

# Bank Marketing Data Analysis

Exploratory Data Analysis using Python





# Project Overview

This project applies **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)** to a real-world bank marketing dataset, uncovering customer behaviour patterns and the key factors that drive term deposit subscription decisions.

## Understand

Decode dataset structure and customer demographics

## Analyse

Extract meaningful patterns through visualisation

## Prepare

Ready the data for future machine learning models



BUSINESS PROBLEM

# Why Do Some Customers Subscribe — and Others Don't?

Banks invest heavily in marketing campaigns to promote term deposits, yet response rates remain low. This project analyses customer data to answer three core questions:

→ Which factors influence subscription decisions?

→ What patterns exist in customer behaviour?

→ How effective are current campaign strategies?

# Project Objectives

Six clearly defined objectives guided the analysis from raw data to actionable insight.

1

## Understand Structure

Inspect data types, shape, and feature definitions

2

## Assess Quality

Identify missing values and data inconsistencies

3

## Analyse Target

Examine subscription distribution and class balance

4

## Explore Relationships

Measure correlations across numerical features

5

## Visualise Patterns

Surface insights through charts and heatmaps

6

## Enable Modelling

Prepare a clean, structured dataset for ML pipelines



# Dataset Description

Each row represents a unique customer record from a bank marketing campaign, spanning demographic, financial, and campaign-related attributes.



## Customer Demographics

- Age
- Job & Marital Status
- Education Level



## Financial Information

- Account Balance
- Housing Loan Status
- Personal Loan Status

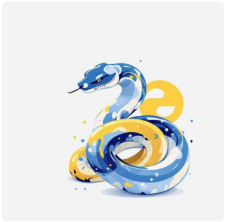


## Campaign Information

- Contact Duration
- Number of Contacts
- Previous Campaign Outcomes

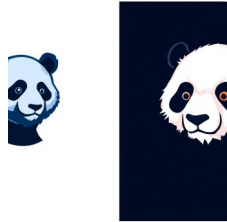
# Tools & Technologies

The project was built entirely in Python, leveraging a modern data science stack for cleaning, analysis, and visualisation.



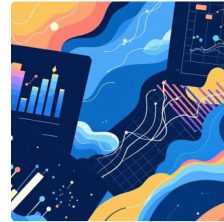
## Python

Core programming language



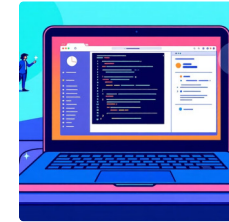
## Pandas & NumPy

Data manipulation and numerical computation



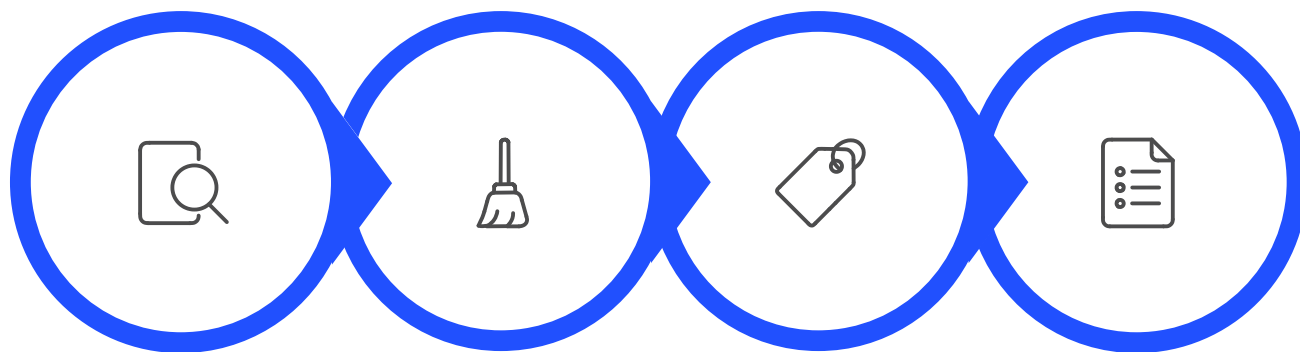
## Matplotlib & Seaborn

Statistical charts and visual exploration



## Jupyter Notebook

Interactive development environment



**Inspect**

**Clean**

**Classify**

**Select**

DATA PREPARATION

## Laying the Foundation for Reliable Analysis

Before any analysis could begin, the dataset was rigorously prepared to ensure accuracy and consistency.

### No Missing Values Found

All features were complete, removing the need for imputation.

### Data Types Verified

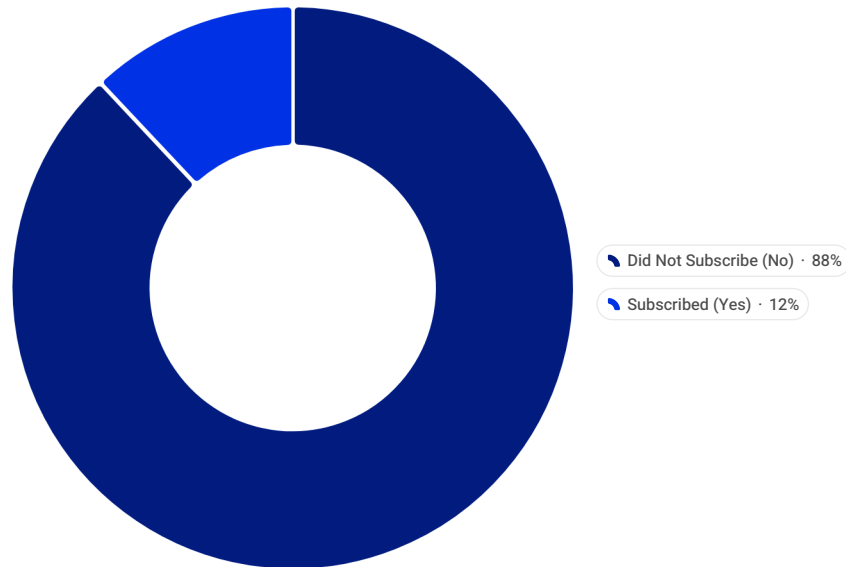
Categorical and numerical columns were correctly classified.

### Numerical Subset Selected

Relevant columns isolated for downstream correlation analysis.

# Target Variable: Class Imbalance Uncovered

The target variable `y` captures whether a customer subscribed to a term deposit. Analysis revealed a **significant class imbalance** — a critical finding for any future predictive modelling work.



This imbalance means future ML models must account for bias using techniques such as oversampling, undersampling, or weighted classification.

~88%

Customers did **not** subscribe

~12%

Customers **subscribed** successfully



# Key Insights from EDA

## Contact Duration Matters Most

Longer call durations showed the strongest association with successful subscriptions — quality of engagement outweighs quantity.

## Demographics Show Weak Direct Links

Age, job, and marital status alone are poor predictors. Subscription decisions are multi-dimensional, not demographic-driven.

## Campaign Variables Carry More Signal

Number of contacts and previous campaign outcomes provided stronger predictive indicators than financial attributes.

## Class Imbalance Requires Attention

The 88/12 split demands deliberate handling before training any classification model to avoid skewed predictions.



# Skills Demonstrated & Next Steps

## Skills Demonstrated



Data Cleaning



EDA



Visualisation



Statistical Thinking



Python



Analytical Thinking

## Future Scope

01

### Feature Engineering

Create derived variables to improve signal strength

02

### Encode Categorical Variables

Apply label and one-hot encoding for ML readiness

03

### Build Classification Models

Train and evaluate models to predict subscriptions



 **View the full project on GitHub:**

[github.com/Ankurvashista07](https://github.com/Ankurvashista07)