Econometrics II - Assignment 2

Uncensored sloths

13 Jan 2022

Question 1

- (i) Why does the process of taking each observation relative to its individual-level mean have the effect of "controlling for individual effects"?
- (ii) Two-way fixed effects with terms for both individual and time are often referred to as "controlling for individual and time effects". Why might a researcher want to do this rather than just taking individual fixed effects and adding a linear/polynomial/etc. term for time?
- (iii) Why random effects is likely to do a better job of estimating the individual effects than fixed effects, if its assumptions hold?\

Question 2

```
# Load data
data <- read.csv("assignment2.csv")
lnearnings <- ln(data$earnings)
data <- cbind(data, lnearnings)</pre>
```

(i) First use pooled OLS to check the impact of including and excluding asvabc on the estimate of β_1 Present and explain the result.\

```
pooled1 <- plm(lnearnings ~ school + age + agesq + time + ethblack + urban + regne + regnc + regw + reg pooled2 <- plm(lnearnings ~ school + age + agesq + time + ethblack + urban + regne + regnc + regw + reg stargazer(pooled1, pooled2)
```

- % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harvard.edu % Date and time: Do, Jan 13, 2022 10:13:18
 - (ii) Perform a pooled OLS analysis to obtain insight in the heterogeneity of returns to schooling by ethnicity. Present the results and comment on the outcomes. What are the conclusions based on this?\

```
pooled3 <- plm(lnearnings ~ school + age + agesq + time + urban + regne + regnc + regw + regs + asvabc,
stargazer(pooled2, pooled3)
```

- % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harvard.edu
- % Date and time: Do, Jan 13, 2022 10:13:22

Table 1:

_	Dependent variable:		
	lnearnings		
	(1)	(2)	
school	0.070***	0.046***	
	(0.001)	(0.001)	
age	0.093***	0.090***	
	(0.005)	(0.005)	
agesq	-0.001***	-0.001^{***}	
	(0.0001)	(0.0001)	
time1	-0.027	-0.025	
	(0.017)	(0.017)	
time2	-0.059^{***}	-0.047^{***}	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time3	-0.094***	-0.074^{***}	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time4	-0.117^{***}	-0.088***	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time5	-0.113***	-0.076***	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time6	-0.102***	-0.058***	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time7	-0.065***	-0.012	
	(0.017)	(0.016)	
time8	-0.032^*	0.027	
	(0.017)	(0.017)	
time9	-0.067***	0.0002	
	(0.018)	(0.017)	
time10	-0.072***	0.004	
	(0.018)	(0.018)	
time11	-0.096***	-0.014	
	(0.018)	(0.018)	
time12	-0.105***	-0.015	
	(0.019)	(0.019)	
time13	-0.102***	-0.007	
	(0.019)	(0.019)	
time14	-0.097***	0.007	
	(0.021) 2	(0.021)	
	-0.093***	0.025	
time16	-0.093 (0.021)	(0.025) (0.021)	

Table 2:

	Table 2:		
-	Dependent variable:		
		rnings	
	(1)	(2)	
school	0.046***	0.044***	
	(0.001)	(0.001)	
age	0.090***	0.088***	
	(0.005)	(0.005)	
agesq	-0.001***	-0.001^{***}	
	(0.0001)	(0.0001)	
	,	, ,	
time1	-0.025	-0.024	
	(0.017)	(0.017)	
time2	-0.047***	-0.045^{***}	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
	•	, ,	
time3	-0.074^{***}	-0.072^{***}	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time4	-0.088***	-0.085***	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time5	-0.076***	-0.073^{***}	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time6	-0.058***	-0.054***	
	(0.016)	(0.016)	
time7	-0.012	-0.007	
	(0.012)	(0.016)	
	(0.0-0)	, ,	
time8	0.027	0.035**	
	(0.017)	(0.017)	
time9	0.0002	0.009	
	(0.017)	(0.017)	
time10	0.004	0.014	
	(0.018)	(0.018)	
time11	-0.014	-0.003	
	(0.018)	(0.018)	
time12	0.015	0.000	
	-0.015 (0.019)	-0.002 (0.019)	
	(0.019)	(0.019)	
time13	-0.007	0.006	
	(0.019)	(0.019)	
time14	0.007	0.020	
	0.007 (0.021)	$0.020 \\ (0.021)$	
	(0.021) 3	(0.021)	
time16	0.025	0.042**	
	(0.021)	(0.021)	