

Accessing CORD19-NEKG dataset in R

This notebook demonstrates how to access and query *CORD-19 Named Entities Knowledge Graph (CORD19-NEKG)* RDF dataset [1]. The dataset describes named entities identified in the scholarly articles of the COVID-19 Open Research Dataset (CORD-19) [2], a resource of over 47,000 articles about COVID-19 and the coronavirus family of viruses.

References

- [1] COVID-19 Open Research Dataset (CORD-19). 2020. Version 2020-04-03. Retrieved from <https://pages.semanticscholar.org/coronavirus-research>. Accessed 2020-04-06. doi:10.5281/zenodo.3715505
- [2] F. Michel, L. Djimenou, C. Faron-Zucker, and J. Montagnat. Translation of Relational and Non-Relational Databases into RDF with xR2RML. In Proceedings of the 11th International Conference on Web Information Systems and Technologies (WEBIST 2015), Lisbon, Portugal, 2015.

Cite this work

When including CORD19-NEKG data in a publication or redistribution, please cite the dataset as follows:

R. Gazzotti, F. Michel, F. Gandon. CORD-19 Named Entities Knowledge Graph (CORD19-NEKG). University Côte d'Azur, Inria, CNRS. 2020. Retrieved from <https://github.com/Wimmics/cord19-nekg>.

```
library(SPARQL)
```

```
## Warning: package 'SPARQL' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
## Loading required package: XML
```

```
## Warning: package 'XML' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
## Loading required package: RCurl
```

```
## Warning: package 'RCurl' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
endpoint <- "https://covid19.i3s.unice.fr/sparql"
options <- NULL
```

```
prefix <- c('covid', '<http://ns.inria.fr/covid19/>',
            'wd',    '<http://www.wikidata.org/entity/>',
            'wdt',    '<http://www.wikidata.org/prop/direct/>')
```

```
sparql_prefix <- "
PREFIX rdfs:  <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
PREFIX owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
PREFIX xsd:   <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
```

```

PREFIX bibo:    <http://purl.org/ontology/bibo/>
PREFIX dce:     <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
PREFIX dct:     <http://purl.org/dc/terms/>
PREFIX fabio:   <http://purl.org/spar/fabio/>
PREFIX foaf:    <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX frbr:    <http://purl.org/vocab/frbr/core#>
PREFIX oa:      <http://www.w3.org/ns/oa#>
PREFIX prov:    <http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#>
PREFIX schema:  <http://schema.org/>

prefix wd:      <http://www.wikidata.org/entity/>
prefix wdt:     <http://www.wikidata.org/prop/direct/>

PREFIX covid:   <http://ns.inria.fr/covid19/>
PREFIX covidpr: <http://ns.inria.fr/covid19/property/>
"

```

Working with article metadata

Query dataset for the articles that mention the term *coronavirus* in their abstracts.

```

query <- '
SELECT (group_concat(distinct ?name,"; ") AS ?authors)
       ?title
       (year(?date) as ?year)
       ?pub
       ?url

WHERE {
  graph <http://ns.inria.fr/covid19/graph/articles>
  {
    ?doc a ?t;
        dce:creator ?name;
        dct:title ?title;
        schema:publication ?pub;
        schema:url ?url;
        dct:abstract [ rdf:value ?abs ].

    optional { ?doc dct:issued ?date }
    filter contains(?abs, "coronavirus")
  }
}
group by ?doc ?title ?date ?pub ?url
order by desc(?date)

'

query <- paste(sparql_prefix, query)

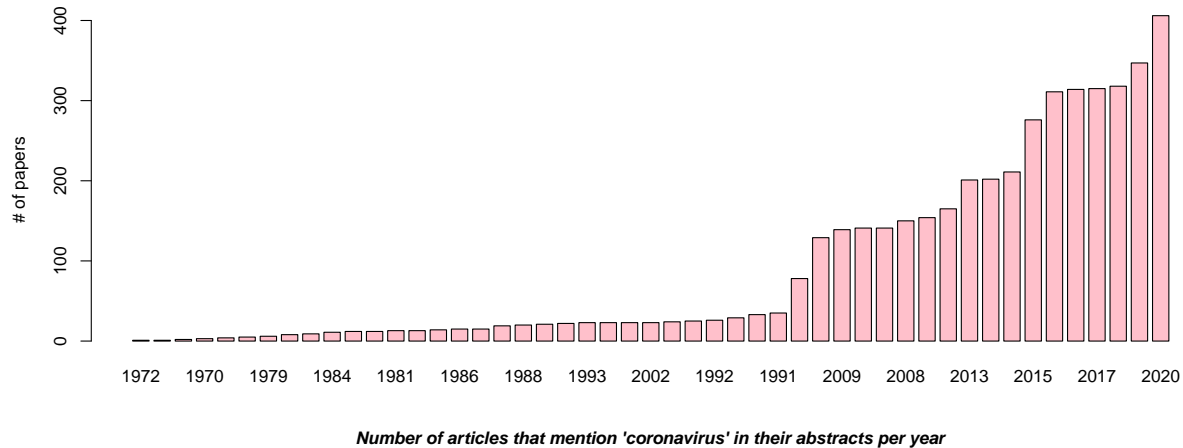
```

```

res <- SPARQL(url= endpoint,
              query = query,
              ns=prefix,
              extra=NULL)$results

```

```
barplot(sort(table(res$year)),
        col="pink",
        space=0.3,
        ylab="# of papers",
        sub="Number of articles that mention 'coronavirus' in their abstracts per year",
        font.sub=4)
```



Working with article annotations

Query dataset for the articles referencing *coronavirus* and forms of *cancer* at the same time

```
query_corona_vs_cancer = '
# wdt:P279 = subclass of
# wdt:P31 = instance of
# wd:Q12078 = cancer
# wd:Q1134583 = coronavirus family

select distinct ?article ?dis1 ?dis1Label ?dis2 ?dis2Label #?dis2Subject

from <http://ns.inria.fr/covid19/graph/entityfishing>
from named <http://ns.inria.fr/covid19/graph/wikidata-named-entities>

where {
    # Look for 2 annotations of the same article with Wikidata URIs ?dis1 and ?dis2

    ?annot1 schema:about ?article; oa:hasBody ?dis1.
    ?annot2 schema:about ?article; oa:hasBody ?dis2.

    graph <http://ns.inria.fr/covid19/graph/wikidata-named-entities>
    {
        ?entity1 rdfs:label "cancer"@en. # ?entity1 is wd:Q12078

        { ?dis1 rdfs:label ?dis1Label.
          filter (?dis1 = ?entity1) } # ?dis1 is "cancer"
    }
}
```

```

UNION

{ ?dis1 wdt:P279 ?entity1;
  rdfs:label ?dis1Label. } # ?dis1 is a subclass of "cancer" (at any depth)

UNION

{ ?dis1 wdt:P31 ?entity1;
  rdfs:label ?dis1Label. } # ?dis1 is an instance of "cancer" or a subclass thereof

?entity2 rdfs:label "Coronaviridae"@en. # ?entity2 is wd:Q1134583

{ ?dis2 rdfs:label ?dis2Label.
filter (?dis2 = ?entity2) }

UNION

{ ?dis2 wdt:P279 ?entity2;
  rdfs:label ?dis2Label. } # ?dis2 is a subclass of "Coronaviridae" (at any depth)

UNION

{ ?dis2 wdt:P31 ?entity2;
  rdfs:label ?dis2Label. } # ?dis2 is an instance of "Coronaviridae" or a subclass thereof

}

}
order by ?dis1 ?dis2
limit 1000
'

query_corona_vs_cancer <- paste(sparql_prefix, query_corona_vs_cancer)

```

```

res <- SPARQL(url= endpoint,
             query = query_corona_vs_cancer,
             ns=prefix,
             extra=NULL)$results

```

```

# remove label decorations
res <- data.frame(lapply(res, function(x) {
  gsub("@en", "", x)
}))
res <- data.frame(lapply(res, function(x) {
  gsub("\\"", "", x)
}))

```

Visualize query results in different ways

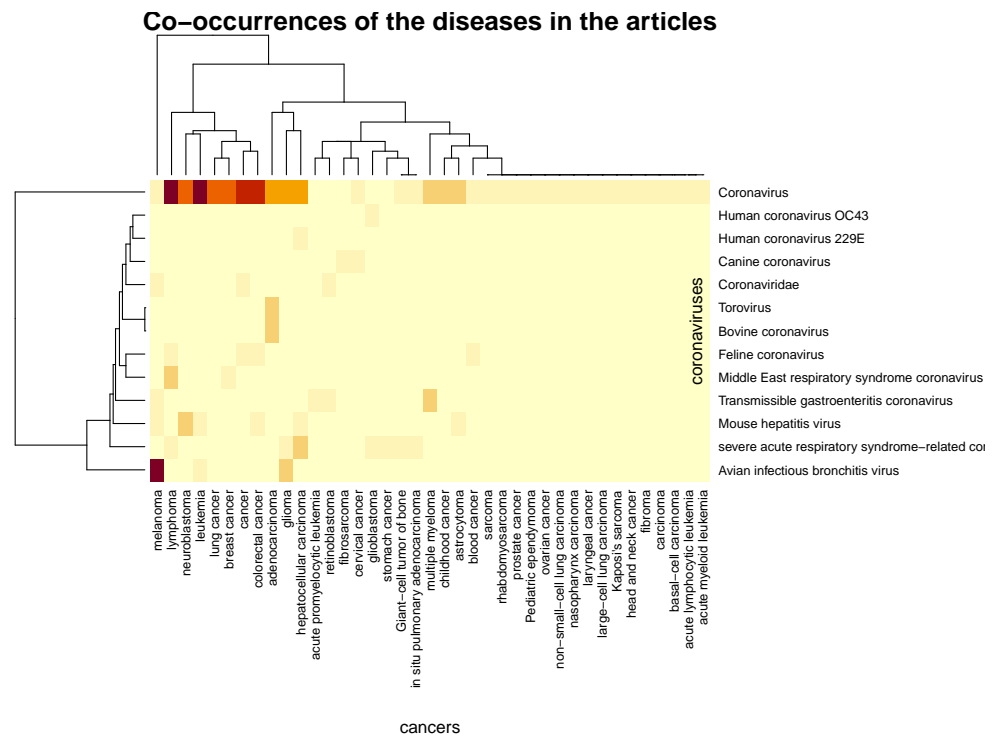
Plot hierarchically-clustered heatmap

```

hm <- table(res[, c('dis2Label','dis1Label')])
hm <- as.matrix(hm)

heatmap(hm, margins = c(15,0), #Rowv = NA, Colv = NA,
        col = hcl.colors(12, "YlOrRd", rev = TRUE),
        scale="none",
        cexCol=0.9,
        cexRow = 0.9,
        main="Co-occurrences of the diseases in the articles",
        xlab="cancers",
        ylab="coronaviruses")

```



Plot heatmap with ggplot

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.6.3
```

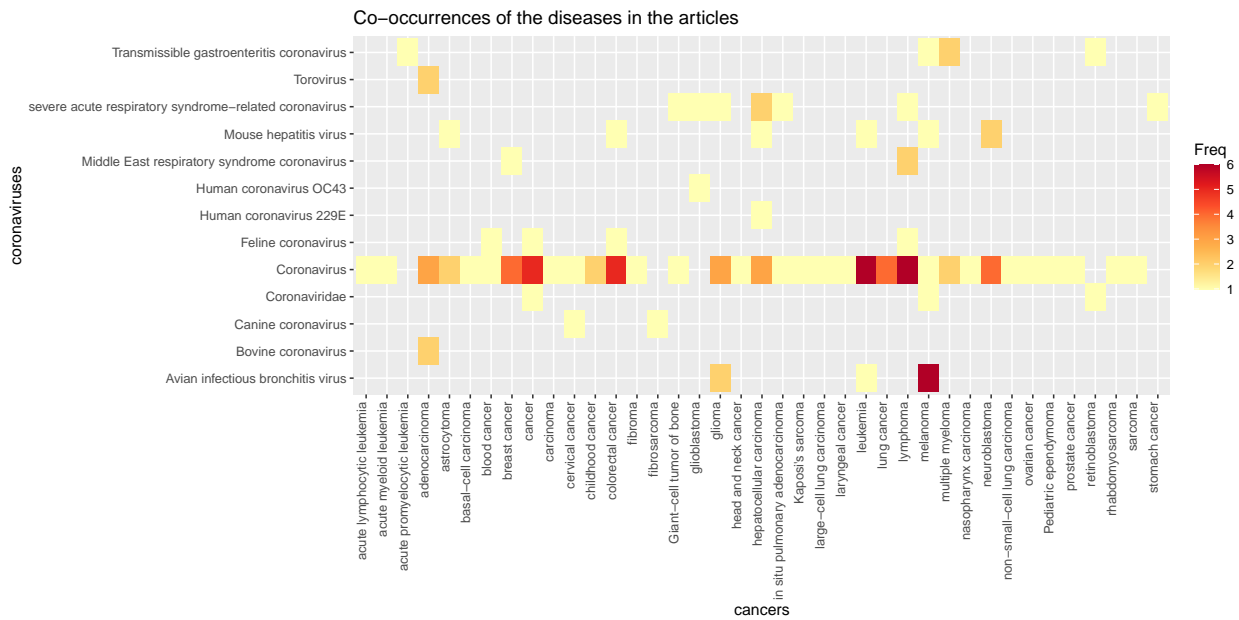
```

counts <- table(res[, c('dis2Label','dis1Label')])
counts <- as.data.frame(counts)
counts <- counts[counts$Freq > 0, ]

ggplot(counts, aes(x=dis1Label, y=dis2Label, fill=Freq)) +
  geom_tile() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1, vjust=0)) +
  scale_fill_distiller(palette = "YlOrRd", direction = 1) +
  ggtitle("Co-occurrences of the diseases in the articles") +

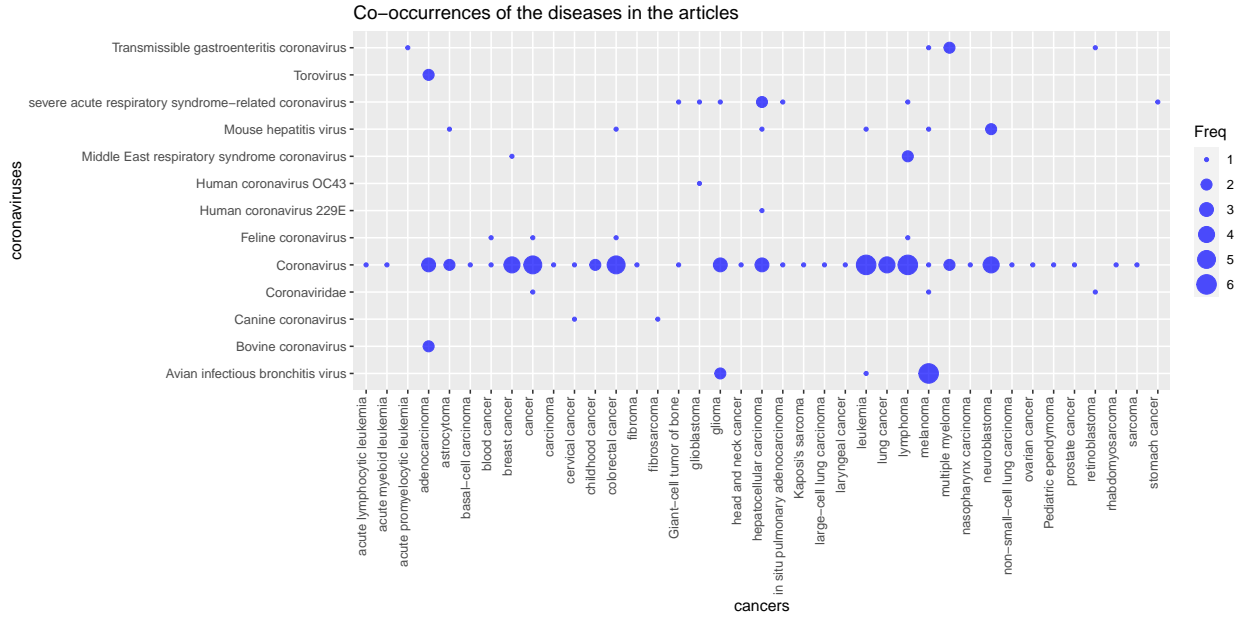
```

```
xlab("cancers") +
ylab("coronaviruses")
```



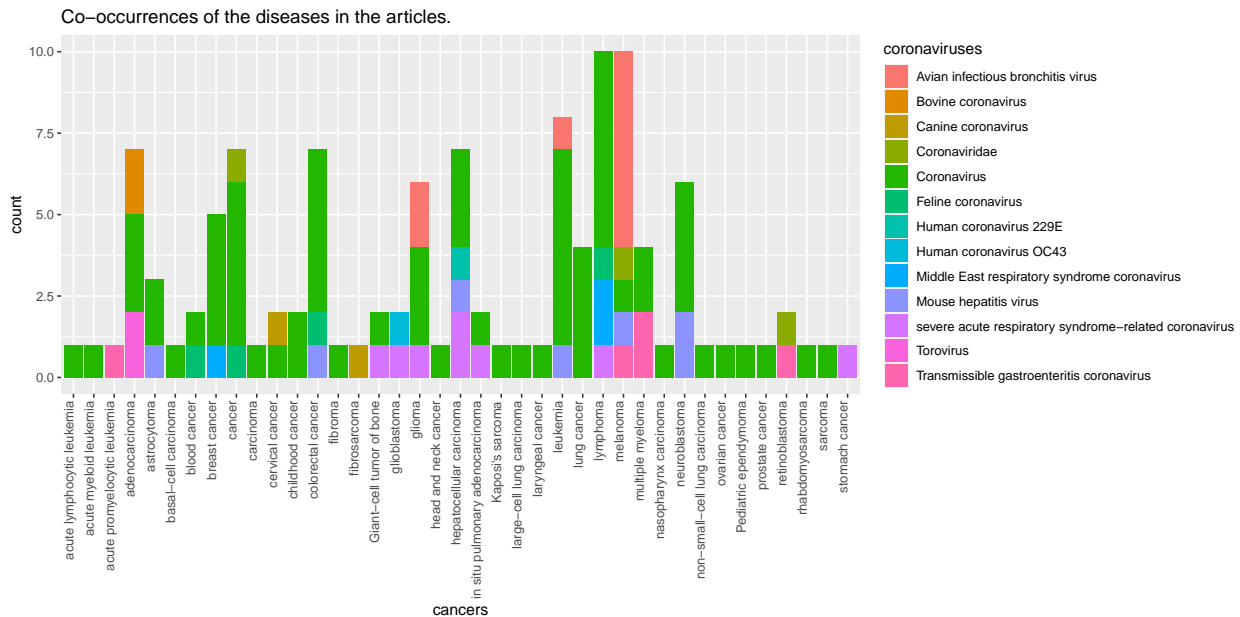
Plot bubble chart

```
# Most basic bubble plot
ggplot(counts, aes(x=dis1Label, y=dis2Label, size = Freq)) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.7, color='blue') +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1, vjust=0)) +
  ggtitle("Co-occurrences of the diseases in the articles") +
  xlab("cancers") +
  ylab("coronaviruses")
```



Plot stacked bar chart with default colors

```
# stacked bar chart
ggplot(res,
  aes(x = dis1Label,
    fill = dis2Label)) +
  geom_bar(position = "stack") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1, vjust=0)) +
  ggtitle("Co-occurrences of the diseases in the articles.") +
  xlab("cancers") +
  ylab("count") +
  labs(fill = "coronaviruses")
```



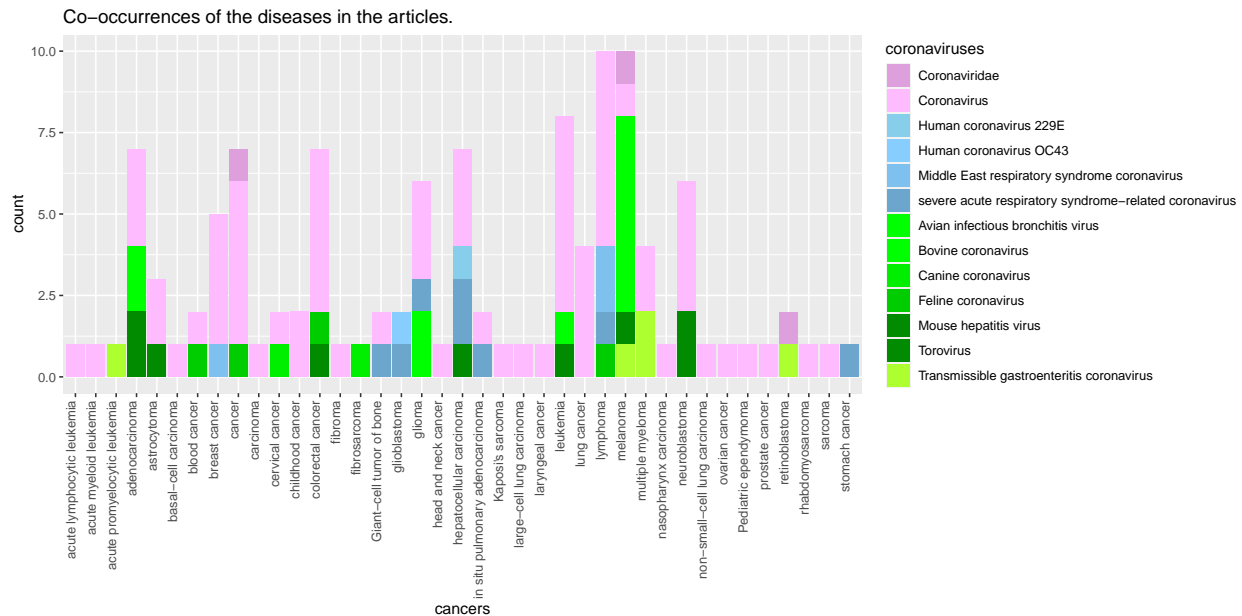
Plot barchart with manual coloring

```
# Manually group coronaviruses in 3 groups (general(1), human(2), animal(3)) for reordering
res$group <- rep(3, 117)
res$group[grep('Human', res$dis2Label)] <- 2
res$group[grep('Corona', res$dis2Label)] <- 1
res$group[grep('severe acute', res$dis2Label)] <- 2
res$group[grep('Middle', res$dis2Label)] <- 2

# Manually choose colors for coronaviruses (shades of purple for general (1), blues for humans(2), and
my_colors <- c(colors()[254:256], #greens
               colors()[541:542], #purples
               colors()[257],
               colors()[589:591], #blues
               colors()[258], colors()[592], colors()[258:259] )

names(my_colors) <- levels(res$dis2Label)

ggplot(res,
       aes(x = dis1Label,
           fill = reorder(dis2Label, group))) +
  geom_bar(position = "stack") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1, vjust=0)) +
  scale_fill_manual(name = "coronaviruses", values = my_colors) +
  ggtitle("Co-occurrences of the diseases in the articles.") +
  xlab("cancers") +
  ylab("count") +
  labs(fill = "coronaviruses")
```



Plot barplot for grouped diseases


```

group_colors = c(colors()[541], #purple
                 colors()[589], #blue
                 colors()[254]) #green

ggplot(res,
       aes(x = dis1Label,
           fill = factor(group, levels = c(1, 2, 3), labels = c("General", "Human", "Animals")))) +
  geom_bar(position = "stack") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1, vjust=0)) +
  scale_fill_manual(name = "group", values = group_colors) +
  ggtitle("Co-occurrences of the groups of coronavirus diseases in the articles.") +
  xlab("cancers") +
  ylab("count") +
  labs(fill = "coronaviruses")

```

