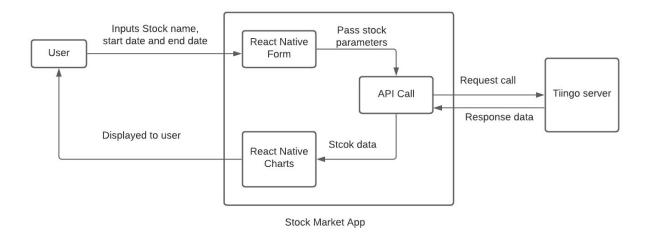
Stock Market Modelling App REPORT

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Problem Statement: To build a React Native mobile app with Django backend which models stock data price.

High Level Diagram:



This project is based on Stock Market modelling. It is a mobile application developed using React Native which is a popular choice for cross platform development. The app currently fetches stocks data from an API and uses the fetched data to display a

histogram of stock prices. The tools and technologies used in making the app were explained in the project 1 report.

In project 2, we have added a Django backend. We have fitted ARMA and GARCH models to the data fetched from the API. We have selected the model with least AIC value. Here, AIC stands for the Akaike information criterion. It is an estimator of out-of-sample prediction error and thereby relative quality of statistical models for a given set of data. We have displayed the plots for the predictions made by the models.

ARMA model (Autoregressive moving average model): ARMA(p, q) indicates that there are p autoregressive terms and q moving-average terms in the model. The AR part involves regressing the variable on its own lagged (i.e., past) values. The MA part involves modeling the error term as a linear combination of error terms occurring contemporaneously and at various times in the past. The equation is as follows:

$$X_t = c + \epsilon_t + \sum_{i=1}^p \phi_i X_{t-i} + \sum_{i=1}^q \theta_i \epsilon_{t-i}$$

where c is a constant, ϕ_i and θ_i are the parameters of the model and the random variable ϵ_t is white noise.

These models assume that the log-returns of the stock price is stationary. Therefore the parameters obtained while fitting the model should satisfy the stationary conditions.

The fitted model on a sample input stock ticker and the predictions made by the model are shown below.

GARCH model (Generalised Autoregressive Conditional Heteroskedasticity): GARCH is used extensively within the financial industry as many asset prices are conditional heteroskedastic. Just like ARCH(p) is AR(p) applied to the variance of a time series, GARCH(p, q) is an ARMA(p,q) model applied to the variance of a time series. The AR(p) models the variance of the residuals (squared errors) or simply our time series squared. The MA(q) portion models the variance of the process.

$$\sigma_t^2 = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m \alpha_i a_{t-i}^2 + \sum_{i=1}^s \beta_i \sigma_{t-j}^2$$

Generalised Autoregressive Conditional Heteroskedastic Model of Order p, q

A time series $\{\epsilon_t\}$ is given at each instance by:

$$\epsilon_t = \sigma_t w_t$$

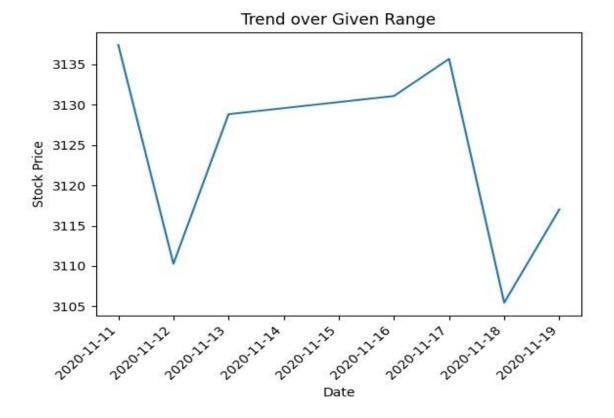
Where $\{w_t\}$ is discrete white noise, with zero mean and unit variance, and σ_t^2 is given by:

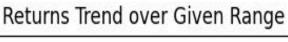
$$\sigma_t^2 = lpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q lpha_i \epsilon_{t-i}^2 + \sum_{j=1}^p eta_j \sigma_{t-j}^2$$

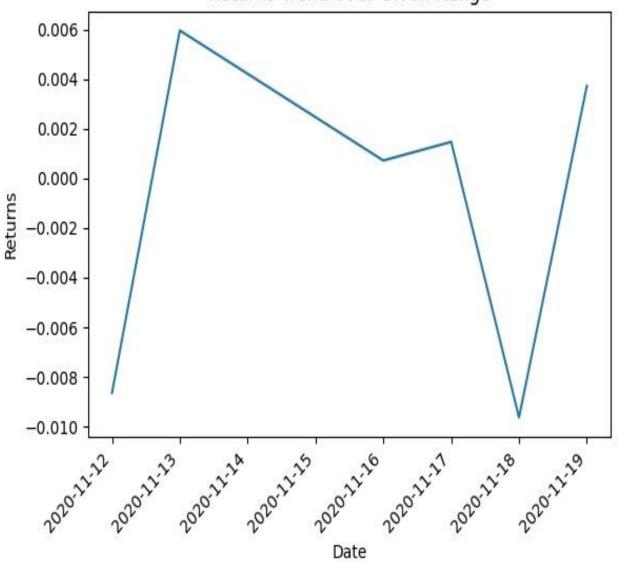
Where α_i and β_j are parameters of the model.

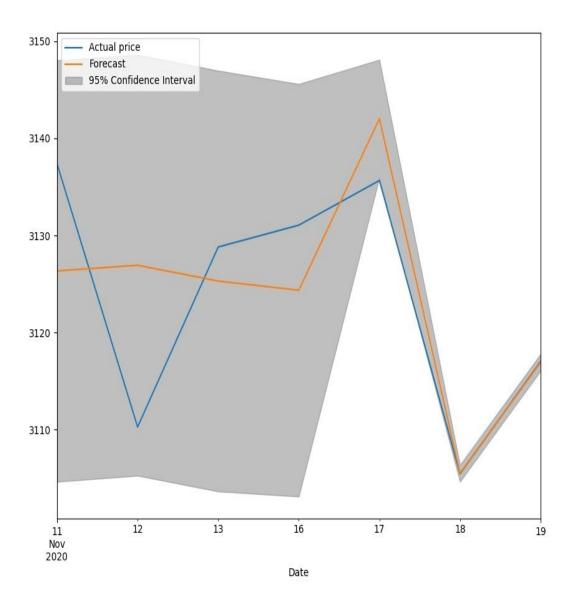
We say that $\{\epsilon_t\}$ is a generalised autoregressive conditional heteroskedastic model of order p,q, denoted by GARCH(p,q).

The fitted model on a sample input stock ticker = "AMZN" from Nov 11,2020 and Nov 19,2020 and the predictions made by the model between the given dates are shown below.



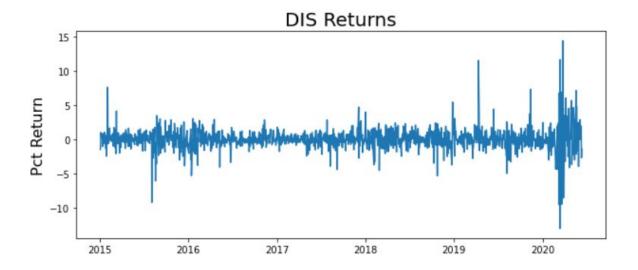


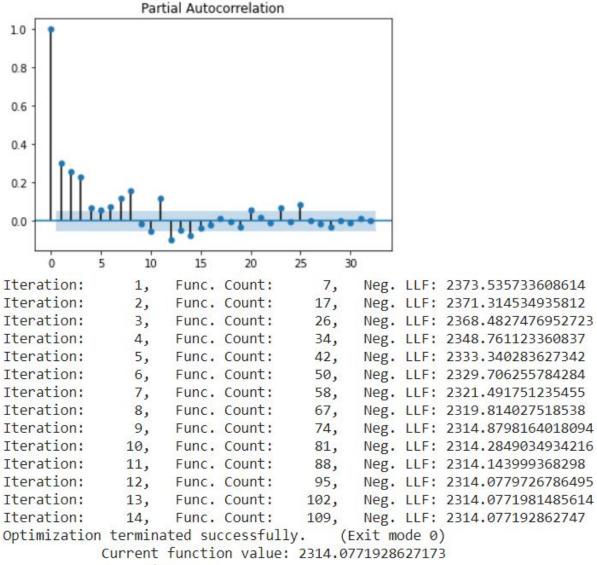




SARIMAX Results

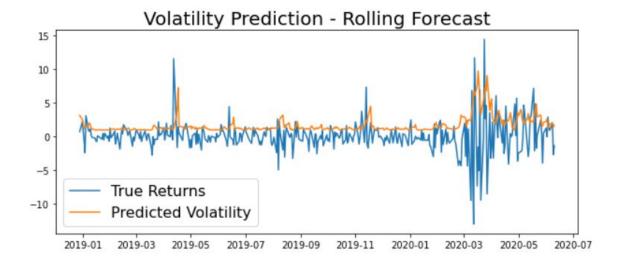
Dep. Varia	 ble:	C	lose No.	Observations	 :	7
		ARIMA(5, 0,	, 0) Log	Likelihood		-19.536
Date:		Thu, 26 Nov 2	2020 AIC			53.072
Time:		17:38	8:51 BIC			52.694
Sample:		11-11-2020		C		48.392
		- 11-19-2	2020			
Covariance	Type:		opg			
		f std err		- All (5)	[0.025	0.975]
		8 11.121			3104.547	3148.140
ar.L1			0.349		-5.489	
ar.L2	-0.244	0 0.329	-0.742	0.458	-0.889	0.400
ar.L3	-0.246	6 0.346	-0.712	0.477	-0.925	0.432
ar.L4	1.196	0 3.463	0.345	0.730	-5.592	7.984
ar.L5	-0.989	7 0.054	-18.328	0.000	-1.096	-0.884
sigma2	0.196	9 12.712	0.015	0.988	-24.718	25.111
 Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):			2.17	Jarque-Bera	(JB):	0.8
Prob(Q):			0.14	Prob(JB):	NT-0509T8-0	0.6
Heteroskedasticity (H):			0.02	Skew:		-0.7
Prob(H) (two-sided):			0.03	Kurtosis:		2.0

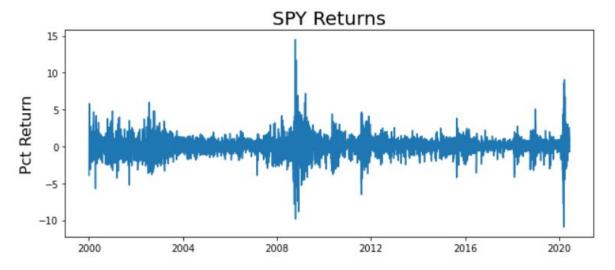




Iterations: 14

Function evaluations: 109 Gradient evaluations: 14





Partial Autocorrelation 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 Iteration: Func. Count: 1, 8, Neg. LLF: 7063.849269096254 Iteration: Func. Count: 21, Neg. LLF: 7059.949362433973 2, Iteration: Func. Count: Neg. LLF: 7059.912631632853 33, 3, Iteration: Func. Count: 43, Neg. LLF: 7059.364150027669 4, Iteration: Func. Count: Neg. LLF: 7054.846718303968 53, 5, Iteration: 6, Func. Count: 62, Neg. LLF: 7054.357146455823 Iteration: Func. Count: 71, Neg. LLF: 7053.885873265253 7, Iteration: Func. Count: 80, Neg. LLF: 7053.660000757351 8, Iteration: Func. Count: Neg. LLF: 7053.649800194631 9, 90, Iteration: Func. Count: 99, Neg. LLF: 7053.570243379768 10, Neg. LLF: 7053.566838787082 Iteration: Func. Count: 11, 107, Iteration: 12, Func. Count: 115, Neg. LLF: 7053.566735130049 Optimization terminated successfully. (Exit mode 0) Current function value: 7053.566735132504 Iterations: 12 Function evaluations: 115 Gradient evaluations: 12 Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Volatility Prediction - Next 7 Days')

