Game Catalog and Purchase

1. Single Responsibility Principle:

- The Game class includes the properties of a game (title, genre, and price).
- MutiPlayerGame and SinglePlayerGame subclasses extend Game class for specialized game types.
- **GameCatalog** interface handles the responsibility of displaying the catalog and purchasing a game.
- The **PaymentMethod** interface focuses on the responsibility of processing payments.
- Each class and interface has a clear, single responsibility.

```
package com.ilp.entity;
//Single Responsibility Principle,//Open/Closed Principle
public class Game {
 private String title;
 private String genre;
 private double price;
  public Game(String title, String genre, double price) {
    this.title = title;
    this.genre = genre;
    this.price = price;
  public String getTitle() {
    return title;
 public String getGenre() {
    return genre;
 public double getPrice() {
    return price;
package com.ilp.interfaces;
public interface GameCatalog {
  void displayCatalog();
package com.ilp.interfaces;
public interface PaymentMethod {
 void processPayment(double amount);
```

2. Open/Closed Principle:

- The Game class is closed for modification but open for extension, demonstrated by the creation of MutiPlayerGame and SinglePlayerGame subclasses.
- Allowing extension without modifying existing code.
- The **PaymentBill** class implementing the **GeneratedBill** interface is closed for modification, but new billing features can be added by creating new classes that implement the **GeneratedBill** interface.
- The **PaymentBill** class is open for extension without altering its existing code.

```
package com.ilp.interfaces;
public interface GeneratedBill {
 void paymentMessage();
       void generateBill(double amount);
package com.ilp.services;
import com.ilp.interfaces.GeneratedBill;
//Open/Closed Principle
public class PaymentBill extends PaymentDone implements GeneratedBill {
       public PaymentBill() {
           paymentMessage();
       public void generateBill(double amount) {
              System.out.println("Generated Bill of amount:"+amount);
package com.ilp.services;
public class PaymentDone{
 public void paymentMessage() {
        System.out.println("Thank you for the purchase!");
}
```

3. Liskov's Substitution Principle:

• MutiPlayerGame and SinglePlayerGame are substitutable for instances of the base class Game.

```
package com.ilp.entity;
//Liskov's Substitution Principle
public class MultiPlayerGame extends Game {
    private int maxPlayers;
    public MultiPlayerGame(String title, String genre, double price, int maxPlayers) {
        super(title, genre, price);
        this.maxPlayers = maxPlayers;
}
```

```
public int getMaxPlayers() {
    return maxPlayers;
}

package com.ilp.entity;
//Liskov's Substitution Principle
public class SinglePlayerGame extends Game {
    public SinglePlayerGame(String title, String genre, double price) {
        super(title, genre, price);
    }
}
```

4. Interface Segregation Principle:

- The **PaymentMethod** interface includes only methods necessary for payment processing.
- The code provides a specific interface for payment.

```
package com.ilp.interfaces;
//Interface Segregation Principle
public interface PaymentMethod {
  void processPayment(double amount);
}
```

5. Dependency Inversion Principle:

- The CatalogServices class depends on abstractions (GameCatalog and PaymentMethod) rather than concrete implementations.
- CreditCardPayment and PayPalPayment implement the PaymentMethod interface.
- The code relies on abstractions and injecting dependencies.

```
package com.ilp.interfaces;
//Interface segregation Principle
public interface GameCatalog {
   void displayCatalog();
}
```

```
package com.ilp.interfaces;
//Interface Segregation Principle
public interface PaymentMethod {
  void processPayment(double amount);
}
       package com.ilp.services;
       import com.ilp.entity.Game;
       import com.ilp.entity.MultiPlayerGame;
       import com.ilp.entity.SinglePlayerGame;
       import com.ilp.interfaces.PaymentMethod;
       import com.ilp.interfaces.GameCatalog;
       import com.ilp.interfaces.GamePurchase;
       import java.util.ArrayList;
       import java.util.List;
      //Dependency Inversion Principle
       public class CatalogServices implements GameCatalog,GamePurchase {
         private List<Game> purchasedGames;
         public CatalogServices() {
           this.purchasedGames = new ArrayList<>();
         public void displayCatalog() {
            System.out.println("Catalog:");
           for (Game game : getAvailableGames()) {
              System.out.println("Game: "+game.getTitle());
              System.out.println("Price: Rs." + game.getPrice());
              System.out.println("Genre: "+game.getGenre());
              if (game instanceof MultiPlayerGame) {
                int maxPlayers = ((MultiPlayerGame) game).getMaxPlayers();
                System.out.println("Max Players: " + maxPlayers);
              System.out.println();
           }
         @Override
         public void purchaseGame(Game game, PaymentMethod paymentMethod) {
            paymentMethod.processPayment(game.getPrice());
           PaymentBill paymentBill = new PaymentBill();
           paymentBill.generateBill(game.getPrice());
           purchasedGames.add(game);
           System.out.println("Game purchased: " + game.getTitle());
           paymentBill.paymentMessage();
         }
```

```
private List<Game> getAvailableGames() {
           List<Game> availableGames = new ArrayList<>();
           availableGames.add(new SinglePlayerGame("GhostRunner", "Action", 2200.00));
           availableGames.add(new MultiPlayerGame("Sekiro", "Adventure",2500.00,2));
           return availableGames;
         }
      }
package com.ilp.services;
import com.ilp.interfaces.PaymentMethod;
public class CreditCardPayment implements PaymentMethod {
 public void processPayment(double amount) {
    System. out. println ("Processing credit card payment: Rs." + amount);
 }
package com.ilp.services;
import com.ilp.interfaces.PaymentMethod;
public class PayPalPayment implements PaymentMethod {
 public void processPayment(double amount) {
    System.out.println("Processing PayPal payment: Rs." + amount);
 }
}
```