

The stored procedure `business_kpis()` in the `classicmodels` database is designed to generate business key performance indicators (KPIs) at the country level. The procedure first ensures that any existing table named `business_kpis` is removed by dropping it if it exists. It then creates a new table with the same name, which contains aggregated data from the `customers`, `orders`, and `payments` tables.

The procedure calculates three key metrics for each country: the total number of distinct customers, the total number of distinct orders, and the total payment amount. This is done by joining the `customers` table with the `orders` and `payments` tables based on customer numbers. The results are grouped by country, providing a clear summary of how each country contributes to the overall business performance in terms of customers, orders, and payment amounts.

Once the procedure is executed using call `business_kpis()`, the table `business_kpis` is created and populated with the summarized data. A subsequent `SELECT` statement retrieves this data, showing the total number of customers, orders, and payment amounts for each country. This table can be useful for business analysis and reporting purposes.

	country	Total_customers	Total_orders	Total_amount
►	Australia	5	19	2118017.43
	Austria	2	7	493419.97
	Belgium	2	7	303630.27
	Canada	3	7	480801.39
	Denmark	2	7	717052.10
	Finland	3	9	885448.05
	France	12	37	3147509.69
	Germany	3	7	513507.41
	Hong Kong	1	2	90961.58
	Ireland	1	2	99796.54