

## Computer Science and Engineering Department

### Artificial Intelligence (UCS-411)

#### Lab Assignment-5

1

Solve the given 0/1 knapsack problem by considering the following points:

Name	Weight	Value
A	45	3
B	40	5
C	50	8
D	90	10

Chromosome is a 4-bit string. – { $x_A x_B x_C x_D$ }

Population size = 4, Maximum Capacity of the bag (W) = 100.

First two fittest chromosomes selected as it is. 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> fittest use for one-point crossover in the middle followed by single bit mutation of first offspring.

Bits chosen for mutation follows this cyclic order ( $x_D, x_C, x_B, x_A$ ).

Initial population: {1 1 1 1, 1 0 0 0, 1 0 1 0, 1 0 0 1}.

Output the result after 10 iterations.

2

A thief enters a house for robbing it. He can carry a maximal weight of 9 kg into his bag. There are 4 items in the house with the following weights and values. The thief has to plan the items he should take to maximize the total value if he either takes the item completely or leaves it completely?

Item	Item Name	Weight (in Kg)	Value (in \$)
A	Mirror	2	3
B	Silver Nugget	3	5
C	Painting	4	7
D	Vase	5	9

The problem is solved using Genetic Algorithm with population size 4 and each individual encoded as { $x_A, x_B, x_C, x_D$ } where  $x_i = \{0,1\}$  and  $i=A, B, C, D$ .

Consider initial population as 1111, 1000, 1010, and 1001.

Generate the population for next iteration as follows: Select the 1st and 2nd fittest individual as it is in the next iteration. Apply 1-point crossover in the middle between 3rd and 4th fittest chromosome followed by single bit mutation of first offspring (produced through crossover). Bit chosen for mutation follows this cyclic order { $x_C, x_A, x_D, x_B$ }

Output the result after four iterations.

3

Consider the following 2-SAT problem with 4 Boolean variables a, b, c, d:

$$F=(\neg a \vee d) \wedge (c \vee b) \wedge (\neg c \vee \neg d) \wedge (\neg d \vee \neg b) \wedge (\neg a \vee \neg d)$$

The MOVEGEN function to generate new solution be arbitrary changing value of any one variable

Let the candidate solution be of the order (abcd) and the initial candidate solution be (1111).

Let heuristic to evaluate each solution be number of clauses satisfied in the formula.

Apply Simulated Annealing (Consider T= 500 and cooling function = T-50)

(Assume the following 3 random numbers:0.655,0.254,0.432)

Accept every good move and accept a bad move if probability is greater than 50%.