What is your current occupation_Missing_CurOccu' & 'Tags_Missing_tag'. We took care of this while checking VIFs.

Finalized Model

	eneralized Linear Mod		Results				
Dep. Variable:	Converted			64	104		
Model:	GLM	Df Residuals:		63	392		
Model Family:	Binomial	Df Model:			11		
Link Function:	Logit	Scale:		1.00	800		
Method:	IRLS	Log-Likelihoo	d:	-1351	1.3		
Date:	Tue, 13 Sep 2022	Deviance:		2702	2.6		
Time:	01:53:07	Pearson chi2:		9.78e+	HØ3		
No. Iterations:	8	Pseudo R-squ. (CS):		0.59	967		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust	CONTRACTOR					
		coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const		-2.0112	0.101	-19.914	0.000	-2.209	-1.813
Total Time Spent o	n Website	3.7297	0.216	17.279	0.000	3.307	4.153
Page Views Per Vis		-2.1038	0.305	-6.895	0.000	-2.702	-1.506
Lead Source Weling	5.9704	1.028	5.809	0.000	3.956	7.985	
Last Activity SMS		2.1972	0.111	19.862	0.000	1.980	2.414
Tags Closed by Horizzon		7.6933	0.727	10.581	0.000	6.268	9.118
Tags Lost to EINS		6.7786	0.737	9.197	0.000	5.334	8.223
Tags_Ringing		-2.9134	0.220	-13.258	0.000	-3.344	-2.483
Tags Will revert after reading the email		il 4.9165	0.174	28.229	0.000	4.575	5.258
Tags switched off		-3.7638	0.610	-6.175	0.000	-4.958	-2.569
Lead Profile_Stude	-3.2757	0.786	-4.169	0.000	-4.816	-1.736	
Last Notable Activity Modified		-1.8459	0.122	-15.174	0.000	-2.084	-1.607
	25000 (65000)	atures VIF					
1	Page Views Per						
	otal Time Spent on We						
	rt after reading the						
3	Last Activity_SMS						
	Notable Activity_Mod						
6	inging 1.21						
Tags_Closed by Horiza							
5		o EINS 1.05					
8	Tags_switched o						
	ad Source_Welingak We						
9 Lead Pro	file_Student of Some	School 1.03					

- We can see that p-value for all features are less than 0.05. And VIFs for all selected feature also below 5.
- Model Stats like likelihood is also good hence we can make this model as final.

Optimal and Final Cut off – Train Dataset

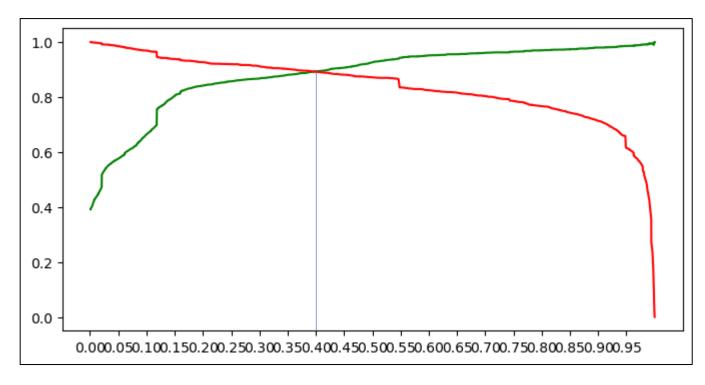


- We see from the plot that, optimal cut off at 0.3 where we have optimum value of all Accuracy, Sensitivity & Specificity.
- So, we have selected 0.3 as optimal and Final cut off.
- Confusion Matrix:

```
[[3618, 340], [ 215, 2231]]
```

- Accuracy:- 91.33%,
- Sensitivity:- 91.21%
- Specificity:- 91.40%.

Precision and recall trade-off



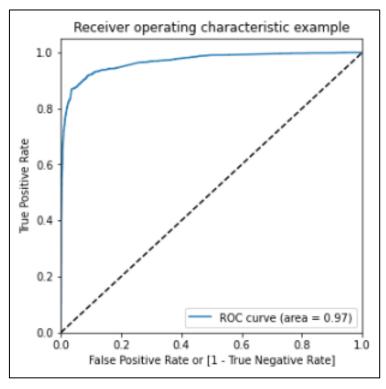
- The plot depicts an optimal cutoff 0.4 based on Precision and recall trade off
- Confusion Matrix:

```
[[3698, 260],
```

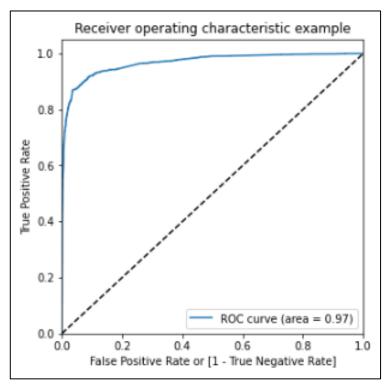
[265, 2181]]

- Precision:- 89.34%
- Recall:- 89.16%
- F1-Score:- 89.25%

ROC with Predicted Values for both train and test data



- ROC Curve should be close to 1.
 And we are getting a value of 0.97, indicating very good predicting value.
- Both the datasets Test and Train have the same ROC as 0.97 which is excellent.



Test Data set

Train Data set

Lead Score Against Lead Number for Original Dataset

Top 5 rows of data frame which is created with Lead Number, Predicted Value and their Lead Score. For this final predicted values and Lead score calculated with 0.3 cut-off which derived from Accuracy, Sensitivity and Specificity method which looks better compare to other cut-off derived from Precision-Recall trade-off.

	Lead Number	Converted	Conversion_Prob	final_predicted	Lead Score
0	632862	1	0.993956	1	99
1	617213	0	0.008416	0	1
2	597233	1	0.476029	1	48
3	645530	1	0.079909	0	8
4	622495	1	0.274457	0	27

The entire dataset with 'Lead Number', Actual 'Converted', Predicted value through model and Lead Score

Summary of Analysis

 After this entire exercise we have made a Final Logistic Regression Model with below statistics. Cut-off calculated with both Trade-off methods

Training Dataset:

With 0.3 Cut-off

Accuracy - 91.33%

Sensitivity - 91.21%

Specificity - 91.40%

With 0.4 cut-off

Precision = 89.34%

Recall = 89.16%

F1-Score = 89.25%

Test Dataset:

With 0.3 Cut-off

Accuracy - 91.36%

Sensitivity - 91.09%

Specificity - 91.54%

With 0.4 cut-off

Precision = 90.51%

Recall = 89.42%

F1-Score = 89.96%

ROC Curve also we are getting 0.97 for both training and test dataset, which is close to 1, which is good predictive value.

This very good values of these metrics suggests that our model will predict all leads in better way.

Most Affecting Features

In Descending order of their Co-efficient:

- Tags_Closed by Horizzon
- Tags_Lost to EINS
- Lead Source_Welingak Website
- Tags_Will revert after reading the email
- Total Time Spent on Website
- Last Activity_sent SMS
- Last Notable Activity_Modified
- Page Views Per Visit
- Tags_Ringing
- Lead Profile_Student of SomeSchool
- Tags_switched off

Features	Coeff	
Tags_Closed by Horizzon	7.69	
Tags_Lost to EINS	6.78	
Lead Source_Welingak Website	5.97	
Tags_Will revert after reading the email	4.92	
Total Time Spent on Website	3.73	
Last Activity_SMS Sent	2.20	
Last Notable Activity_Modified	-1.85	
Page Views Per Visit	-2.10	
Tags_Ringing	-2.91	
Lead Profile_Student of SomeSchool	-3.28	
Tags_switched of	-3.76	

These features are affecting most in conversion of leads, company should focus on top 3-4 above feature more diligently so more conversion leads can be converted and revenue of company can be increased.

Conclusion

- With this Model we can predict Conversion Rate in a better way and X Education company can utilize this and from Lead Score they can identify potential buyers and can arrange call back and convince them to buy their course.
- This way X Education company can improve their Lead Conversion Rate and can achieve provided target of 80% Conversion Rate through this model.

Thank You