

# домашняя работа 1 (Теория множеств и логика)

Задача 1

- 1) Не верно
- 2) Верно
- 3) Не верно

Задача 2

Ответ 4

Задача 3

a)  $X \leftrightarrow Y = 1 \oplus X \oplus Y = \overline{X} \cdot \overline{Y} + X \cdot Y$

| X | Y | $X \leftrightarrow Y$ | $X \oplus Y$ | $1 \oplus X \oplus Y$ | $\overline{X}$ | $\overline{Y}$ | $X \cdot Y$ | $\overline{X} \cdot \overline{Y}$ | $\overline{X} \cdot \overline{Y} + X \cdot Y$ |
|---|---|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 0 | 0 | 1                     | 0            | 1                     | 1              | 1              | 0           | 1                                 | 1   |
| 0 | 1 | 0                     | 1            | 0                     | 1              | 0              | 0           | 0                                 | 0   |
| 1 | 0 | 0                     | 1            | 0                     | 0              | 1              | 0           | 0                                 | 0   |
| 1 | 1 | 1                     | 0            | 1                     | 0              | 0              | 1           | 0                                 | 1   |



$$\delta) (X \leftrightarrow Y) \cdot (Y \leftrightarrow Z) \rightarrow (X \leftrightarrow Z)$$

$$(X \vee Y) \wedge (Y \vee Z) \rightarrow (X \vee Z)$$

| X | Y | Z | $X \leftrightarrow Y$ | $Y \leftrightarrow Z$ | $X \leftrightarrow Z$ | $(X \leftrightarrow Y) \cdot (Y \leftrightarrow Z)$<br><del><math>X \leftrightarrow Z</math></del> |
|---|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1                     | 1                     | 1                     | 1  |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | <del>1</del>          | 0                     | 0                     | 0  |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | <del>0</del>          | 0                     | 1                     | 0  |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0                     | 1                     | 0                     | 0  |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0                     | 1                     | 0                     | 0  |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | <del>0</del>          | 0                     | 1                     | 0  |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | <del>1</del>          | 0                     | 0                     | 0  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1                     | 1                     | 1                     | 1  |

$$(X \leftrightarrow Y) \cdot (Y \leftrightarrow Z) \rightarrow (X \leftrightarrow Z)$$

1  
1  
1  
1  
1  
1  
1  
1

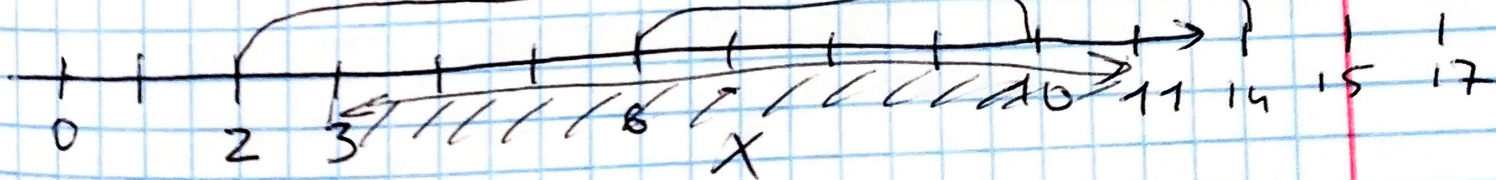


| $x/y$ | $z$ | $xvy$ | $yvz$ | $(xvy) \wedge (yvz)$ | $xvz$ | $(xvy) \wedge (yvz) \rightarrow (xvz)$ |
|-------|-----|-------|-------|----------------------|-------|--|
| 0     | 0   | 0     | 0     | 0                    | 0     | 1                                      |
| 0     | 0   | 1     | 0     | 0                    | 1     | 1                                      |
| 0     | 1   | 0     | 1     | 0                    | 0     | 1                                      |
| 0     | 1   | 1     | 1     | 1                    | 1     | 1                                      |
| 1     | 0   | 0     | 1     | 0                    | 1     | 1                                      |
| 1     | 0   | 1     | 1     | 1                    | 1     | 1                                      |
| 1     | 1   | 0     | 1     | 0                    | 1     | 1                                      |
| 1     | 1   | 1     | 1     | 1                    | 1     | 1                                      |

Soal 4

$$P = [2, 10] \cup Q = [6, 14]$$

$$((x \in A) \rightarrow (x \in P)) \vee (x \in Q)$$



$$\text{Jawab: } A = [2, 14]$$



Задача 5 \*

$$A \cap X = B \cap X$$

$$A \cup Y = B \cup Y$$

$$A \cup (Y \setminus X) = B \cup (Y \setminus X)$$

Ответ: равенство выполняется