

cs 2263 - FR01A Assignment 4

By Ngoc Phuong Anh Nguyen – 3712361 October 2021

Questions

Question 1: In a few sentences describe the design of your program. Focus on what each of the data structures holds and how each of the functions acts on them.

The program assigns the memory for 3 arrays: a char array named inputArray with size 100000 which stores data from html file, an integer array named countTag with 100 slots that store the number of each tag, and an array of pointers named nameTag with 100 slots that stores the pointer to the start of each unique tag.

Same with assignment 3, when the program is begun, it opens a file and copy data into inputArray. When the process is done, the program starts to run through each letter to find out a '<' (this sign is the beginning of tag). Next, it checks the next character if there is a '/' or '!'. If yes, the tags are ignored. Once the beginning of the line which has a valid tag is found, the program use clean() function to clear the line, and leave the tag. For instance, if a tag was "<p style="color:red">", the function would clean it, and transfer it to "", since only "p" is the tag name.

Meanwhile, the valid tags are also count so that the quantities are also stored. When the counting process is done, the program use print() function to print out the tag name and remove the tag signs "<>", and also printout the quantity of each tag.

Question 2: Show the testing of one of the functions using a test program.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
char* mallocString(int stringsize)
  return (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)* (stringsize));
char* duplicateString(char* s)
  char* sCopy = mallocString(strlen(s));
  if(sCopy != (char*)NULL)
    strcpy(sCopy,s);
  return sCopy;
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
  char output;
  output = duplicateString("Hello World");
  if(output == (char*)NULL)
    fprintf(stderr, "Memory failure, terminating");
    return EXIT FAILURE;
 printf("%s\n", output);
  free(output);
  return EXIT SUCCESS;
```

Figure 1: Source Code of print() function in a test program.

```
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ gcc -c testing.c
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ gcc -o run testing.c
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ gcc -o run testing.c
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ ./run
Hello World
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$
```

Figure 2: Output of the test program.

Question 3: Show the output from running your program on the included HelloWorld.html file.

Question 4: Show the output from running your program on the included Sample.html file.

```
htags.c
#include <stdlib.h>
```

Figure 3: Source Code of htags.c

```
if(*(string1 + i) != *(string2 + i))
      return false;
  return *(string1 + i) == *(string2 + i);
int getIndex(char *currentTag, char **tagNameArray, int tagArraySize)
  while(i < tagArraySize)
    if(compare(currentTag, *(tagNameArray + i)))
  return tagArraySize;
void print(char 'string)
 while(*(string + i) != '>')
    printf("%c", *(string + i));
 printf("\t");
char* mallocString(int stringsize)
  return (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)* (stringsize));
char* duplicateString(char* s)
```

Figure 4: Source Code of htags.c

```
char* duplicateString(char* 5)
  char* sCopy = mallocString(strlen(s));
  if(sCopy != (char*)NULL)
    strcpy(sCopy,s);
  return sCopy;
void freeAll(char input, char nameTag, int countTag)
  free(input);
  for(i = 0; i< 100; i++)
    free(nameTag[i]);
  free(nameTag);
  free(countTag);
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
  FILE file:
  char* inputArray = NULL;
  char **nameTag = NULL;
  int *countTag = NULL;
  inputArray = (char *)malloc(sizeof(char) * 100000);
  nameTag = (char **) malloc(sizeof(char *) * 100);
  countTag = (int *) malloc(sizeof(int) * 100);
  int pointer = 0;
  file = fopen(argv[1],"r");
  if(file == (FILE*)NULL)
    fprintf(stderr, "Unable to open file %s\n", argv[1]);
   return EXIT FAILURE;
```

Figure 5: Source Code of htags.c

```
int index = getIndex(inputArray + pointer, nameTag, tagArraySize);
if(index == tagArraySize)
```

Figure 6: Source Code of htags.c

```
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ gcc -c htags.c
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ gcc -o run htags.c
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ ./run HelloWorld.html
html
head
meta
        1
title
        1
body
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ ./run Sample.html
html
head
        1
meta
title
body
strong
ol
li
        2
blink
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$
```

Figure 7: Output of Question 3 and 4

```
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ ./run form.html
html
head
        1
title
        1
meta
        1
        1
body
        1
form
        2
input
        1
br
[anguyen5@gcl12m30 Assignment 4]$ ./run index.html
html
        1
head
        1
        2
meta
        1
title
body
        1
link
        1
        2
script
style
        1
div
        1
h1
        1
small
        1
        3
        28
h2
        1
ul
        1
li
        26
span
        26
hr
        1
em
[anguyen5@gc112m30 Assignment 4]$ ./run form-al.html
html
        1
head
        1
title
        1
        1
meta
body
        1
        1
form
        5
input
        4
br
        1
select
option 5
textarea
                 1
```

Figure 8: Output of htags.c using form.html, form-al.html and index.html

Note: There is a problem when I run file with form-al.html. It did show the correct result, but it included this: