
Ongoing MINEX Report Card

Template Generator 4Q



Last Updated: October 9, 2015

Participant Details

Company: ID Solutions

Date Submitted: 8/27/2014

Date Validated: 8/28/2014

Date Completed: 9/3/2014

Library	Size (bytes)	MD5 Checksum
libminex.dll	2345472	63777e24710e57bdfda9c1aea47e01e9

NOTE: NIST plans to decertify Windows-based libraries in MINEX III.

Compliance Test Results

The following presents **PIV compliance** results per the criteria detailed in [NIST Special Publication 800-76-2: Biometric Specifications for Personal Identity Verification](#).

PIV: FAIL

- All certified matchers must be able to match templates from this template generator with an $\text{FNMR}_{\text{FMR}}(0.01) \leq 0.01$ using two fingers (4.5.2.2-3). ✓
- Minutia density plots derived from generated templates do not exhibit a periodic, grid-like, or geometric structure without reasonable justification. ✗ (See Section 3.4)

Notes

- This report will be updated as new matching algorithms and template generators pass the compliance test. These updates will not change the PASS/FAIL decision above.
- NIST reserves the right to decertify a template generator if it later discovers the template generator violates PIV specifications in some previously undetected way.

Contents

Participant Details	1
Compliance Test Results	1
Notes	1
1 Introduction	3
2 Methodology	3
2.1 Dataset	3
2.2 Accuracy Metrics	3
2.3 Interoperability	4
3 Results	5
3.1 Single Finger	5
3.2 Two Finger	8
3.3 Minutia Counts	10
3.4 Minutia Density Plots	11
4 Performance Tables	12
5 References	20

List of Figures

1 MINEX Interoperability Test Setup	4
2 DET (Single Finger)	5
3 DET (Left Index)	6
4 DET (Right Index)	6
5 FNMR @ FMR = 0.01 (Single Finger)	7
6 DET (Two Finger)	8
7 FNMR @ FMR = 0.01 (Two Finger)	9
8 Minutia Counts	10
9 2D Minutia density plots.	11

List of Tables

1 Single finger	12
2 Right index finger	14
3 Left index finger	16
4 Two finger	18

1 Introduction

Testing is performed at a NIST facility. Each participant's submission is validated by NIST before undergoing full testing to ensure it operates correctly. If the matcher passes the validation procedure, it is then used to compare standard fingerprint templates. Performance is assessed against templates created by a template generator submitted by the participant as well as templates created by other compliant template generators.

2 Methodology

Testing is performed at a NIST facility. Each participant's submission is validated by NIST before undergoing full testing to ensure it operates correctly. If the template generator passes the validation procedure, performance is assessed by using MINEX compliant matching algorithms to compare templates created by the template generator. These matchers were submitted to the ongoing MINEX program by various participants.

2.1 Dataset

Testing is performed over a single dataset of sequestered fingerprint images. The images were collected by U.S. Visit at ports of entry into the United States. They consist of Live-scan plain impressions of left and right index fingers. WSQ [1] compression was applied to all images at a ratio of 15:1. The most recent capture of each subject was treated as the authentication sample, and the next most recent as the enrolled sample.

The dataset was divided into 123 962 mated and 124 994 non-mated subject pairings. Since both left and right index fingerprints are available for each subject, this provides 247 924 mated and 249 988 nonmated single-finger comparisons (after database consolidation). This also means that when left and right index fingers are fused at the score level [2, 7], the sets condense to 123 962 mated and 124 994 nonmated comparison scores.

2.2 Accuracy Metrics

Core matching accuracy is presented in the form of Detection Error Tradeoff (DET) plots [6], which show the trade-off between the False Match Rate (FMR) and the False Non-Match Rate (FNMR) as a decision threshold is adjusted. Formally, let m_i ($i = 1 \dots M$) be the i th mated comparison score, and n_j ($j = 1 \dots N$) the j th non-mated comparison score. Then the statistics are

$$\text{FMR}(\tau) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^N \mathbb{1}\{n_j \geq \tau\}, \quad (1)$$

$$\text{FNMR}(\tau) = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^M \mathbb{1}\{m_i < \tau\}. \quad (2)$$

where $\mathbb{1}\{A\}$ is the indicator [3] of event A . Equations 1 and 2 define the curve parametrically with the decision threshold, τ , as the free parameter. In some figures and tables, FNMR is presented as a function of FMR. This relationship is determined by

$$\text{FNMR}_{\text{FMR}}(\alpha) = \min_{\tau} \{ \text{FNMR}(\tau) \mid \text{FMR}(\tau) \leq \alpha \}, \quad (3)$$

which reads as the smallest FNMR that can be achieved while maintaining an FMR less than or equal to α , the targeted FMR. This method of relating the two error statistics ensures FNMR is well-defined for all $0 \leq \alpha \leq 1$. It also imposes a natural penalty on matching algorithms that produce heavily discretized scores.



Figure 1: MINEX Interoperability Test Setup

2.3 Interoperability

Interoperability is tested in a manner similar to *Scenario 1* from the [MINEX Evaluation Report \[4\]](#) (see Figure 1). An enrolment template is prepared using submission X. Submission Y is used to prepare the authentication template and perform the match. The authentication template is always prepared by the same submission used to compare the templates. However, enrolment templates need not originate from the same submission. When they do, we refer to as "native" mode.

3 Results

This section details the performance of template generator 4Q. Sections 3.1 and 3.2 present accuracy results for single finger and two finger matching respectively. Section 3.3 presents information on the number of minutia the template generator finds in the samples.

3.1 Single Finger

Single finger comparison results show the combined results for left and right index comparisons. For reference, *NIST Special Publication 800-76-2* requires that the template generator achieve an accuracy of $\text{FNMR}_{\text{FMR}}(0.01) \leq 0.01$ against all compliant matchers.

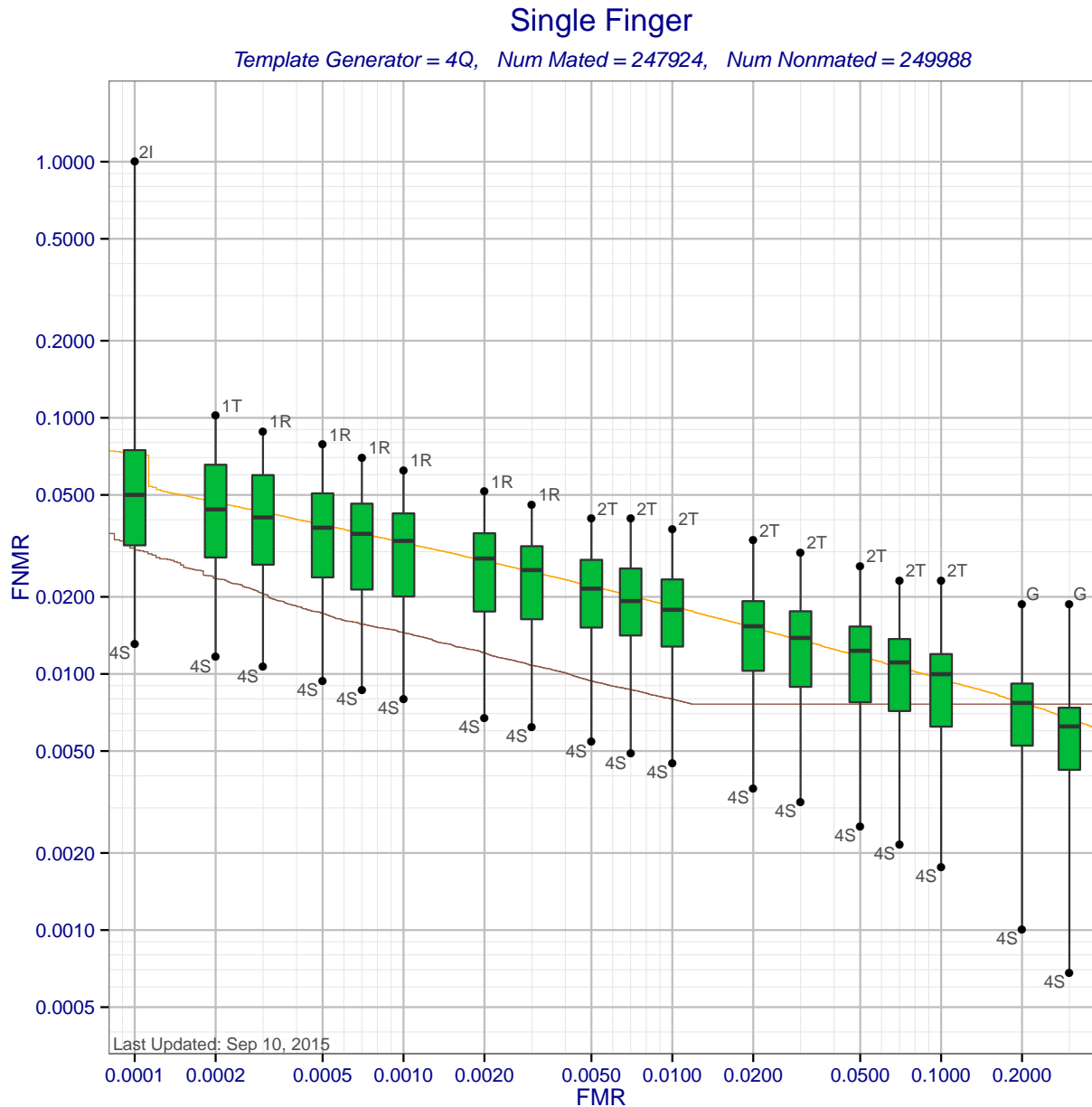


Figure 2: Single finger DET statistics for template generator 4Q. Each box shows the distribution of FNMRs at a fixed FMR across different matchers. The whisker ends show the minimum and maximum FNMRs. The brown curve shows the DET curve when the matcher and template generators were submitted by the same participant. The orange DET curve shows pooled performance when all matchers compare templates created by 4Q.

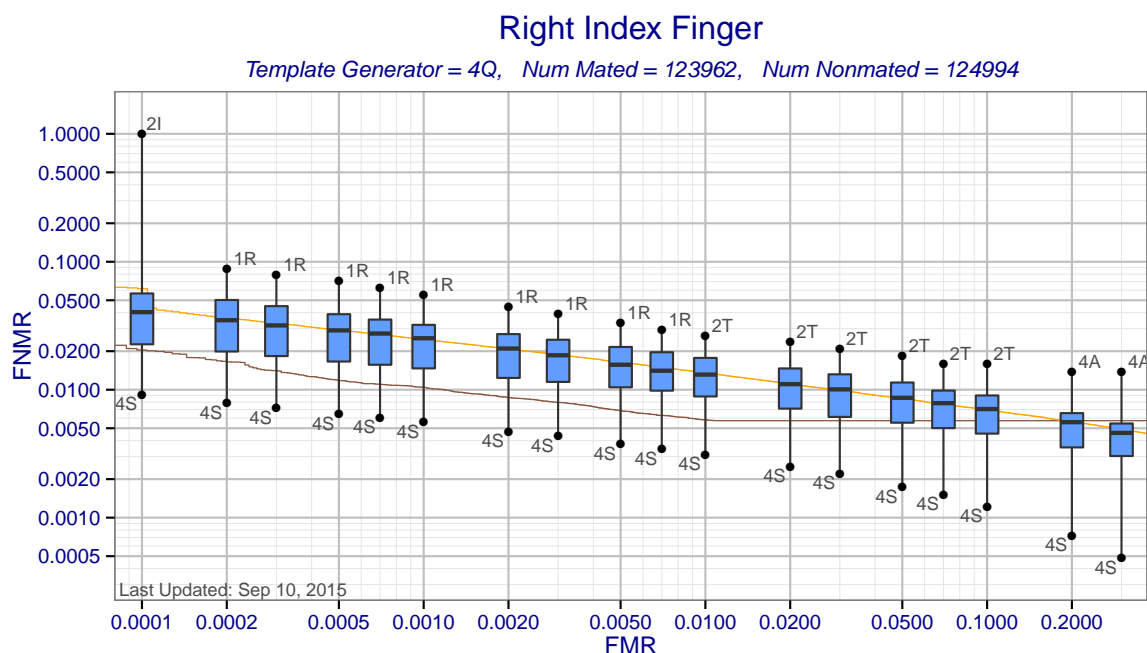


Figure 3: Right Index Finger DET statistics for template generator 4Q. Each box shows the distribution of FNMRs at a fixed FMR across different matchers. The whisker ends show the minimum and maximum FNMRs. The brown curve shows the DET curve when the matcher and template generators were submitted by the same participant. The orange DET curve shows pooled performance when all matchers use templates created by 4Q.

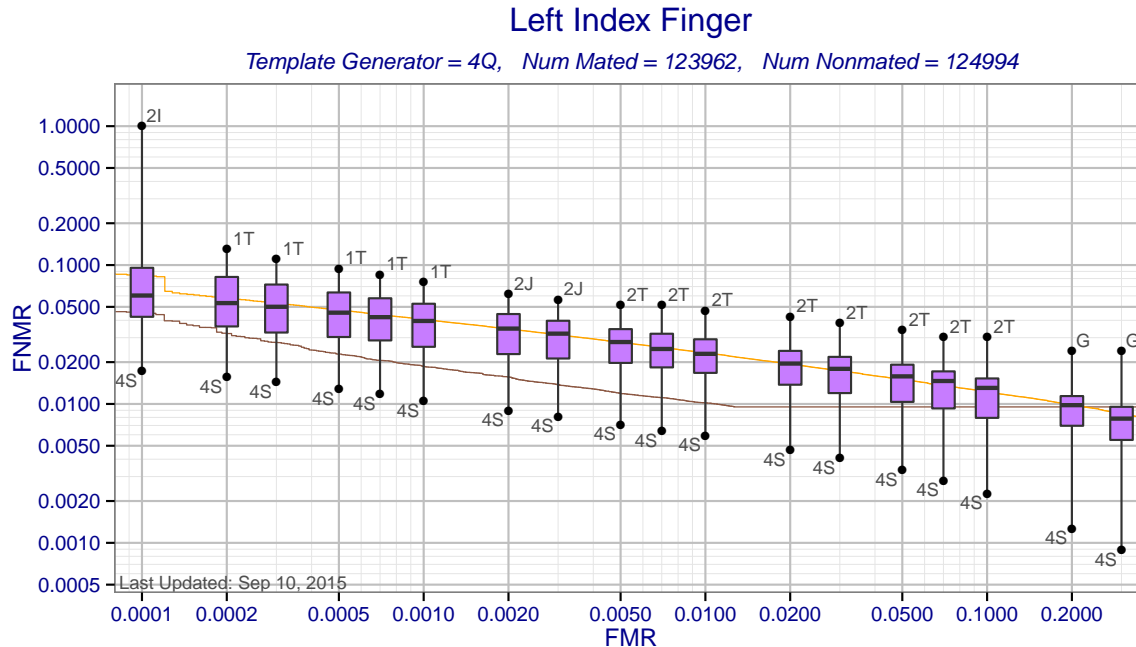


Figure 4: Left Index Finger DET statistics for template generator 4Q. Each box shows the distribution of FNMRs at a fixed FMR across different template generators. The brown curve shows the DET curve when the matcher and template generators were submitted by the same participant. The orange DET curve shows pooled performance when all matchers use templates created by 4Q.

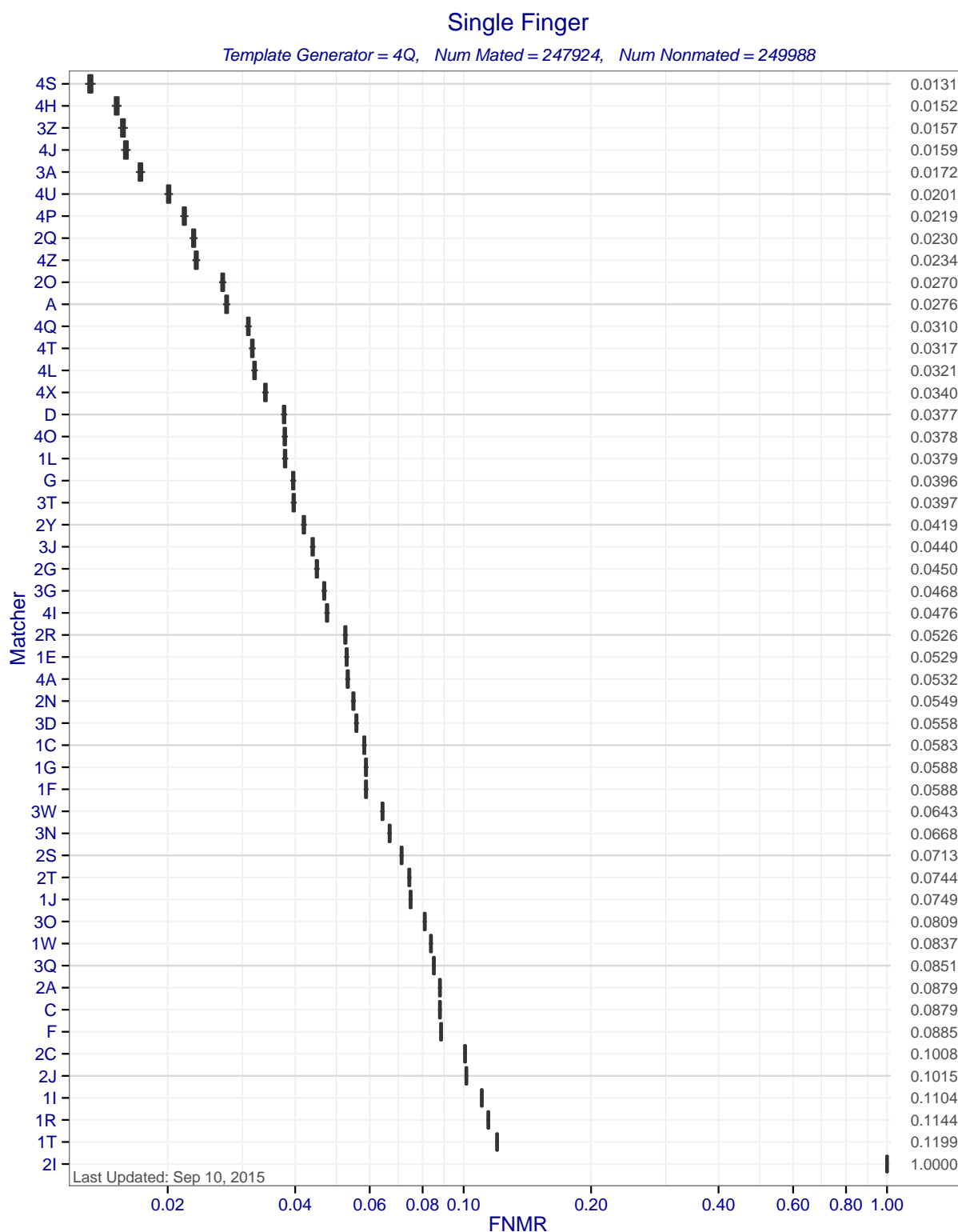


Figure 5: Single Finger FNMRs at FMR=0.0001 when MINEX compliant matchers compare templates created by template generator 4Q. Each box represents uncertainty about the true FNMR. The box edges mark the 50% confidence intervals while the whiskers mark the 90% confidence intervals. The numbers on the right show the actual computed FNMRs.

3.2 Two Finger

This section presents accuracy when different MINEX compliant matchers compare templates created by template generator 4Q. Two finger fusion is achieved by averaging the scores for left and right index fingers for each person.

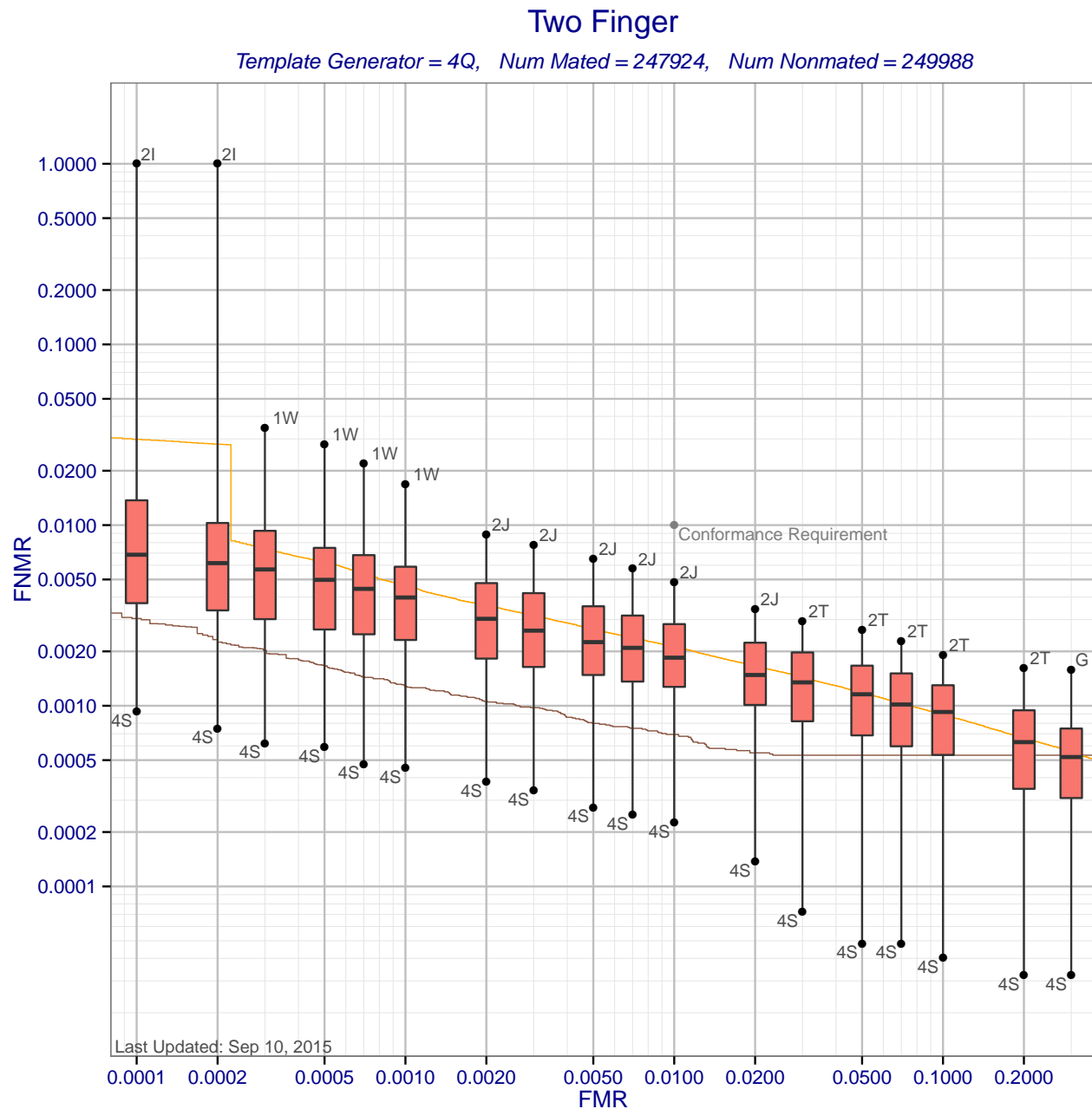


Figure 6: Two Finger DET statistics for template generator 4Q. Each box shows the distribution of FNMRs at a fixed FMR across different matchers. The whisker ends show the minimum and maximum FNMRs. The brown curve shows the DET curve when the matcher and template generators were submitted by the same participant. The orange DET curve shows pooled performance when all matchers use templates created by 4Q. Score-level fusion is achieved by averaging the scores for left and right index fingers.

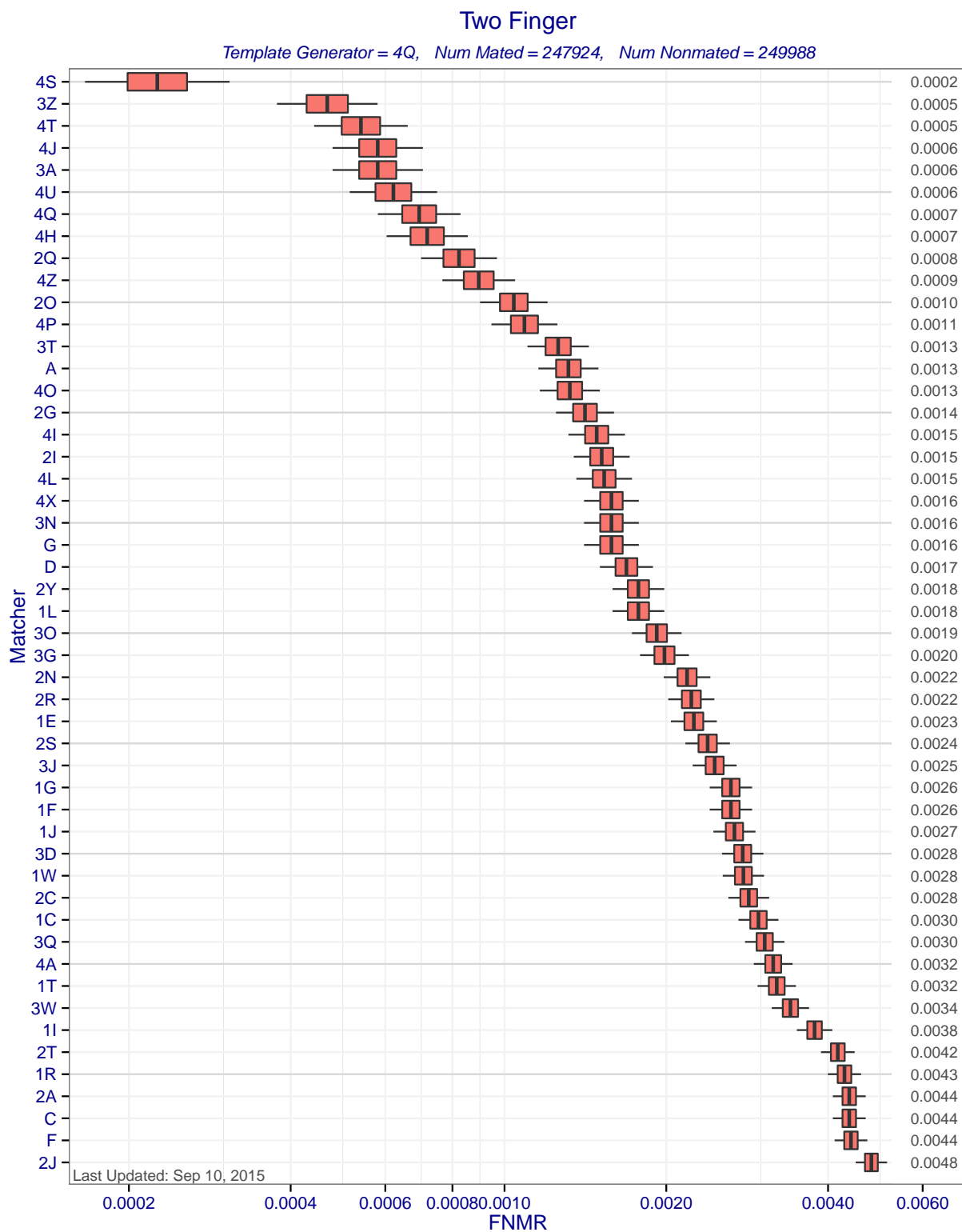


Figure 7: Two Finger FNMR at FMR=0.01 when different matchers compare templates created by template generator 4Q. Each box represents uncertainty about the true FNMR. The box edges mark the 50% confidence intervals while the whiskers mark the 90% confidence intervals. The numbers on the right show the actual computed FNMRs. Score-level fusion is achieved by averaging the scores for left and right index fingers.

3.3 Minutia Counts

This section presents information relating to the number of minutia the template generator finds in fingerprint images. The relative number of minutia found in common fingerprint images has been shown to influence matching outcomes [8, 5].

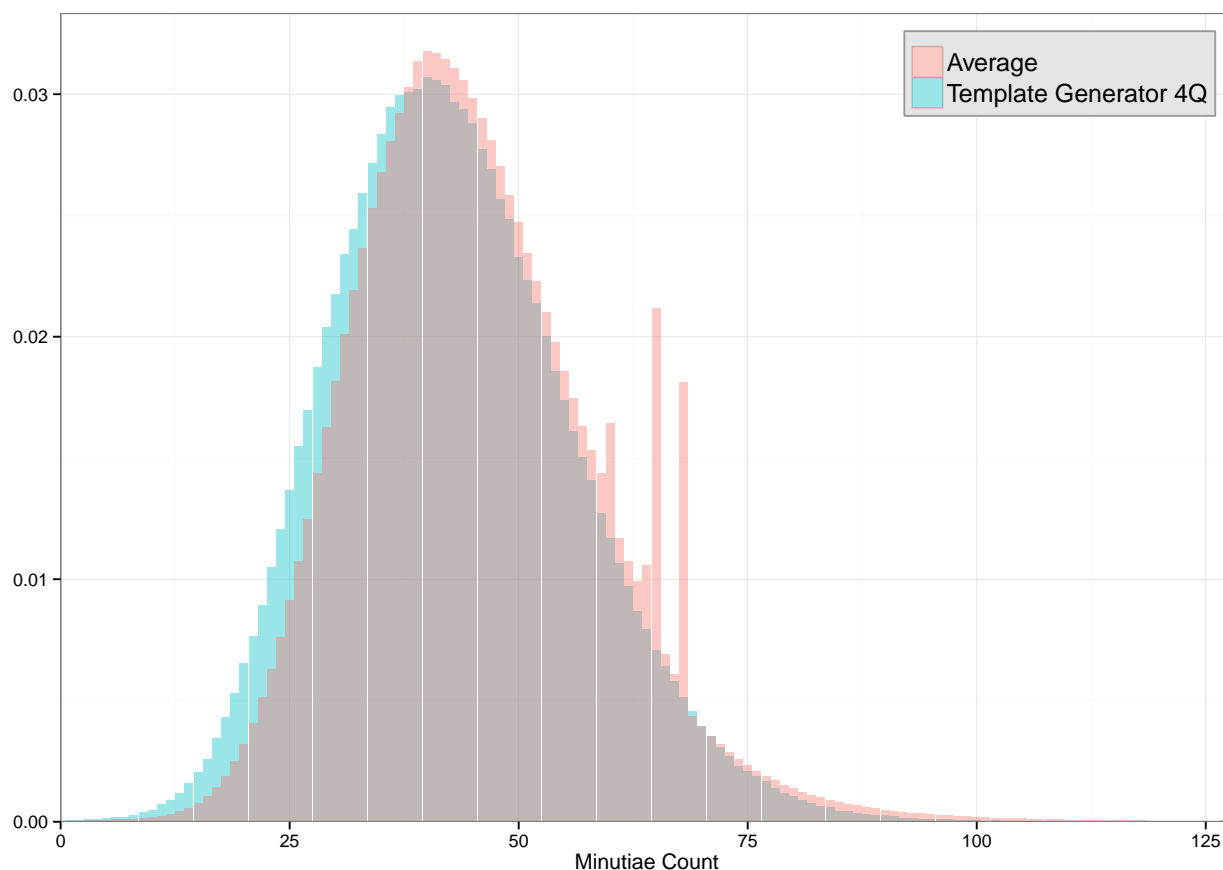
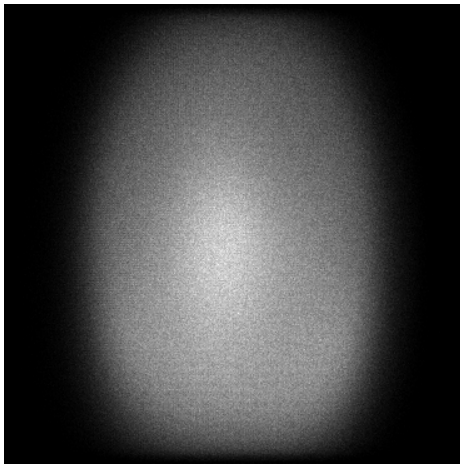


Figure 8: Probability distribution of the number of minutia the template generator found in the samples. The average probability distribution shows the combined distribution of minutia counts across all compliant template generators.

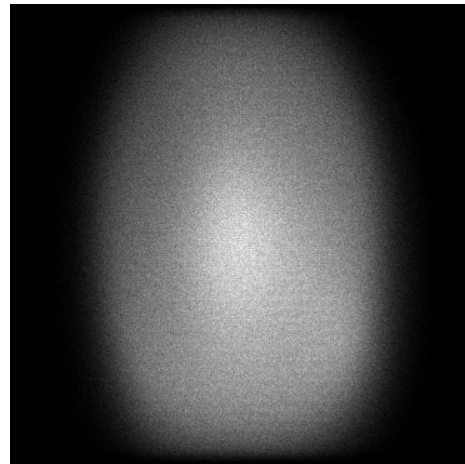
3.4 Minutia Density Plots

Minutia density plots show where the template generator tends to find minutia in fingerprint images. They are 2D histograms where the degree of illumination at an (x, y) coordinate indicates how frequently the software located a minutiae point at that location. The purpose of showing minutia density plots is to determine whether the template generator exhibits regional preference when locating minutia.

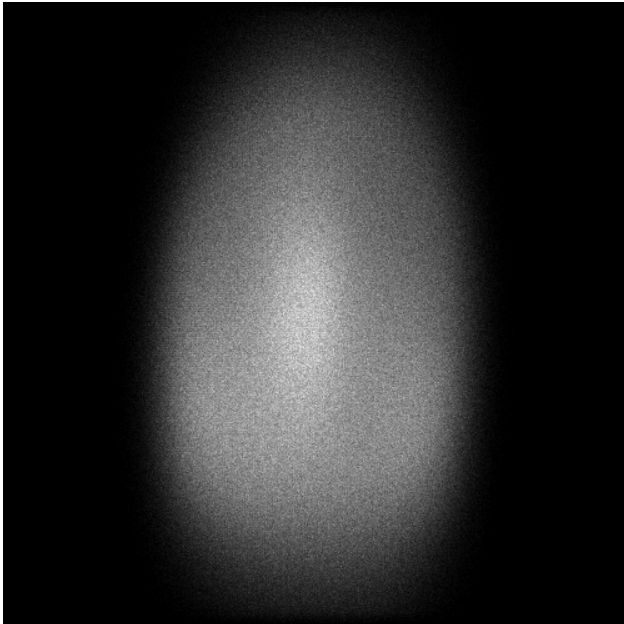
NIST has determined that this template generator produces minutia exhibiting a periodic structure. This is an indication that the template generator is departing from the minutia placement requirements of INCITS 378, clause 5. The expected pattern is a locally uniform distribution, and the appearance of local structure indicates systematic non-conformance with the standard. Given such behavior negatively affects interoperability[8], developers are asked to determine the cause of such behavior – for example, as an artifact of a tilebased image processing algorithms applied to the input fingerprint image and to resubmit corrected algorithms.



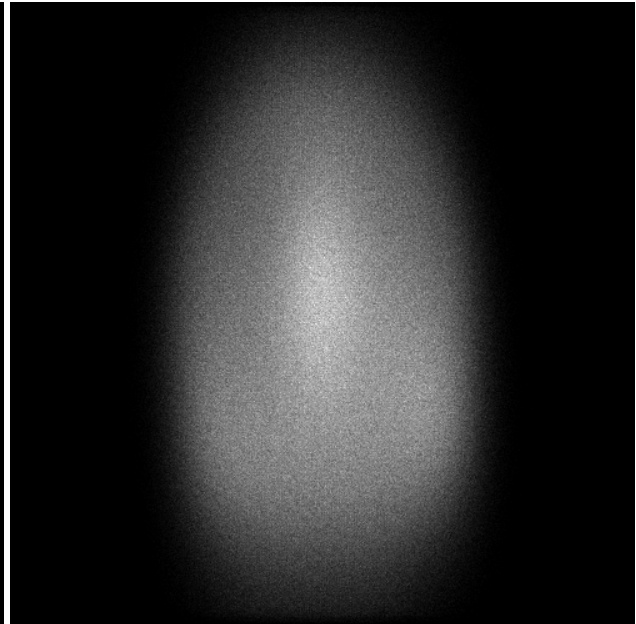
(a) Minutia density plot for 251 874 368x368 right indexes.



(b) Minutia density plot for 251 874 368x368 left indexes.



(c) Minutia density plot for 123 120 500x500 right indexes.



(d) Minutia density plot for 123 120 500x500 left indexes.

Figure 9: 2D Minutia density plots.

4 Performance Tables

The following tables present accuracy numbers, including estimates of uncertainty in the form of 90% confidence bounds. These tables are provided because most of the figures in the main body of the report do not present actual accuracy numbers.

Table 1: *Single finger FNMRs at various FMRs when 4Q and MINEX compliant matchers compare templates created by template generator 4Q.*

Matcher	FNMR @ FMR=0.01	FNMR @ FMR=0.001	FNMR @ FMR=0.0001
A	0.0137 ± 0.0004	0.0190 ± 0.0005	0.0276 ± 0.0005
B	—	—	—
C	0.0301 ± 0.0006	0.0548 ± 0.0008	0.0879 ± 0.0009
D	0.0162 ± 0.0004	0.0256 ± 0.0005	0.0377 ± 0.0006
F	0.0302 ± 0.0006	0.0547 ± 0.0008	0.0885 ± 0.0009
G	0.0188 ± 0.0004	0.0267 ± 0.0005	0.0396 ± 0.0006
1C	0.0230 ± 0.0005	0.0389 ± 0.0006	0.0583 ± 0.0008
1E	0.0228 ± 0.0005	0.0363 ± 0.0006	0.0529 ± 0.0007
1F	0.0221 ± 0.0005	0.0372 ± 0.0006	0.0588 ± 0.0008
1G	0.0221 ± 0.0005	0.0372 ± 0.0006	0.0588 ± 0.0008
1I	0.0290 ± 0.0006	0.0596 ± 0.0008	0.110 ± 0.001
1J	0.0234 ± 0.0005	0.0455 ± 0.0007	0.0749 ± 0.0009
1L	0.0151 ± 0.0004	0.0250 ± 0.0005	0.0379 ± 0.0006
1R	0.0312 ± 0.0006	0.0625 ± 0.0008	0.114 ± 0.001
1T	0.0277 ± 0.0005	0.0586 ± 0.0008	0.120 ± 0.001
1W	0.0234 ± 0.0005	0.0444 ± 0.0007	0.0837 ± 0.0009
2A	0.0301 ± 0.0006	0.0548 ± 0.0008	0.0879 ± 0.0009
2C	0.0239 ± 0.0005	0.0486 ± 0.0007	0.1008 ± 0.0010
2G	0.0138 ± 0.0004	0.0262 ± 0.0005	0.0450 ± 0.0007
2I	0.0166 ± 0.0004	0.0361 ± 0.0006	1.000000 ± 0.000005
2J	0.0309 ± 0.0006	0.0602 ± 0.0008	0.1015 ± 0.0010
2N	0.0203 ± 0.0005	0.0351 ± 0.0006	0.0549 ± 0.0008
2O	0.0081 ± 0.0003	0.0150 ± 0.0004	0.0270 ± 0.0005
2Q	0.0091 ± 0.0003	0.0148 ± 0.0004	0.0230 ± 0.0005
2R	0.0215 ± 0.0005	0.0348 ± 0.0006	0.0526 ± 0.0007
2S	0.0220 ± 0.0005	0.0393 ± 0.0006	0.0713 ± 0.0009
2T	0.0368 ± 0.0006	0.0563 ± 0.0008	0.0744 ± 0.0009
2Y	0.0157 ± 0.0004	0.0258 ± 0.0005	0.0419 ± 0.0007
3A	0.0079 ± 0.0003	0.0115 ± 0.0004	0.0172 ± 0.0004
3D	0.0238 ± 0.0005	0.0381 ± 0.0006	0.0558 ± 0.0008
3G	0.0169 ± 0.0004	0.0293 ± 0.0006	0.0468 ± 0.0007
3J	0.0201 ± 0.0005	0.0315 ± 0.0006	0.0440 ± 0.0007
3N	0.0167 ± 0.0004	0.0347 ± 0.0006	0.0668 ± 0.0008
3O	0.0218 ± 0.0005	0.0428 ± 0.0007	0.0809 ± 0.0009
3Q	0.0282 ± 0.0005	0.0535 ± 0.0007	0.0851 ± 0.0009
3T	0.0128 ± 0.0004	0.0225 ± 0.0005	0.0397 ± 0.0006
3W	0.0228 ± 0.0005	0.0411 ± 0.0007	0.0643 ± 0.0008
3Z	0.0064 ± 0.0003	0.0100 ± 0.0003	0.0157 ± 0.0004
4A	0.0237 ± 0.0005	0.0370 ± 0.0006	0.0532 ± 0.0007
4H	0.0057 ± 0.0002	0.0097 ± 0.0003	0.0152 ± 0.0004

Table 1: (continued)

Matcher	FNMR @ FMR=0.01	FNMR @ FMR=0.001	FNMR @ FMR=0.0001
4I	0.0166 ± 0.0004	0.0295 ± 0.0006	0.0476 ± 0.0007
4J	0.0057 ± 0.0002	0.0098 ± 0.0003	0.0159 ± 0.0004
4L	0.0145 ± 0.0004	0.0215 ± 0.0005	0.0321 ± 0.0006
4O	0.0128 ± 0.0004	0.0235 ± 0.0005	0.0378 ± 0.0006
4P	0.0105 ± 0.0003	0.0154 ± 0.0004	0.0219 ± 0.0005
4Q	0.0080 ± 0.0003	0.0145 ± 0.0004	0.0310 ± 0.0006
4S	0.0045 ± 0.0002	0.0080 ± 0.0003	0.0131 ± 0.0004
4T	0.0103 ± 0.0003	0.0196 ± 0.0005	0.0317 ± 0.0006
4U	0.0079 ± 0.0003	0.0131 ± 0.0004	0.0201 ± 0.0005
4X	0.0154 ± 0.0004	0.0231 ± 0.0005	0.0340 ± 0.0006
4Z	0.0087 ± 0.0003	0.0148 ± 0.0004	0.0234 ± 0.0005

Table 2: *Right index finger FNMRs at various FMRs when 4Q and MINEX compliant matchers compare templates created by template generator 4Q.*

Matcher	FNMR @ FMR=0.01	FNMR @ FMR=0.001	FNMR @ FMR=0.0001
A	0.0095 ± 0.0005	0.0130 ± 0.0005	0.0176 ± 0.0006
B	—	—	—
C	0.0230 ± 0.0007	0.0433 ± 0.0010	0.073 ± 0.001
D	0.0123 ± 0.0005	0.0197 ± 0.0006	0.0305 ± 0.0008
F	0.0227 ± 0.0007	0.0434 ± 0.0010	0.071 ± 0.001
G	0.0134 ± 0.0005	0.0182 ± 0.0006	0.0252 ± 0.0007
1C	0.0176 ± 0.0006	0.0298 ± 0.0008	0.0465 ± 0.0010
1E	0.0176 ± 0.0006	0.0283 ± 0.0008	0.0420 ± 0.0009
1F	0.0160 ± 0.0006	0.0280 ± 0.0008	0.0461 ± 0.0010
1G	0.0160 ± 0.0006	0.0280 ± 0.0008	0.0461 ± 0.0010
1I	0.0231 ± 0.0007	0.051 ± 0.001	0.109 ± 0.001
1J	0.0176 ± 0.0006	0.0362 ± 0.0009	0.068 ± 0.001
1L	0.0111 ± 0.0005	0.0186 ± 0.0006	0.0291 ± 0.0008
1R	0.0256 ± 0.0007	0.055 ± 0.001	0.110 ± 0.001
1T	0.0196 ± 0.0006	0.0426 ± 0.0009	0.091 ± 0.001
1W	0.0177 ± 0.0006	0.0343 ± 0.0009	0.061 ± 0.001
2A	0.0230 ± 0.0007	0.0433 ± 0.0010	0.073 ± 0.001
2C	0.0177 ± 0.0006	0.0382 ± 0.0009	0.094 ± 0.001
2G	0.0092 ± 0.0004	0.0170 ± 0.0006	0.0281 ± 0.0008
2I	0.0118 ± 0.0005	0.0268 ± 0.0008	1.00000 ± 0.00001
2J	0.0230 ± 0.0007	0.0468 ± 0.0010	0.085 ± 0.001
2N	0.0145 ± 0.0006	0.0256 ± 0.0007	0.0445 ± 0.0010
2O	0.0054 ± 0.0003	0.0108 ± 0.0005	0.0206 ± 0.0007
2Q	0.0061 ± 0.0004	0.0096 ± 0.0005	0.0156 ± 0.0006
2R	0.0164 ± 0.0006	0.0287 ± 0.0008	0.0444 ± 0.0010
2S	0.0155 ± 0.0006	0.0276 ± 0.0008	0.049 ± 0.001
2T	0.0264 ± 0.0007	0.0390 ± 0.0009	0.057 ± 0.001
2Y	0.0112 ± 0.0005	0.0190 ± 0.0006	0.0310 ± 0.0008
3A	0.0053 ± 0.0003	0.0080 ± 0.0004	0.0132 ± 0.0005
3D	0.0186 ± 0.0006	0.0296 ± 0.0008	0.0440 ± 0.0010
3G	0.0121 ± 0.0005	0.0217 ± 0.0007	0.0335 ± 0.0008
3J	0.0155 ± 0.0006	0.0249 ± 0.0007	0.0366 ± 0.0009
3N	0.0118 ± 0.0005	0.0258 ± 0.0007	0.053 ± 0.001
3O	0.0156 ± 0.0006	0.0322 ± 0.0008	0.054 ± 0.001
3Q	0.0207 ± 0.0007	0.0418 ± 0.0009	0.069 ± 0.001
3T	0.0091 ± 0.0004	0.0162 ± 0.0006	0.0266 ± 0.0008
3W	0.0178 ± 0.0006	0.0320 ± 0.0008	0.052 ± 0.001
3Z	0.0042 ± 0.0003	0.0067 ± 0.0004	0.0111 ± 0.0005
4A	0.0184 ± 0.0006	0.0290 ± 0.0008	0.0434 ± 0.0010
4H	0.0037 ± 0.0003	0.0062 ± 0.0004	0.0101 ± 0.0005

Table 2: (continued)

Matcher	FNMR @ FMR=0.01	FNMR @ FMR=0.001	FNMR @ FMR=0.0001
4I	0.0128 ± 0.0005	0.0236 ± 0.0007	0.0389 ± 0.0009
4J	0.0036 ± 0.0003	0.0062 ± 0.0004	0.0104 ± 0.0005
4L	0.0096 ± 0.0005	0.0147 ± 0.0006	0.0220 ± 0.0007
4O	0.0088 ± 0.0004	0.0158 ± 0.0006	0.0276 ± 0.0008
4P	0.0068 ± 0.0004	0.0104 ± 0.0005	0.0146 ± 0.0006
4Q	0.0058 ± 0.0004	0.0104 ± 0.0005	0.0204 ± 0.0007
4S	0.0031 ± 0.0003	0.0056 ± 0.0003	0.0091 ± 0.0004
4T	0.0075 ± 0.0004	0.0147 ± 0.0006	0.0247 ± 0.0007
4U	0.0057 ± 0.0004	0.0093 ± 0.0004	0.0138 ± 0.0005
4X	0.0111 ± 0.0005	0.0172 ± 0.0006	0.0258 ± 0.0007
4Z	0.0060 ± 0.0004	0.0097 ± 0.0005	0.0153 ± 0.0006

Table 3: Left index finger FNMRs at various FMRs when 4Q and MINEX compliant matchers compare templates created by template generator 4Q.

Matcher	FNMR @ FMR=0.01	FNMR @ FMR=0.001	FNMR @ FMR=0.0001
A	0.0178 ± 0.0006	0.0249 ± 0.0007	0.0382 ± 0.0009
B	—	—	—
C	0.0373 ± 0.0009	0.067 ± 0.001	0.104 ± 0.001
D	0.0202 ± 0.0007	0.0318 ± 0.0008	0.0451 ± 0.0010
F	0.0377 ± 0.0009	0.066 ± 0.001	0.109 ± 0.001
G	0.0241 ± 0.0007	0.0357 ± 0.0009	0.055 ± 0.001
1C	0.0288 ± 0.0008	0.0481 ± 0.0010	0.074 ± 0.001
1E	0.0281 ± 0.0008	0.0445 ± 0.0010	0.066 ± 0.001
1F	0.0281 ± 0.0008	0.0467 ± 0.0010	0.069 ± 0.001
1G	0.0281 ± 0.0008	0.0467 ± 0.0010	0.069 ± 0.001
1I	0.0348 ± 0.0009	0.069 ± 0.001	0.114 ± 0.001
1J	0.0293 ± 0.0008	0.056 ± 0.001	0.085 ± 0.001
1L	0.0193 ± 0.0006	0.0315 ± 0.0008	0.0472 ± 0.0010
1R	0.0370 ± 0.0009	0.070 ± 0.001	0.116 ± 0.001
1T	0.0358 ± 0.0009	0.076 ± 0.001	0.149 ± 0.002
1W	0.0292 ± 0.0008	0.055 ± 0.001	0.110 ± 0.001
2A	0.0373 ± 0.0009	0.067 ± 0.001	0.104 ± 0.001
2C	0.0302 ± 0.0008	0.060 ± 0.001	0.110 ± 0.001
2G	0.0188 ± 0.0006	0.0368 ± 0.0009	0.057 ± 0.001
2I	0.0216 ± 0.0007	0.0464 ± 0.0010	1.00000 ± 0.00001
2J	0.0391 ± 0.0009	0.073 ± 0.001	0.117 ± 0.002
2N	0.0269 ± 0.0008	0.0449 ± 0.0010	0.066 ± 0.001
2O	0.0110 ± 0.0005	0.0190 ± 0.0006	0.0324 ± 0.0008
2Q	0.0120 ± 0.0005	0.0203 ± 0.0007	0.0305 ± 0.0008
2R	0.0265 ± 0.0008	0.0411 ± 0.0009	0.061 ± 0.001
2S	0.0287 ± 0.0008	0.051 ± 0.001	0.097 ± 0.001
2T	0.0472 ± 0.0010	0.070 ± 0.001	0.091 ± 0.001
2Y	0.0202 ± 0.0007	0.0326 ± 0.0008	0.053 ± 0.001
3A	0.0104 ± 0.0005	0.0150 ± 0.0006	0.0217 ± 0.0007
3D	0.0294 ± 0.0008	0.0472 ± 0.0010	0.067 ± 0.001
3G	0.0219 ± 0.0007	0.0371 ± 0.0009	0.060 ± 0.001
3J	0.0248 ± 0.0007	0.0381 ± 0.0009	0.052 ± 0.001
3N	0.0219 ± 0.0007	0.0450 ± 0.0010	0.086 ± 0.001
3O	0.0279 ± 0.0008	0.053 ± 0.001	0.099 ± 0.001
3Q	0.0346 ± 0.0009	0.064 ± 0.001	0.101 ± 0.001
3T	0.0166 ± 0.0006	0.0290 ± 0.0008	0.054 ± 0.001
3W	0.0285 ± 0.0008	0.051 ± 0.001	0.082 ± 0.001
3Z	0.0086 ± 0.0004	0.0132 ± 0.0005	0.0189 ± 0.0006
4A	0.0292 ± 0.0008	0.0451 ± 0.0010	0.064 ± 0.001
4H	0.0077 ± 0.0004	0.0132 ± 0.0005	0.0208 ± 0.0007

Table 3: (continued)

Matcher	FNMR @ FMR=0.01	FNMR @ FMR=0.001	FNMR @ FMR=0.0001
4I	0.0203 ± 0.0007	0.0355 ± 0.0009	0.056 ± 0.001
4J	0.0080 ± 0.0004	0.0138 ± 0.0005	0.0221 ± 0.0007
4L	0.0192 ± 0.0006	0.0285 ± 0.0008	0.0422 ± 0.0009
4O	0.0170 ± 0.0006	0.0314 ± 0.0008	0.049 ± 0.001
4P	0.0140 ± 0.0005	0.0203 ± 0.0007	0.0293 ± 0.0008
4Q	0.0102 ± 0.0005	0.0187 ± 0.0006	0.0452 ± 0.0010
4S	0.0059 ± 0.0004	0.0105 ± 0.0005	0.0173 ± 0.0006
4T	0.0125 ± 0.0005	0.0246 ± 0.0007	0.0394 ± 0.0009
4U	0.0102 ± 0.0005	0.0171 ± 0.0006	0.0259 ± 0.0007
4X	0.0196 ± 0.0006	0.0292 ± 0.0008	0.0430 ± 0.0009
4Z	0.0116 ± 0.0005	0.0204 ± 0.0007	0.0324 ± 0.0008

Table 4: *Two finger FNMRs at various FMRs when 4Q and MINEX compliant matchers compare templates created by template generator 4Q.*

Matcher	FNMR @ FMR=0.01	FNMR @ FMR=0.001	FNMR @ FMR=0.0001
A	0.0013 ± 0.0001	0.0023 ± 0.0002	0.0064 ± 0.0003
B	—	—	—
C	0.0044 ± 0.0002	0.0095 ± 0.0003	0.0175 ± 0.0004
D	0.0017 ± 0.0001	0.0028 ± 0.0002	0.0045 ± 0.0002
F	0.0044 ± 0.0002	0.0095 ± 0.0003	0.0178 ± 0.0004
G	0.0016 ± 0.0001	0.0033 ± 0.0002	0.0061 ± 0.0003
1C	0.0030 ± 0.0002	0.0051 ± 0.0002	0.0103 ± 0.0003
1E	0.0023 ± 0.0002	0.0041 ± 0.0002	0.0075 ± 0.0003
1F	0.0026 ± 0.0002	0.0050 ± 0.0002	0.0092 ± 0.0003
1G	0.0026 ± 0.0002	0.0050 ± 0.0002	0.0092 ± 0.0003
1I	0.0038 ± 0.0002	0.0104 ± 0.0003	0.0245 ± 0.0005
1J	0.0027 ± 0.0002	0.0059 ± 0.0003	0.0108 ± 0.0003
1L	0.0018 ± 0.0001	0.0031 ± 0.0002	0.0050 ± 0.0002
1R	0.0043 ± 0.0002	0.0119 ± 0.0004	0.0264 ± 0.0005
1T	0.0032 ± 0.0002	0.0091 ± 0.0003	0.0235 ± 0.0005
1W	0.0028 ± 0.0002	0.0168 ± 0.0004	0.0434 ± 0.0007
2A	0.0044 ± 0.0002	0.0095 ± 0.0003	0.0175 ± 0.0004
2C	0.0028 ± 0.0002	0.0072 ± 0.0003	0.0222 ± 0.0005
2G	0.0014 ± 0.0001	0.0030 ± 0.0002	0.0051 ± 0.0002
2I	0.0015 ± 0.0001	0.0044 ± 0.0002	1.000000 ± 0.000005
2J	0.0048 ± 0.0002	0.0114 ± 0.0003	0.0229 ± 0.0005
2N	0.0022 ± 0.0002	0.0042 ± 0.0002	0.0070 ± 0.0003
2O	0.0010 ± 0.0001	0.0016 ± 0.0001	0.0026 ± 0.0002
2Q	0.00082 ± 0.00009	0.0014 ± 0.0001	0.0021 ± 0.0002
2R	0.0022 ± 0.0002	0.0045 ± 0.0002	0.0394 ± 0.0006
2S	0.0024 ± 0.0002	0.0050 ± 0.0002	0.0099 ± 0.0003
2T	0.0042 ± 0.0002	0.0078 ± 0.0003	0.0111 ± 0.0003
2Y	0.0018 ± 0.0001	0.0033 ± 0.0002	0.0054 ± 0.0002
3A	0.00058 ± 0.00008	0.0011 ± 0.0001	0.0016 ± 0.0001
3D	0.0028 ± 0.0002	0.0047 ± 0.0002	0.0080 ± 0.0003
3G	0.0020 ± 0.0001	0.0034 ± 0.0002	0.0056 ± 0.0002
3J	0.0025 ± 0.0002	0.0045 ± 0.0002	0.0067 ± 0.0003
3N	0.0016 ± 0.0001	0.0038 ± 0.0002	0.0093 ± 0.0003
3O	0.0019 ± 0.0001	0.0053 ± 0.0002	0.0147 ± 0.0004
3Q	0.0030 ± 0.0002	0.0072 ± 0.0003	0.0165 ± 0.0004
3T	0.0013 ± 0.0001	0.0023 ± 0.0002	0.0041 ± 0.0002
3W	0.0034 ± 0.0002	0.0063 ± 0.0003	0.0106 ± 0.0003
3Z	0.00047 ± 0.00007	0.00080 ± 0.00009	0.0014 ± 0.0001
4A	0.0032 ± 0.0002	0.0058 ± 0.0003	0.0089 ± 0.0003
4H	0.00072 ± 0.00009	0.0011 ± 0.0001	0.0017 ± 0.0001

Table 4: (continued)

Matcher	FNMR @ FMR=0.01	FNMR @ FMR=0.001	FNMR @ FMR=0.0001
4I	0.0015 ± 0.0001	0.0030 ± 0.0002	0.0051 ± 0.0002
4J	0.00058 ± 0.00008	0.0010 ± 0.0001	0.0016 ± 0.0001
4L	0.0015 ± 0.0001	0.0023 ± 0.0002	0.0036 ± 0.0002
4O	0.0013 ± 0.0001	0.0026 ± 0.0002	0.0052 ± 0.0002
4P	0.0011 ± 0.0001	0.0018 ± 0.0001	0.0031 ± 0.0002
4Q	0.00069 ± 0.00009	0.0013 ± 0.0001	0.0030 ± 0.0002
4S	0.00023 ± 0.00005	0.00045 ± 0.00007	0.0009 ± 0.0001
4T	0.00054 ± 0.00008	0.0013 ± 0.0001	0.0025 ± 0.0002
4U	0.00062 ± 0.00008	0.0011 ± 0.0001	0.0018 ± 0.0001
4X	0.0016 ± 0.0001	0.0026 ± 0.0002	0.0042 ± 0.0002
4Z	0.00090 ± 0.00010	0.0018 ± 0.0001	0.0029 ± 0.0002

5 References

- [1] Jonathan N. Bradley, Christopher M. Brislawn, and Thomas Hopper. FBI wavelet/scalar quantization standard for gray-scale fingerprint image compression. In *SPIE, Visual Information Processing II*, 1961. [3](#)
- [2] Patrick Grother Elham Tabassi, George W. Quinn. When to fuse two biometrics. In *IEEE Computer Society on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, Workshop on Multi-Biometrics*, 2006. [3](#)
- [3] Robert Fontana, Giovanni Pistone, and Maria Rogantin. Classification of two-level factorial fractions. *Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference*, 87:149–172, 2000. [3](#)
- [4] P. Grother, M. McCabe, C. Watson, M. Indovina, W. Salamon, P. Flanagan, E. Tabassi, E. Newton, and C. Wilson. Performance and Interoperability of the INCITS 378 Fingerprint Template. Technical report, NIST, 2006. [4](#)
- [5] Olaf Henniger and Dirk Scheuermann. Minutiae template conformance and interoperability issues. In Arslan Brömme, Christoph Busch, and Detlef Hühnlein, editors, *BIOSIG*, volume 108 of *LNI*, pages 25–32. GI, 2007. [10](#)
- [6] A. Martin, G. Doddington, T. Kamm, M. Ordowski, and M. Przybocki. The DET curve in assessment of detection task performance. In *Proc. Eurospeech*, pages 1895–1898, 1997. [3](#)
- [7] George W. Quinn. Evaluation of latent fingerprint technologies: Fusion. In *NIST Latent Fingerprint Testing Workshop Recognition, Workshop*, 2009. [3](#)
- [8] Elham Tabassi, Patrick Grother, Wayne Salamon, and Craig Watson. Minutiae interoperability. In Arslan Brömme, Christoph Busch, and Detlef Hühnlein, editors, *BIOSIG*, volume 155 of *LNI*, pages 13–30. GI, 2009. [10](#), [11](#)