

## Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



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|-------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Name of the indicator</b>        | <b>3.8.2 Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditure or income.</b>  |
| <b>Sustainable Development Goal</b> | Goal 3. Good health and well-being  |
| <b>Target</b>                       | 3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all   |
| <b>Definition</b>                   | Proportion of the population with large household expenditure on health as a share of total household expenditure or income.  |
| <b>Unit</b>                         | percent [%]   |
| <b>Available dimensions</b>         |   |
| <b>Methodological explanations</b>  | <p><b>Household expenditure on health</b> is defined as any expenditure to get any type of care (promotive, preventive, curative, rehabilitative, palliative or long-term care) including medicines, vaccines and all health products for all members of the household.</p> <p>Two thresholds are used to define „large household expenditure on health”: greater than 10% and greater than 25% of total household expenditure or income.</p> |
| <b>Data source</b>                  | World Health Organization   |
| <b>Data availability</b>            | Annual data, since 2010   |
| <b>Notes</b>                        | 'Estimated data, calculated by WHO'   |

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