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Lecture 9 – Auditing Applications

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Introduction

- Business application systems
 - Computer systems used to perform & support specific business processes
 - External vendor vs custom-made
- Control depends on
 - Business process supported
 - Programming language used
 - Technology platform underneath



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Steps for Auditing Applications



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1. Review input controls

- Evaluate controls built into system transactions over the input of data
- How
 - Verify invalid data is rejected or edited on entry
 - Understand application purpose & identify data integrity risks
 - Discussion with developer
 - Code review
 - Examples
 - Fields intended for numbers should not allow alphanumeric entry
 - Logic checks in transactions i.e. 24 hrs/day or 60 mins/hour
 - Preventing duplicates in unique fields



2. Determine need for error reports

- Evaluate whether the need for error/exception reports has been fulfilled
- Error reports allow data integrity problems to be reviewed when input controls are inappropriate
- How
 - Discuss error & exception handling with developer or administrator
 - Identify type of anomaly reports needed
 - Look for evidence of those reports



3. Review interface controls

- Evaluate controls in place over data feeds to/from interfacing systems
- Ensure data is transmitted accurately and completely
- How
 - Identify all existing interfaces i.e. System flow diagrams, interviews
 - Determine controls i.e. Code reviews, interviews
 - Control totals i.e. Hash totals, record counts
 - Review evidence applicable error reports are reviewed and acted upon
 - Suspense files to handle the errors
 - Reconciliation reports



4. Review data consistency mechanisms

- If the same data is stored in multiple databases ensure periodic sync processes are executed to detect inconsistencies
- How
 - Review existence and effectiveness of mechanism i.e. Discussion with app developer
 - Designation of master/slave



5. Review audit trails

- Evaluate audit trails in the system and their controls
- Useful for troubleshooting breaches
- How
 - Review logging processes with developer/administrator
 - What activity was performed, original/new values, who performed the change, when it was performed
 - Evaluate storage
 - Secure storage, reasonable retainment period



6. Evaluate transaction tracing mechanisms

- Ensure system provides means of tracing transaction/data from beginning to end
- Helps to pinpoint errors or irregularities in processing
- How
 - Review application with developer or administrator
 - Identify sample of recent transactions and attempt to trace



7. Review security monitoring processes

- Evaluate processes for monitoring and maintaining state of security in the system
- Helps to detect security incidents
- How
 - Understand security practices
 - Interview developer, review documentation
 - E.g., routine vulnerability scans,
 - Assess frequency and quality of monitoring
 - Validate security patch policies and procedures



8. Evaluate authentication mechanism

- Ensure app provides mechanism to authenticate users
- Minimum: unique identifier and confidential password
- How
 - Review app with developer to verify measures
 - Assess need for additional security e.g. Two-factor authentication in sensitive applications



9. Review authorization mechanism

- Evaluate app authorization mechanism to prevent users from accessing sensitive transactions or data without proper approval
- Ensure each user is given an access level
- How
 - Review app to ensure employees are only given access to accomplish their jobs
 - Verify if possible to check access of each user
 - Transactions and data they can access
 - Level of access i.e., display, update, delete



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10. Review the administrator function

- Ensure the existence of administrator function with appropriate controls and functionality
- This account/functionality should be tightly controlled
- How
 - Evaluate the function with developer or app admin
 - Function should be able to
 - Add, delete, modify user access, monitor access of other users
 - Review list of employees who have access



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11. Review user access processes

- Ensure access is granted only when there is legitimate business need
- Prevent access beyond scope
- How
 - Review processes for access request and approval
 - Ensure proper documentation of process
 - Select sample of users and verify approval process
 - Verify authorization mechanism



12. Review password controls

- Verify that app has appropriate password controls
- Verify change of default passwords
- Ensure automatic logging off of users
- How
 - Review password policy with app developer or administrator
 - Verify password type, change policy, password composition, max tries, existence of default passwords



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Further Reading

- Lecture 9 Reading