Dear AI - Fall 2023 Homework 1 Burnt pancake problem

Due: Friday, Oct 1st, 11:59 pm

Note: You can start working on this. However, you would need to use the graph version of the search in this HW. It relates to the simple idea of avoiding visiting nodes twice and will be covered on Mon 9/18.

In Short

Write a program that receives an order of 4 bottom-burnt pancakes and prints the solution that BFS and A* search will find for going from the Start state to the Goal (ordered pancakes and all burnt-side down).

Description

In this programming homework, you will work on a modified version of the classic <u>pancake</u> <u>problem</u> that was discussed in class. In this version, one side of each pancake is burnt, and the pancakes must be sorted with all the burnt-side down. You need to write a program that receives an arbitrary order of such 4 pancakes from the user, plus the type of the search algorithm, and prints the steps that the specified algorithm will take to reach the Goal state.

Format

Similar to the format described in class, each of the pancakes has an ID number that is consistent with their size followed by a letter "w" or "b". This way, the largest pancake has an ID of 4, the next largest 3, the next 2, and the smallest has an ID of 1. The letter "w" refers to the unburnt (white) side being up, and "b" shows that the burnt side is up. The goal is to reach "1w2w3w4w". Figure 1 shows an example of the IDs associated with each pancake in a certain configuration.

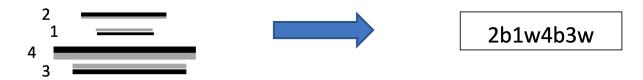


Figure 1 – Pancakes' representation. Grey color refers to unburnt (white) part and black refers to the burnt part.

Input

The input should consist of pairs of four digits and one character, a hyphen, and one last character (#C#C#C-X), where the first digit indicates the ID of the top pancake and the first character indicates whether the burnt side is down ("w") or not ("b"), the second number indicates the second-highest pancake followed by a character, etc. The last character (X) would be "b" or "a" characters, which refer to the Breadth-First (BFS) or A* search algorithms

respectively. The program should receive this variable as input from the user upon running the code.

Implementation

The cost associated with each flip is equal to the number of pancakes that are being flipped. For instance, the cost of one flip between pancake 3b and 2w from the state "4w1b2w3b" to "2b1w4b3b" is equal to 3 (spatula between 2 and 3). For each state, use the same heuristic function (h(x)) that was discussed in the class: "the ID of the largest pancake that is still out of place". For BFS, you don't need to consider a cost and a heuristic function. Use the graph version of the algorithms, meaning that use some type of list (closed set) to avoid visiting the nodes multiple times.

Add clear comments as you can to your code, so that it's easy to understand your implementation, including the role of functions, variables, etc. Specifically, make it clear how your fringe is implemented and employed. Use an informative name for your fringe and add comments where you define that.

Tie-Breaking

When needed for any of the search algorithms, use the following tie-breaking mechanism: "when there is a tie between two nodes, replace "w" with 1 and "b" with 0 to obtain an eight-digit number. After that pick the node with a larger numerical ID chosen."

For instance, if there is a tie between 4b3w2b1b and 3w4w2b1b, then 4b3w2b1b will be chosen as 40312010>31412010.

Output

Your program must print the steps that the specified algorithm (e.g., BFS) finds to solve the problem, line by line. In other words, simply prints the solution that the algorithm finds. For each state (except the final state), use the character "|" to show where the flip to go to the next step happens. For A*, also print the value for the actual cost (function g), and the value of the heuristic function (function h) in each step. The following is an example of an input and output of the program.

Input:

1b2b3w4b-a # "a" indicates A*

Output: 1b2b|3w4b g:0, h:0

2w|1w3w4b g:2, h:2 2b1w3w4b| g:3, h:2 4w|3b1b2w g:7, h:4 4b3b1b2w| g:8, h:4 2b1w|3w4w g:12, h:2 1b|2w3w4w g:14, h:0 1w2w3w4w g:15, h:0 Note that the values for g and h correspond to the "current" state, and the character "|" denotes the location of the flip for going to the "next" state.

Programming Language

At this point, our Moodle implementation only accepts Python.

Submitting Instructions

Follow this procedure for enrolling on the Moodle server:

- Go to https://quiz.cis.udel.edu/
- Select "CISC 681/481-23F-Beheshti" from the course list
- Enroll yourself as a student using the enrollment key: "dearai"
- Select the related assignment (Burnt Pancake)
- Click on the Edit tab and enter your program in the editor (tabbed "hw1.py"). You
 can run and evaluate your code there. To evaluate your code, you should first
 save the code and then click on evaluate.
- Your highest score before the deadline will be recorded as the proposed grade. There's no limitation on the number of submissions you can make.

The format of the input is as described above and you should enter input with the same format while running the code. The program should only print the requested output in the format described earlier.

Integrity policy

Please read <u>our course policy</u> again. We will check for similarities between the submissions (including the previous submissions and manually submitted ones by the instructors). To ensure our course remains fair to everyone, <u>we will proactively and carefully check for any suspicious pattern</u> that violates our policy. As we have done this in the past, we will certainly escalate and report any violation to the appropriate contacts at UD. Sharing or using a shared code is prohibited. Our course policy is simple: **your code**, **in its entirety**, **MUST be yours**. You can talk to others about the algorithm(s) to be used to solve a homework problem; <u>as long as you then mention their name(s)</u> on the work you submit. Borrowing a few lines of code is fine (say from StackOverflow), but again, you must acknowledge the source.

Grading

The total points will be 100. For each of the two requested search algorithms, you will receive 50 points. The system will drop points per each failed test case. For instance, if there are 10 test cases, you will lose 10 points per any wrong output.

<u>Partial credit</u> (**up to 60 points**) will be given to programs that implement the algorithms logically, run, and generate output, but do not pass the test cases.

Note that what you see on Moodle will be the "proposed grade." Your submission will be manually evaluated to ensure your code is actually solving the problems as requested. Write easy-to-understand codes!

Questions?

Please post them on <u>Ed</u>, and consider responding to your classmates' questions. Class TA is the first point of contact for the programming issues.

Final Note

Don't start late! It might take you longer than you expect to finish the homework.

Some Other Examples

Example 1

Input: 1w2b3w4b-a

Output: 1w2b|3w4b g:0, h:0

2w|1b3w4b g:2, h:2 2b1b3w4b| g:3, h:2 4w|3b1w2w g:7, h:4 4b3b1w2w| g:8, h:4 2b1b|3w4w g:12, h:2 1w2w3w4w g:14, h:0

Example 2

Input: 1w2b3w4b-b

Output: 1w2b|3w4b

2w|1b3w4b 2b1b|3w4b 1w2w3w4b| 4w|3b2b1b 4b3b2b1b| 1w2w3w4w

Example 3

Input: 1b2b3w4b-a

Output: 1b2b|3w4b g:0, h:0

2w|1w3w4b g:2, h:2

2b1w3w4b| g:3, h:2 4w|3b1b2w g:7, h:4 4b3b1b2w| g:8, h:4 2b1w|3w4w g:12, h:2 1b|2w3w4w g:14, h:0 1w2w3w4w g:15, h:0

Example 4

Input: 1w2b3b4w-b

Output: 1w2b|3b4w

2w|1b3b4w 2b1b|3b4w 1w2w3b|4w 3w|2b1b4w 3b2b1b|4w 1w2w3w4w

Example 5

Input: 1b2w3b4b-a

Output: 1b2w3b4b| g:0, h:0

4w|3w2b1w g:4, h:4 4b3w|2b1w g:5, h:4 3b|4w2b1w g:7, h:4 3w4w|2b1w g:8, h:4 4b3b2b1w| g:10, h:4 1b|2w3w4w g:14, h:0 1w2w3w4w g:15, h:0