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# NCRN Bird Monitoring - Project with Mock Data
# Created for college project using pandas, numpy, seaborn, matplotlib

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Step 1: Generate Mock Dataset
np.random.seed(42) # For consistent output

parks = ['Rock Creek', 'Shenandoah', 'Prince William', 'Catoctin', 'Harpers Ferry']
years = np.random.choice(range(2007, 2018), size=1000)
species_codes = np.random.choice(['SP1', 'SP2', 'SP3', 'SP4', 'SP5', 'SP6', 'SP7', 'SP8',
'SP9', 'SP10'], size=1000)
points = np.random.randint(1, 100, size=1000)
conf_score = np.random.uniform(0.6, 1.0, size=1000)
parks_random = np.random.choice(parks, size=1000)

df = pd.DataFrame({
    'Year': years,
    'SpeciesCode': species_codes,
    'Point': points,
    'Park': parks_random,
    'ConfidenceScore': conf_score
})

# Step 2: Preview the Dataset
print(" Preview:\n", df.head())
print("\n Shape:", df.shape)
print("\n 🦜 Unique Species:", df['SpeciesCode'].nunique())

# Step 3: Top Species by Observation
top_species = df['SpeciesCode'].value_counts().head(10)
print("\n Top 10 Species:\n", top_species)

# Step 4: Observations by Year (Countplot)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Year', hue='Year', palette='crest', legend=False)
plt.title("Bird Observations per Year")
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Observations")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 5: Top Species Bar Chart (Barplot)

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plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.barplot(x=top_species.index, y=top_species.values, hue=top_species.index,
palette='flare', legend=False)
plt.title("Top 10 Bird Species")
plt.xlabel("Species Code")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 6: Observations by Park (Countplot)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, y='Park', hue='Park', order=df['Park'].value_counts().index,
palette='coolwarm', legend=False)
plt.title("Observations by Park")
plt.xlabel("Count")
plt.ylabel("Park")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 7: Heatmap (Park vs Year)
pivot = df.pivot_table(index='Park', columns='Year', values='Point', aggfunc='count')
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.heatmap(pivot, annot=True, fmt='.0f', cmap='YlGnBu')
plt.title("Heatmap of Observations by Park & Year")
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Park")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 8: Confidence Score Distribution (Histogram)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
sns.histplot(df['ConfidenceScore'], kde=True, color='green', bins=20)
plt.title("Confidence Score Distribution (Generated with NumPy)")
plt.xlabel("Confidence Score")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 9: Circle Plot - Scatter Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x='Year', y='Point', data=df, hue='SpeciesCode', size='ConfidenceScore',
sizes=(20, 200), palette='tab20', legend=False)
plt.title("Scatter Plot (Circle Plot)")
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Point")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

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# Step 10: Circle Plot - Polar Plot (Radar Chart Example)
# Prepare data for polar plot (Example: Observations per Year)
year_counts = df['Year'].value_counts().sort_index()
angles = np.linspace(0, 2 * np.pi, len(year_counts), endpoint=False).tolist()
values = year_counts.values.tolist()

# Polar plot
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
ax = plt.subplot(111, polar=True)
ax.fill(angles, values, color='orange', alpha=0.25)
ax.plot(angles, values, color='orange', linewidth=2)
ax.set_yticklabels([])
ax.set_xticks(angles)
ax.set_xticklabels(year_counts.index, fontsize=12)
plt.title("Polar Plot (Radar Chart) - Bird Observations by Year")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 11: Boxplot for Confidence Score by Year
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Year', y='ConfidenceScore', hue='Year', palette='coolwarm',
legend=False) # Fix: added hue
plt.title("Boxplot: Confidence Score by Year")
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Confidence Score")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 12: Pairplot for ConfidenceScore, Point, and Year
sns.pairplot(df[['ConfidenceScore', 'Point', 'Year']], hue='Year', palette='viridis')
plt.suptitle("Pairplot: Relationships Between Confidence Score, Point, and Year",
y=1.02)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 13: Distribution of Points - KDE (Kernel Density Estimate)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.kdeplot(df['Point'], fill=True, color='purple', alpha=0.5) # Fix: changed shade to fill
plt.title("Density Plot: Point Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Point")
plt.ylabel("Density")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 14: Correlation Heatmap (Confidence Score & Point)
correlation_matrix = df[['ConfidenceScore', 'Point']].corr()

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plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt='.2f', vmin=-1,
vmax=1)
plt.title("Correlation Heatmap: ConfidenceScore & Point")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 15: Pie Chart for Species Distribution
species_count = df['SpeciesCode'].value_counts()
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
species_count.plot.pie(autopct='%.1f%%', colors=sns.color_palette("Set3",
len(species_count)), startangle=90, legend=False)
plt.title("Pie Chart: Distribution of Bird Species")
plt.ylabel("") # Remove ylabel for aesthetic purposes
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 16: Top 5 Parks with Most Observations (Bar Plot)
top_parks = df['Park'].value_counts().head(5)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x=top_parks.index, y=top_parks.values, hue=top_parks.index,
palette='coolwarm', legend=False) # Fix: added hue
plt.title("Top 5 Parks with Most Observations")
plt.xlabel("Park")
plt.ylabel("Number of Observations")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 17: Bird Observations Over Time (Time Series Plot)
observations_by_year = df.groupby('Year').size()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
observations_by_year.plot(kind='line', marker='o', color='darkorange')
plt.title("Bird Observations Over Time")
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Number of Observations")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Step 18: Distribution of Observations by Park (Violin Plot)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.violinplot(data=df, x='Park', y='Point', hue='Park', palette='muted', legend=False) #
Fix: added hue
plt.title("Distribution of Observations by Park")
plt.xlabel("Park")
plt.ylabel("Number of Observations")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()

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plt.show()

# Step 19: Top Species by Park (Stacked Bar Plot)
top_species_by_park = df.groupby(['Park', 'SpeciesCode']).size().unstack().fillna(0)
top_species_by_park = top_species_by_park.T # Transpose to make species columns

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
top_species_by_park.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, colormap='Set3', figsize=(12, 6))
plt.title("Top Species by Park (Stacked Bar Plot)")
plt.xlabel("Species Code")
plt.ylabel("Observations")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Final Message
print("\n Mock Data Project Completed Successfully!")

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Preview:

	Year	SpeciesCode	Point	Park	ConfidenceScore
0	2013	SP7	39	Shenandoah	0.903699
1	2010	SP8	13	Rock Creek	0.961443
2	2017	SP3	31	Harpers Ferry	0.693105
3	2014	SP6	71	Harpers Ferry	0.922958
4	2011	SP1	63	Shenandoah	0.623638

Shape: (1000, 5)

.Unique Species: 10

Top 10 Species:

SpeciesCode	Count
SP2	111
SP1	107
SP8	103
SP5	100
SP9	99

SP7 98

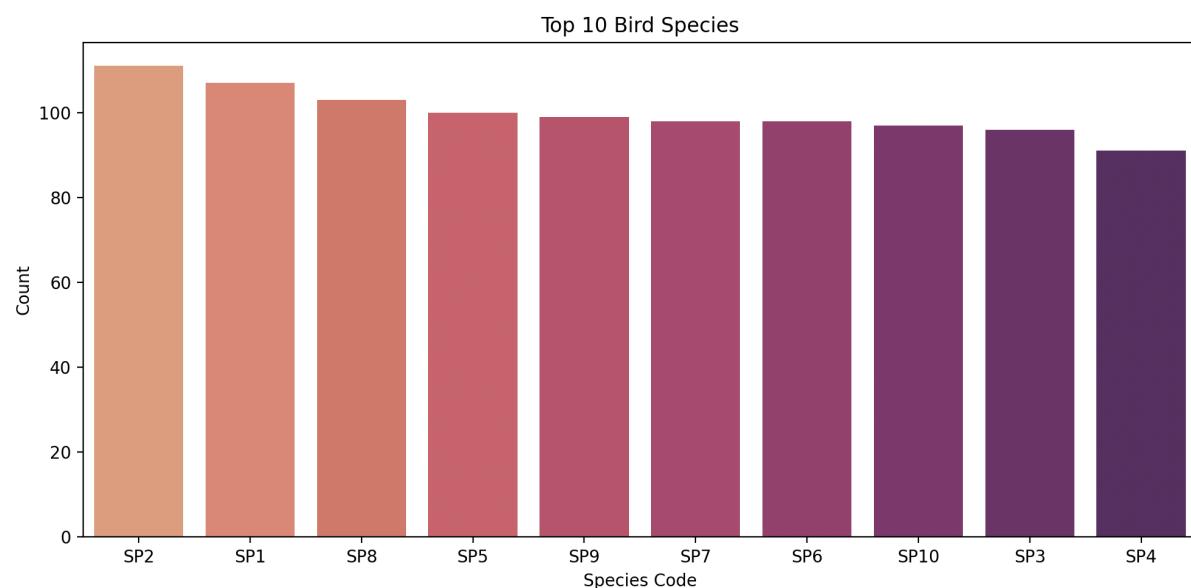
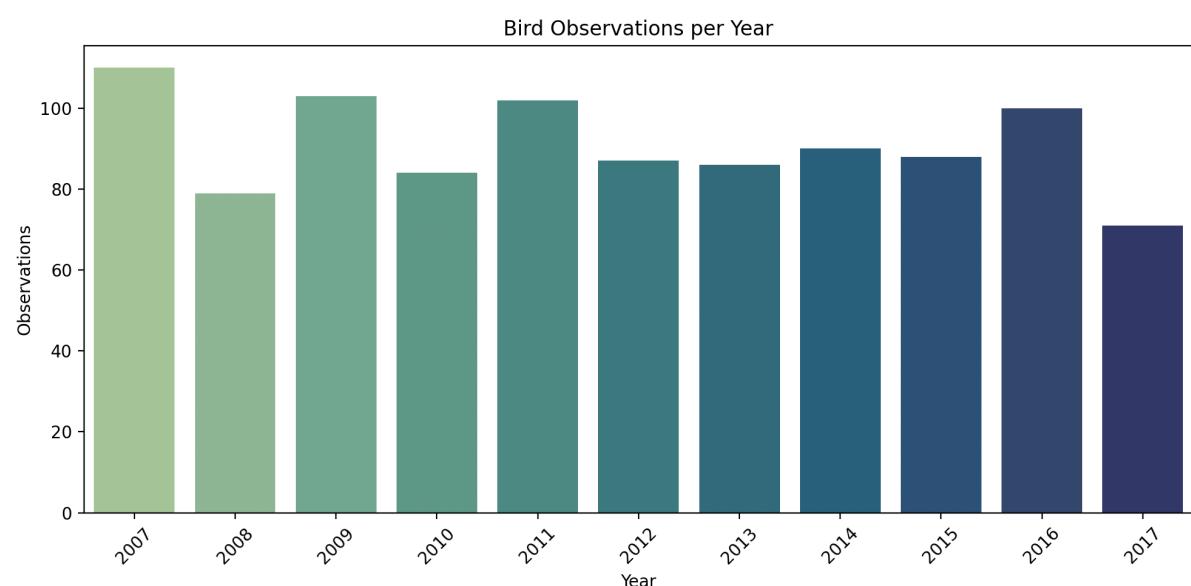
SP6 98

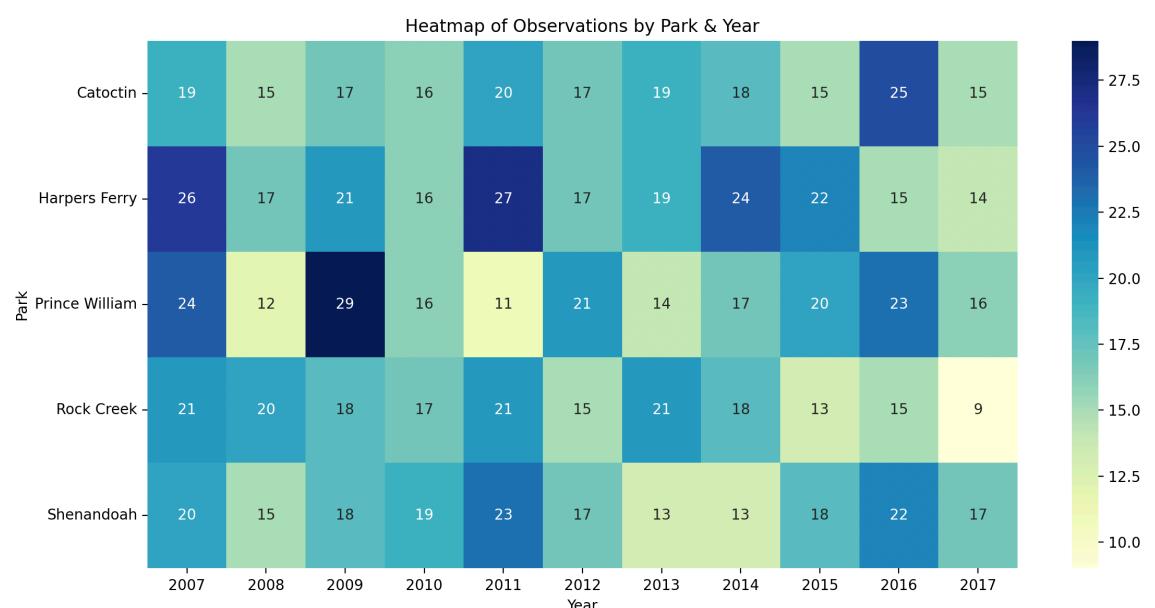
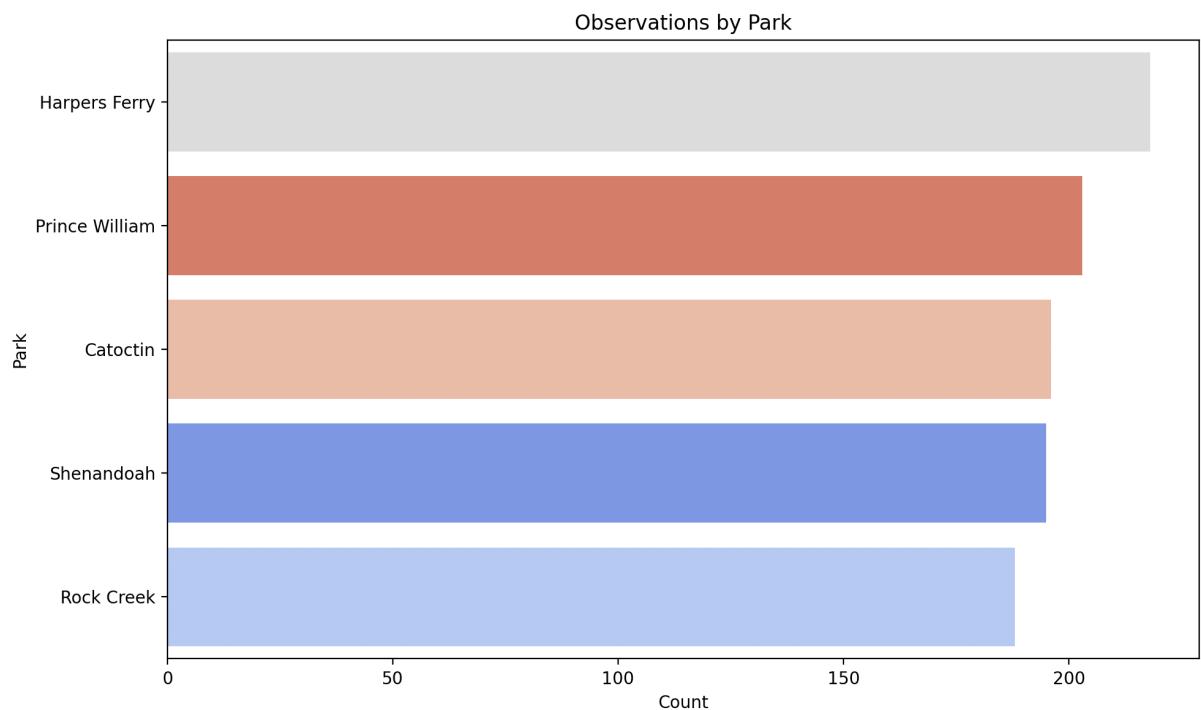
SP10 97

SP3 96

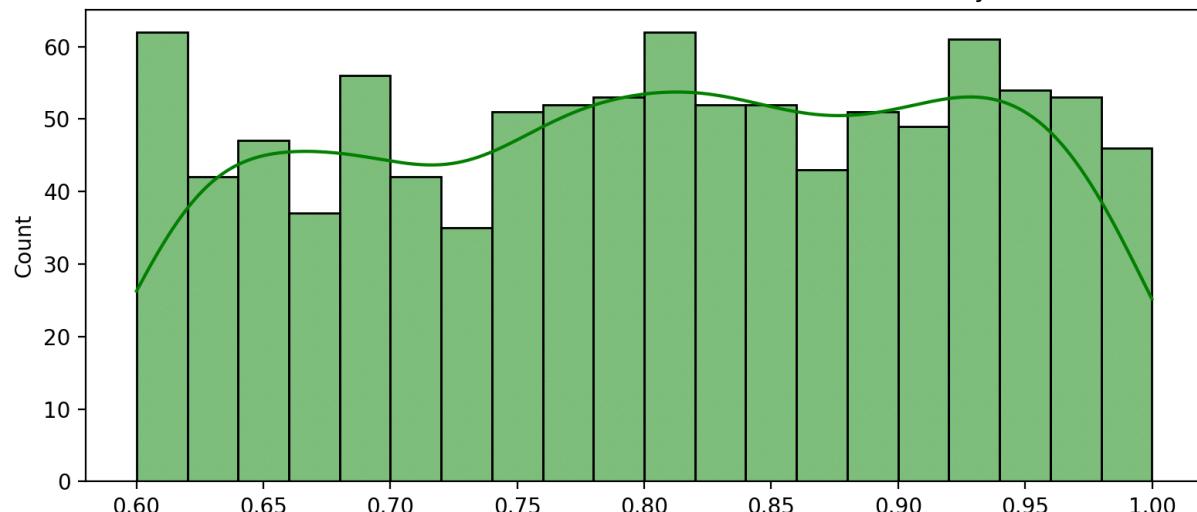
SP4 91

Name: count, dtype: int64



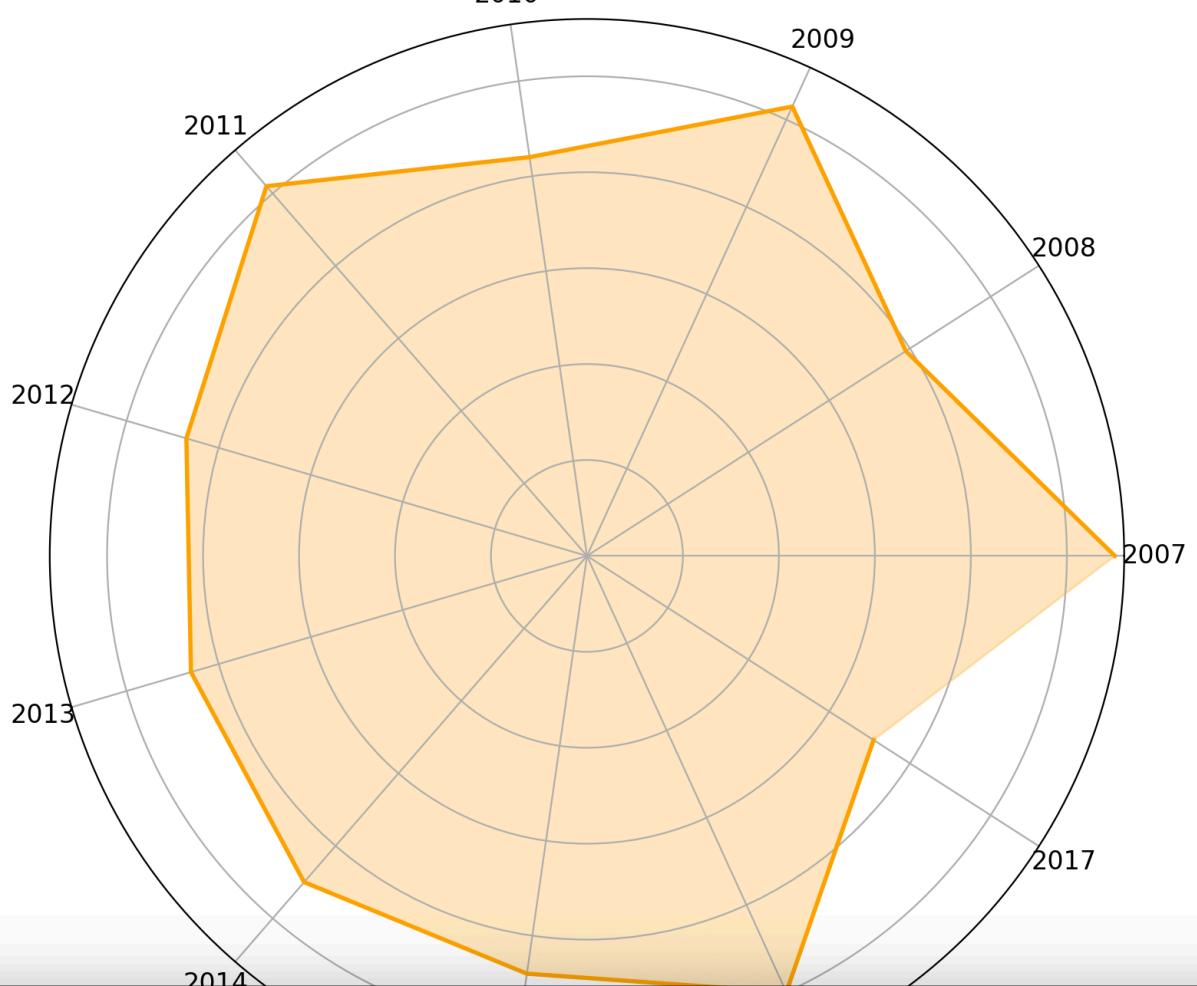


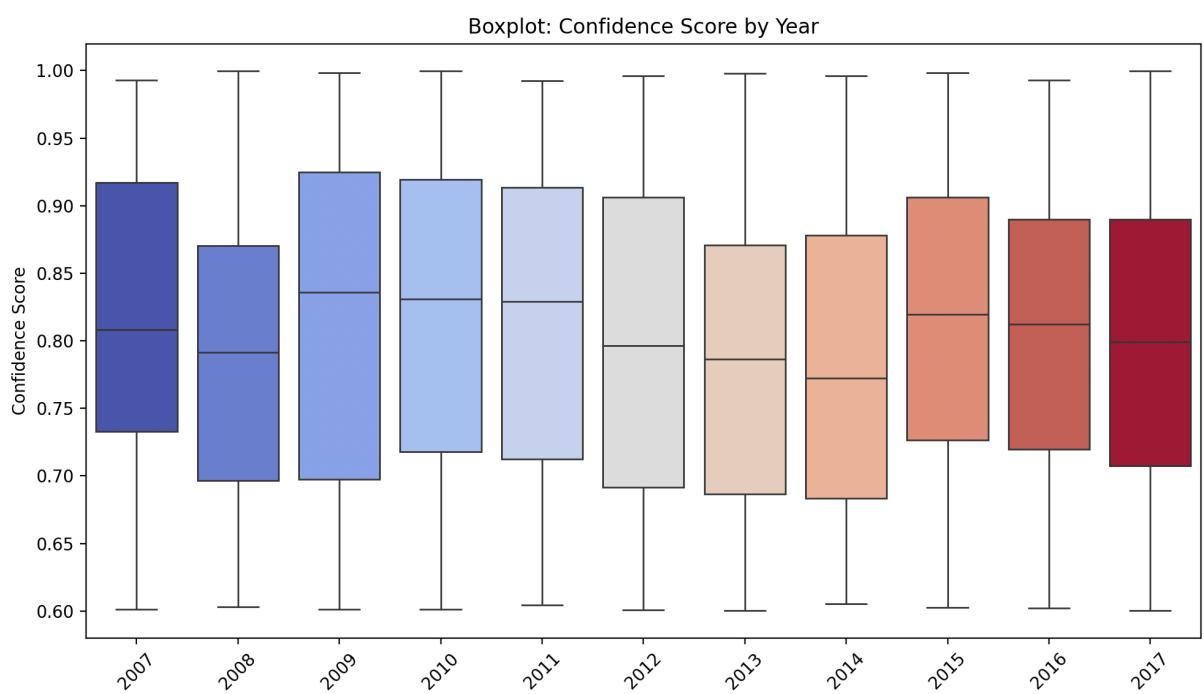
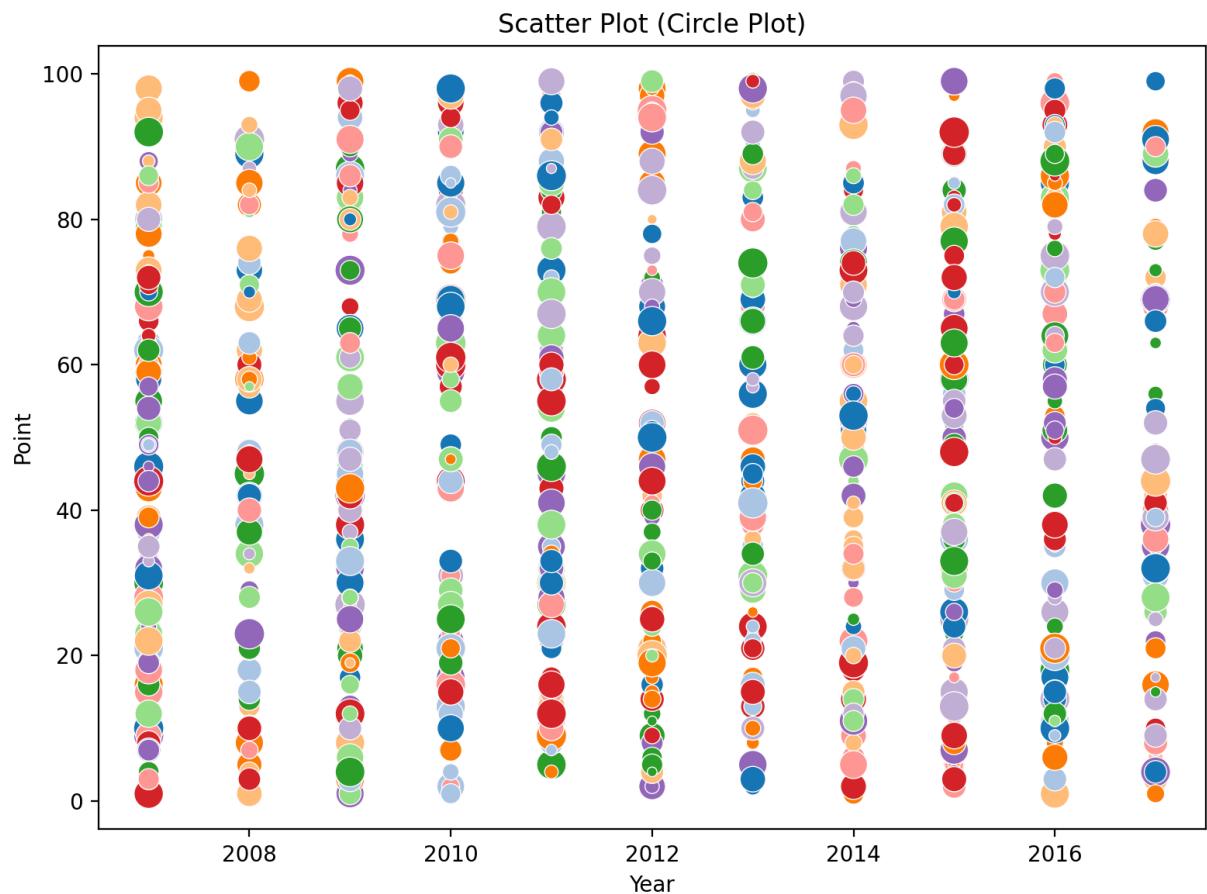
Confidence Score Distribution (Generated with NumPy)

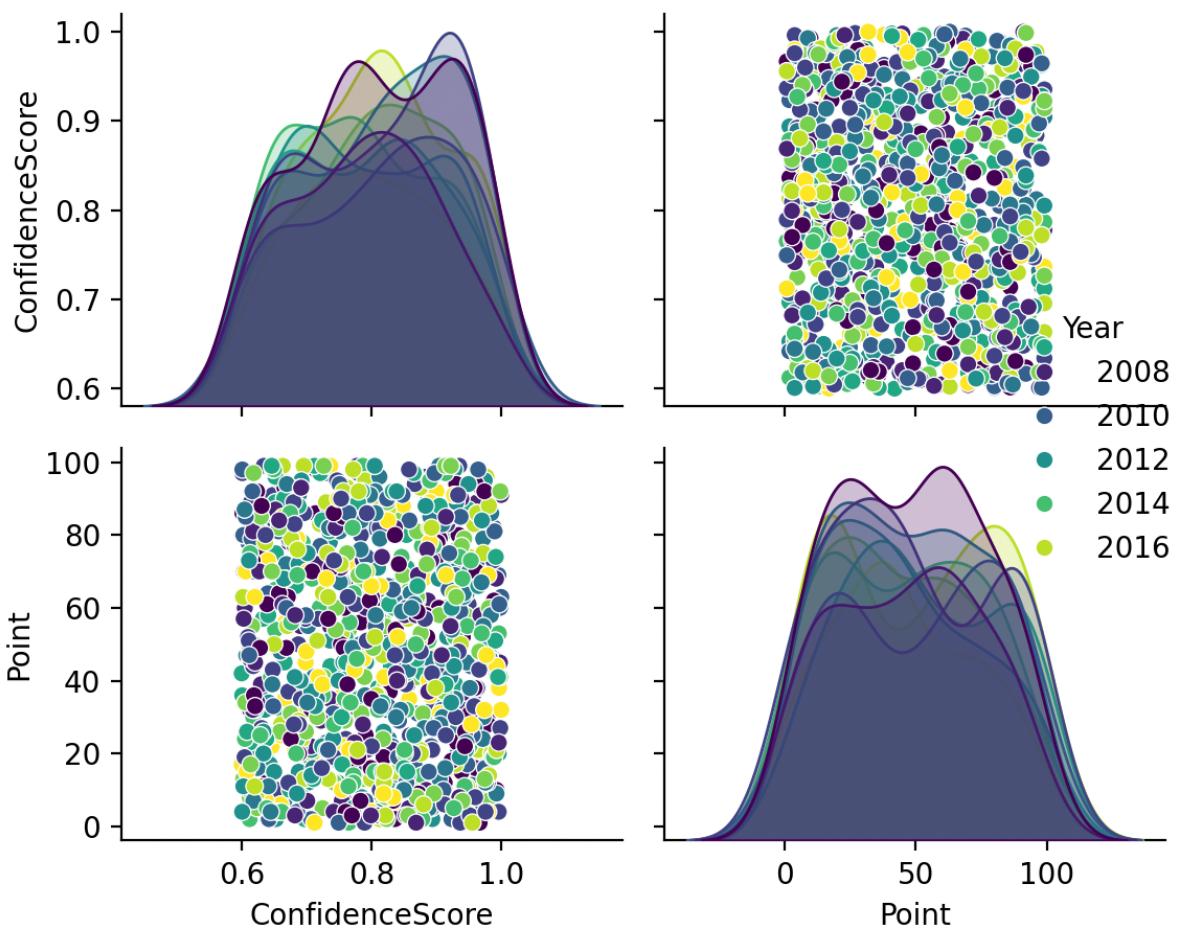


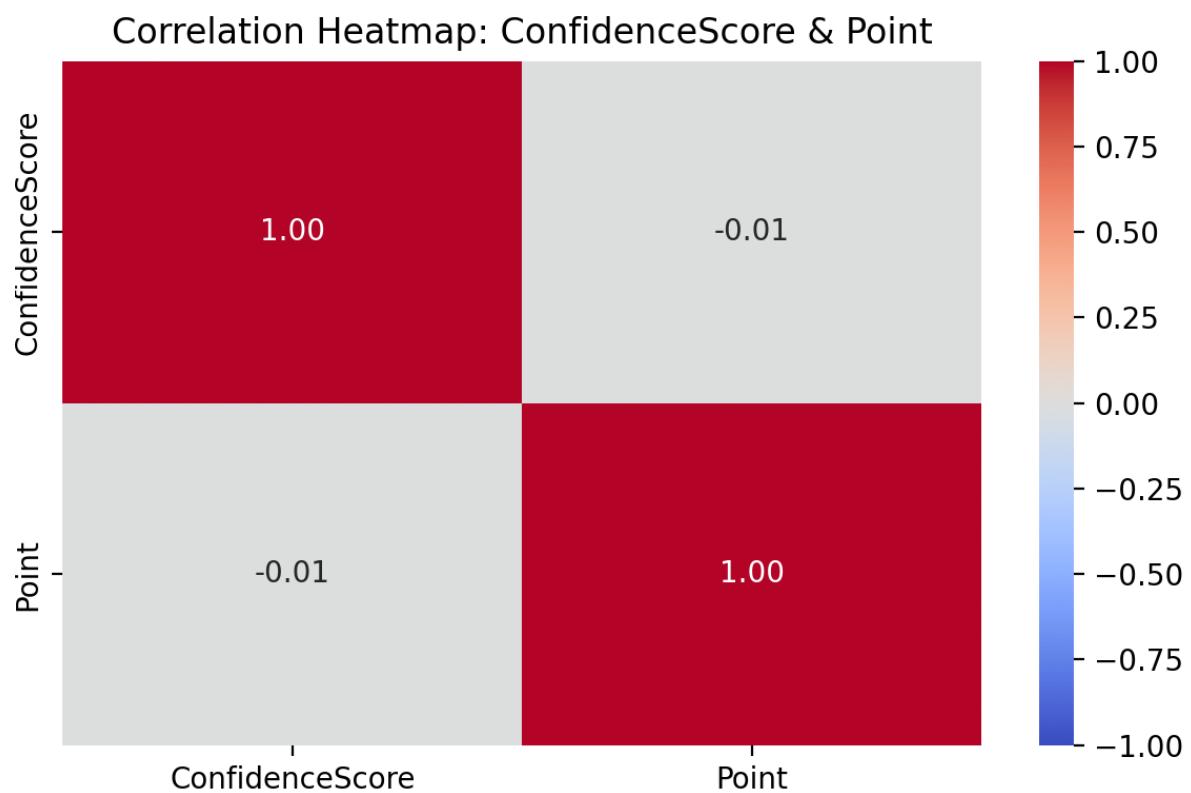
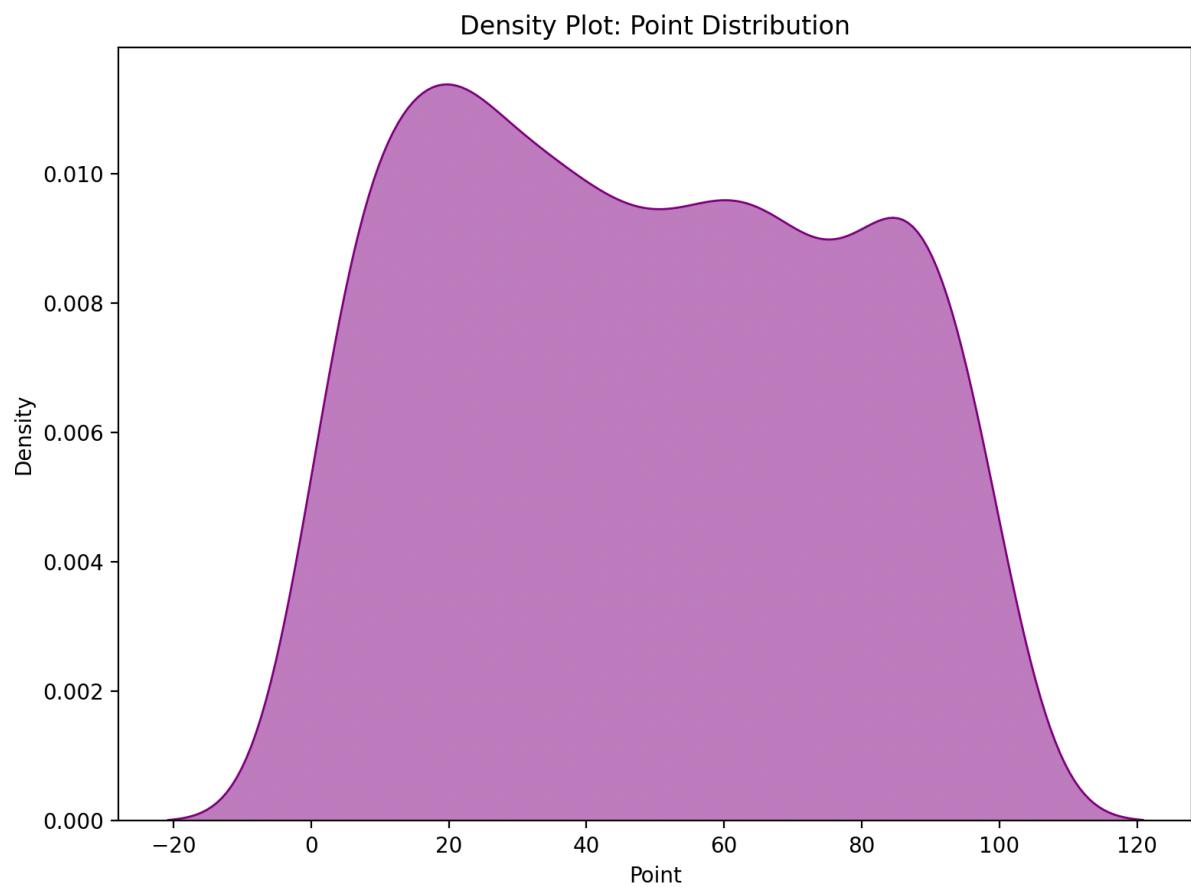
Polar Plot (Radar Chart) - Bird Observations by Year

2010









Pie Chart: Distribution of Bird Species

