

Build an EF and ASP.NET Core 2.1 App HOL

Welcome to the Build an Entity Framework Core and ASP.NET Core 2.1 Application in a Day Hands On Lab. This optional lab walks you through creating custom validation attributes and the related client-side scripts.

Prior to starting this lab, you must have completed Lab 4.

All labs and files are available at https://github.com/skimedid/dotnetcore_hol.

Part 1: Create the Server-Side validation attributes

Step 1: Create the `MustBeGreaterThanZeroAttribute` attribute

- 1) Create a new folder in the MVC project named Validation.
- 2) Add a new class named `MustBeGreaterThanZeroAttribute.cs`.
- 3) Add the following using statements:

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;  
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.ModelBinding.Validation;
```

- 4) Make the class public, inherit from `ValidationAttribute`, and implement `IClientModelValidator`:

```
public class MustBeGreaterThanZeroAttribute : ValidationAttribute, IClientModelValidator  
{  
    public void AddValidation(ClientModelValidationContext context)  
    {  
    }  
}
```

- 5) Add two constructors. One that takes a custom error message and another that generates a default error message:

```
public MustBeGreaterThanZeroAttribute() : this("{0} must be greater than 0") { }  
public MustBeGreaterThanZeroAttribute(string errorMessage) : base(errorMessage) { }
```

- 6) Override the `FormatErrorMessage` method to properly format the `ErrorMessageString` (which is a property on the base `ValidationAttribute` class)

```
public override string FormatErrorMessage(string name)  
{  
    return string.Format(ErrorMessageString, name);  
}
```

- 7) Override the IsValid method to test if the value is greater than zero. This is used for server-side processing:

```
protected override ValidationResult IsValid(object value, ValidationContext validationContext)
{
    if (!int.TryParse(value.ToString(), out int result))
    {
        return new ValidationResult(FormatErrorMessage(validationContext.DisplayName));
    }
    if (result > 0)
    {
        return ValidationResult.Success;
    }
    return new ValidationResult(FormatErrorMessage(validationContext.DisplayName));
}
```

- 8) Implement the AddValidation method. This method is used when generating the client side implementation of the property.

```
public void AddValidation(ClientModelValidationContext context)
{
    string propertyDisplayName =
        context.ModelMetadata.DisplayName ?? context.ModelMetadata.PropertyName;
    string errorMessage = FormatErrorMessage(propertyDisplayName);
    context.Attributes.Add("data-val-greaterthanzero", errorMessage);
}
```

Step 2: Create the MustNotBeGreaterThanAttribute attribute

- 1) Add a new class named MustNotBeGreaterThanAttribute.cs.
2) Add the following using statements to the top of the file:

```
using System;
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
using System.Linq;
using System.Reflection;
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.ModelBinding.Validation;
```

- 3) Make the class public, inherit from ValidationAttribute, and implement IClientModelValidator. Also, add the AttributeUsage attribute to the class so it targets properties and can be used more than once in a class:

```
[AttributeUsage(AttributeTargets.Property, AllowMultiple = true)]
public class MustNotBeGreaterThanAttribute : ValidationAttribute, IClientModelValidator
{
    public void AddValidation(ClientModelValidationContext context)
    {
    }
}
```

- 4) Add two constructors. Since this attribute compares the value of this property to another property of the class instance, the constructors need to take in the other property name and an optional prefix. Just like the previous example, one takes a custom error message and the other generates a default error message:

```
readonly string _otherPropertyName;
string _otherPropertyDisplayName;
readonly string _prefix;
public MustNotBeGreaterThanAttribute(string otherPropertyName, string prefix = "")
    : this(otherPropertyName, "{0} must not be greater than {1}", prefix) { }
public MustNotBeGreaterThanAttribute(string otherPropertyName, string errorMessage, string prefix)
    : base(errorMessage)
{
    _otherPropertyName = otherPropertyName;
    _otherPropertyDisplayName = otherPropertyName;
    _prefix = prefix;
}
```

- 5) Override the FormatErrorMessage method to properly format the ErrorMessageString (which is a property on the base ValidationAttribute class)

```
public override string FormatErrorMessage(string name)
{
    return string.Format(ErrorMessageString, name, _otherPropertyDisplayName);
}
```

- 6) Override the IsValid method to test if the value is less than or equal to the other property. Once again, this is used for server-side processing:

```
protected override ValidationResult IsValid(object value, ValidationContext validationContext)
{
    var otherPropertyInfo = validationContext.ObjectType.GetProperty(_otherPropertyName);
    SetOtherPropertyName(otherPropertyInfo);
    if (!int.TryParse(value.ToString(), out int toValidate))
    {
        return new ValidationResult($"{validationContext.DisplayName} must be numeric.");
    }
    var otherValue = (int)otherPropertyInfo.GetValue(validationContext.ObjectInstance, null);
    return toValidate > otherValue
        ? new ValidationResult(FormatErrorMessage(validationContext.DisplayName))
        : ValidationResult.Success;
}
```

- 7) Implement the AddValidation method. This method uses a helper method to get the Display attribute (if it exists) or the straight property name of the other property. This method is used when generating the client-side implementation of the property.

```
internal void SetOtherPropertyName(PropertyInfo otherPropertyInfo)
{
    var displayAttribute =
        otherPropertyInfo.GetCustomAttributes<DisplayAttribute>().FirstOrDefault();
    _otherPropertyDisplayName = displayAttribute?.Name ?? _otherPropertyName;
}
public void AddValidation(ClientModelValidationContext context)
{
    string propertyDisplayName = context.ModelMetadata.GetDisplayName();
    var propertyInfo = context.ModelMetadata.ContainerType.GetProperty(_otherPropertyName);
    SetOtherPropertyName(propertyInfo);
    string errorMessage = FormatErrorMessage(propertyDisplayName);
    context.Attributes.Add("data-val-notgreaterthan", errorMessage);
    context.Attributes.Add("data-val-notgreaterthan-otherpropertyname", _otherPropertyName);
    context.Attributes.Add("data-val-notgreaterthan-prefix", _prefix);
}
```

Part 2: Update the View Models

Step 1: Update the AddToCartViewModel

- 1) Add the following using statemens:

```
using SpyStore_HOL.MVC.Validation;
```

- 2) Update the quantity property to the following:

```
public class AddToCartViewModel : CartViewModelBase
{
    [MustNotBeGreaterThan(nameof(UnitsInStock)), MustBeGreaterThanZero]
    public int Quantity { get; set; }
}
```

Step 2: Update the CartRecordViewModel

- 1) Add the following using statemens:

```
using SpyStore_HOL.MVC.Validation;
```

- 2) Update the quantity property to the following:

```
public class CartRecordViewModel : CartViewModelBase
{
    [MustNotBeGreaterThan(nameof(UnitsInStock))]
    public int Quantity { get; set; }
}
```

Part 3: Create the Client-Side validation scripts

Step 1: Create the Validators

- 1) Add a new folder named validations under the wwwroot/js folder.
- 2) Add a new JavaScript file named validators.js in the new folder.
- 3) Add the validator method for the GreaterThanZero validation. This name must match the name from the AddValidation method:

```
//This is the code from AddValidation
context.Attributes.Add("data-val-greaterthanzero", errorMessage);
//This is the code to add in the validators.js file
$.validator.addMethod("greaterthanzero", function (value, element, params) {
    return value > 0;
});
```

- 4) Add the unobtrusive adapter for the GreaterThanZero validation next. The rules property is simply set to true to enable validation, and the message is message from the AddValidation method:

```
//This is the code from AddValidation
context.Attributes.Add("data-val-greaterthanzero", errorMessage);
//This is the code to add in the validators.js file
$.validator.unobtrusive.adapters.add("greaterthanzero", function (options) {
    options.rules["greaterthanzero"] = true;
    options.messages["greaterthanzero"] = options.message;
});
```

- 5) Add the validator method for the NotGreaterThan validation. As with the previous example, the name must match the name from the AddValidation method:

```
$.validator.addMethod("notgreaterthan", function (value, element, params) {
    return +value <= +$(params).val();
});
```

- 6) Add the adapter for the NotGreaterThan validation:

```
$.validator.unobtrusive.adapters.add("notgreaterthan", ["otherpropertyname", "prefix"], function (options) {
    options.rules["notgreaterthan"] = "#" + options.params.prefix +
options.params.otherpropertyname;
    options.messages["notgreaterthan"] = options.message;
});
```

Step 2: Create the formatter code

This code prettifies errors in the UI.

- 1) Create a new JavaScript file named `errorFormatting.js` in the `validations` folder.
- 2) Update the code to match the following:

```
$.validator.setDefaults({
  highlight: function (element, errorClass, validClass) {
    if (element.type === "radio") {
      this.findByName(element.name).addClass(errorClass).removeClass(validClass);
    } else {
      $(element).addClass(errorClass).removeClass(validClass);
      $(element).closest('.form-group').addClass('has-error'); // .removeClass('has-
success');
    }
  },
  unhighlight: function (element, errorClass, validClass) {
    if (element.type === "radio") {
      this.findByName(element.name).removeClass(errorClass).addClass(validClass);
    } else {
      $(element).removeClass(errorClass).addClass(validClass);
      $(element).closest('.form-group').removeClass('has-error'); // .addClass('has-
success');
    }
  }
});
```

Part 4: Bundle and Minify the JavaScript

Step 1: Add LigerShark.WebOptimizer.Core

The WebOptimizer .NET Core package plugs into the ASP.NET Core pipeline for bundling and minification.

- 1) Right click on the SpyStore_HOL.MVC project and select Manage Nuget Packages
- 2) Enter LigerShark.WebOptimizer.Core into the search box
- 3) Install the package (current version 1.0.215 or greater)

Step 2: Update the _ViewImports.cshtml file

- 1) Before the @addTagHelper for Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.TagHelpers, add the following line:

```
@addTagHelper *, WebOptimizer.Core
```

Step 3: Update the Startup.cs file

- 1) In the Configure() method, add app.UseWebOptimizer() *before* the UseStaticFiles call.

Step 4: Update the _Layout.cshtml file

- 1) Remove “min” from the site.js file:

```
<script src="~/js/site.js" asp-append-version="true"></script>
```

Step 5: Bundle the JavaScript validation files

To minimize specific files or to create bundles, add configuration options into the AddWebOptimizer() method.

- 1) In the ConfigureServices() method, add services.AddWebOptimizer(). The automatically minimizes all JS and CSS files.
- 2) Use AddJavaScriptBundle to bundle files. First argument is the bundle name, next are the files to be bundled (with globbing support):

```
services.AddWebOptimizer(options =>
{
    //options.MinifyCssFiles(); //Minifies all CSS files
    //options.MinifyJsFiles(); //Minifies all JS files
    options.AddJavaScriptBundle("/js/validations/validationCode.js", "/js/validations/*.js");
});
```

Part 5: Update the `_ValidationScriptsPartial.cshtml`

1) Open `Views\Shared_ValidationScriptsPartial.cshtml`.

2) Add the following to the block defined as the `include="Development"` environment:

```
<script src="~/js/validations/validators.js" asp-append-version="true"></script>
<script src="~/js/validations/errorFormatting.js" asp-append-version="true"></script>
```

3) Add the following to the block defined as the `exclude="Development"` environment:

```
<script src="~/js/validations/validationCode.js"></script>
```

4) To test this, replace the two lines from 2) with the following to see the bundle in your browser developer tools:

```
<script src="~/js/validations/validationCode.js"></script>
```

Summary

The lab created the custom validation attribute, client-side validation scripts and formatting, bundled and minified the scripts, and updated the validation partial view.