Automated Image Labeling using AWS Rekognition

Step 1: Set Up an Amazon S3 Bucket

1. Log in to AWS Management Console:

o Go to the AWS Management Console.

2. Create an S3 Bucket:

- Navigate to the S3 service.
- Click on "Create bucket".
- o Enter a unique bucket name (e.g., image-labels-bucket).
- o Choose the appropriate region and configure settings as needed.
- Click "Create bucket".

Step 2: Create an IAM Role

1. Navigate to IAM:

Go to the IAM service in the AWS Management Console.

2. Create a Role:

- Click on "Roles" and then "Create role".
- Choose the type of trusted entity as "AWS service" and select "EC2" for the service.
- o Click "Next: Permissions".

3. Attach Policies:

- Attach the following policies:
 - AmazonRekognitionFullAccess
 - AmazonS3FullAccess
- Click "Next: Tags", then "Next: Review".

4. Name the Role:

o Give the role a name (e.g., RekognitionS3Role) and click "Create role".

Step 3: Install AWS CLI

1. Download and Install AWS CLI:

o Install the AWS CLI on your system.

2. Configure AWS CLI:

- Open your terminal or command prompt.
- Run aws configure and provide your AWS Access Key ID, Secret Access Key, region, and output format.

Step 4: Write Python Code

1. Install Required Libraries:

o Ensure you have boto3 and matplotlib installed.

2. Create Python Script:

Create a Python script (e.g., image_labels_generator.py) with the following code:

```
import boto3
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from PIL import Image, ImageDraw
def detect_labels(photo, bucket):
  client = boto3.client('rekognition', region_name='ap-south-1')
 # Detect labels with a maximum of 10 labels
  response = client.detect_labels(Image={'S3Object': {'Bucket': bucket, 'Name': photo}},
MaxLabels=10)
 return response['Labels']
def show_bounding_boxes(photo, bucket, labels):
  s3_client = boto3.client('s3')
  # Download the image from S3
  s3_client.download_file(bucket, photo, 'downloaded_image.jpg')
  image = Image.open('downloaded image.jpg')
  img_width, img_height = image.size
  draw = ImageDraw.Draw(image)
 # Draw bounding boxes for each label with instances
  for label in labels:
```

for instance in label.get('Instances', []): # Use .get() to avoid KeyError if 'Instances' key is missing

```
box = instance['BoundingBox']
      left = img_width * box['Left']
      top = img_height * box['Top']
      width = img_width * box['Width']
      height = img_height * box['Height']
      points = (
         (left, top),
         (left + width, top),
         (left + width, top + height),
         (left, top + height),
         (left, top)
      )
      draw.line(points, fill='#00d400', width=2)
  # Display the image with bounding boxes
  plt.imshow(image)
  plt.axis('off')
  plt.show()
def main():
  bucket = 'image-labels-bucket' # Your S3 bucket name
  photo = 'Dog Image.jpg'
                               # Your image file name
```

```
# Detect labels
 labels = detect_labels(photo, bucket)
 # Filter labels with high confidence
  high confidence labels = [label for label in labels if label['Confidence'] > 80] # Adjust
confidence threshold as needed
 # Print detected labels with high confidence
  print("Detected Labels with High Confidence:")
 for label in high_confidence_labels:
    print(f"Label: {label['Name']}, Confidence: {label['Confidence']}")
 # Show bounding boxes for high confidence labels
 show_bounding_boxes(photo, bucket, high_confidence_labels)
if __name__ == "__main__":
  main()
```

3. Upload Images to S3:

o Upload images to the S3 bucket you created earlier.

Step 5: Run the Python Script

1. Ensure Your IAM Role Has the Correct Permissions:

 Make sure the EC2 instance or the environment where you run this script has the necessary permissions to access Amazon Rekognition and S3.