```
In [9]:
```

```
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report,confusion_matrix
```

In [2]:

```
# Load Iris dataset
iris = load_iris()
```

In [11]:

```
iris.feature_names
```

Out[11]:

```
['sepal length (cm)',
  'sepal width (cm)',
  'petal length (cm)',
  'petal width (cm)']
```

In [12]:

```
iris.target
```

Out[12]:



```
In [13]:
```

```
iris.data
Out[13]:
array([[5.1, 3.5, 1.4, 0.2],
       [4.9, 3., 1.4, 0.2],
       [4.7, 3.2, 1.3, 0.2],
       [4.6, 3.1, 1.5, 0.2],
       [5., 3.6, 1.4, 0.2],
       [5.4, 3.9, 1.7, 0.4],
       [4.6, 3.4, 1.4, 0.3],
       [5., 3.4, 1.5, 0.2],
       [4.4, 2.9, 1.4, 0.2],
       [4.9, 3.1, 1.5, 0.1],
       [5.4, 3.7, 1.5, 0.2],
       [4.8, 3.4, 1.6, 0.2],
       [4.8, 3., 1.4, 0.1],
       [4.3, 3., 1.1, 0.1],
       [5.8, 4., 1.2, 0.2],
       [5.7, 4.4, 1.5, 0.4],
       [5.4, 3.9, 1.3, 0.4],
       [5.1. 3.5. 1.4. 0.3].
```

In [3]:

```
# Split dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(iris.data, iris.target, test_size=0.
```

In [4]:

```
# Train k-NN classifier
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

Out[4]:

```
KNeighborsClassifier
KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
```

In [5]:

```
# Test k-NN classifier
y_pred = knn.predict(X_test)
```

C:\Users\khana\miniconda3\envs\ML_Experiments\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ne ighbors_classification.py:237: FutureWarning: Unlike other reduction func tions (e.g. `skew`, `kurtosis`), the default behavior of `mode` typically preserves the axis it acts along. In SciPy 1.11.0, this behavior will chan ge: the default value of `keepdims` will become False, the `axis` over whi ch the statistic is taken will be eliminated, and the value None will no l onger be accepted. Set `keepdims` to True or False to avoid this warning. mode, = stats.mode(y[neigh ind, k], axis=1)



In [6]:

```
# Print classification report
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	19
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	13
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	13
accuracy			1.00	45
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	45
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	45



```
In [7]:
```

```
for i in range(len(y_test)):
    if y_test[i] == y_pred[i]:
        print("Correct prediction: ", iris.target_names[y_pred[i]])
    else:
        print("Wrong prediction: ", iris.target_names[y_pred[i]])
```

Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: virginica Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: versicolor Correct prediction: setosa Correct prediction: setosa



```
In [10]:
# Print confusion matrix
print("Confusion matrix:\n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))

Confusion matrix:
  [[19      0     0]
      [      0     13     0]
      [      0     0     13]]

In [ ]:
```

