



## Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



| Name of the indicator           | 3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Sustainable Development<br>Goal | Goal 3. Good health and well-being  |
| Target                          | 3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination   |
| Definition                      | Death rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution (deaths per 100,000 population).   |
| Unit                            | persons   |
| Available dimensions            | total   |
| Methodological<br>explanations  | The estimate of the mortality resulting from exposure to air pollution takes into account the following important diseases:  • Acute respiratory infections in young children (estimated under 5 years of age);  • Cerebrovascular diseases (stroke) in adults (estimated above 25 years);  • Ischaemic heart diseases (IHD) in adults (estimated above 25 years);  • Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) in adults (estimated above 25 years); and  • Lung cancer in adults (estimated above 25 years). |
| Data source                     | World Health Organization   |
| Data availability               | Data every few years since 2016   |
| Notes                           | 'Estimated data, computed by WHO.'  |

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