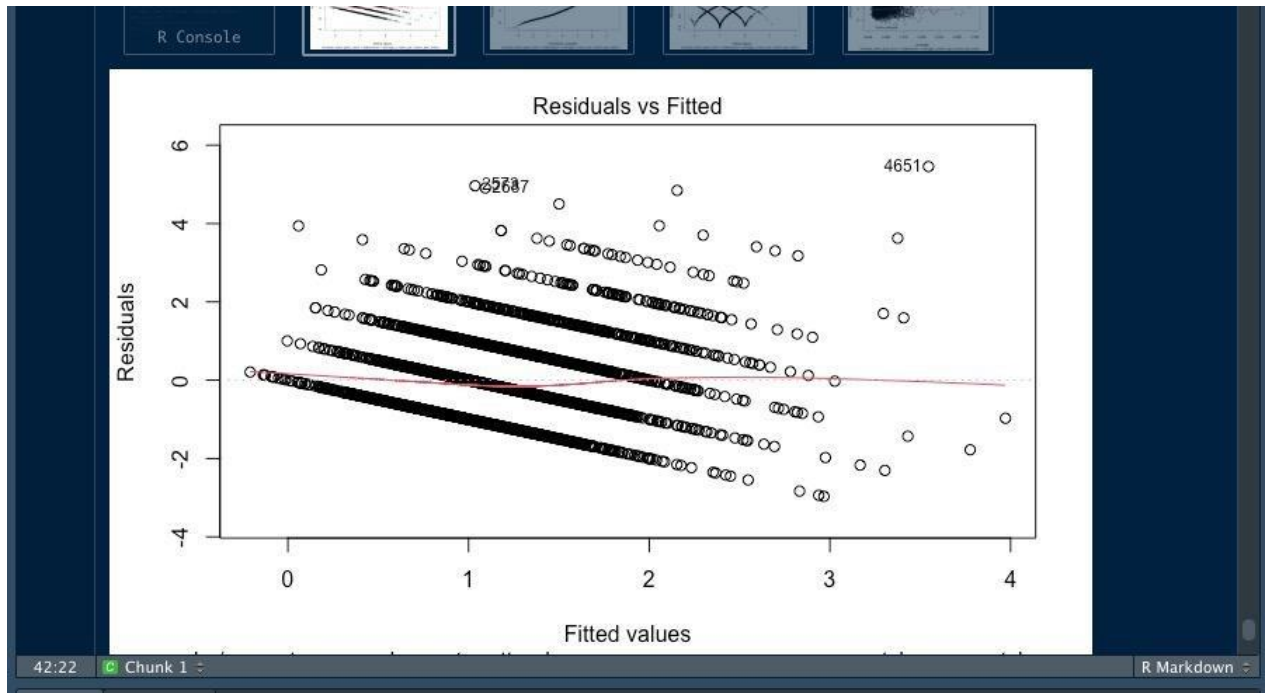


## Team Hyperborea : Sports | Individual Milestone 2

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Our team decided to move forward focusing on a goal differential variable `home_goal_count` and `away_goal_count` as our dependent variable.



```
> model <- lm(home_team_goal_count ~ home_team_possession + away_team_possession, data = epl_matches_cleaned)
> model1 <- lm(away_team_goal_count ~ home_team_possession + away_team_possession, data = epl_matches_cleaned)
```

```
> summary(model)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = home_team_goal_count ~ home_team_possession + away_team_possession,
    data = epl_matches_cleaned)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.4621	-1.0599	-0.1744	0.9192	5.9122

Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	0.08215	0.34143	0.241	0.81
home_team_possession	0.03352	0.00648	5.173	4.08e-07 ***
away_team_possession	NA	NA	NA	NA

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.42 on 318 degrees of freedom

(212 observations deleted due to missingness)

Multiple R-squared: 0.07762, Adjusted R-squared: 0.07472

F-statistic: 26.76 on 1 and 318 DF, p-value: 4.084e-07

```
> summary(model1)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = away_team_goal_count ~ home_team_possession + away_team_possession,
    data = epl_matches_cleaned)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.0048	-0.9290	-0.2751	0.6988	5.2298

Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	2.682273	0.305653	8.776	< 2e-16 ***
home_team_possession	-0.026058	0.005801	-4.492	9.88e-06 ***
away_team_possession	NA	NA	NA	NA

---

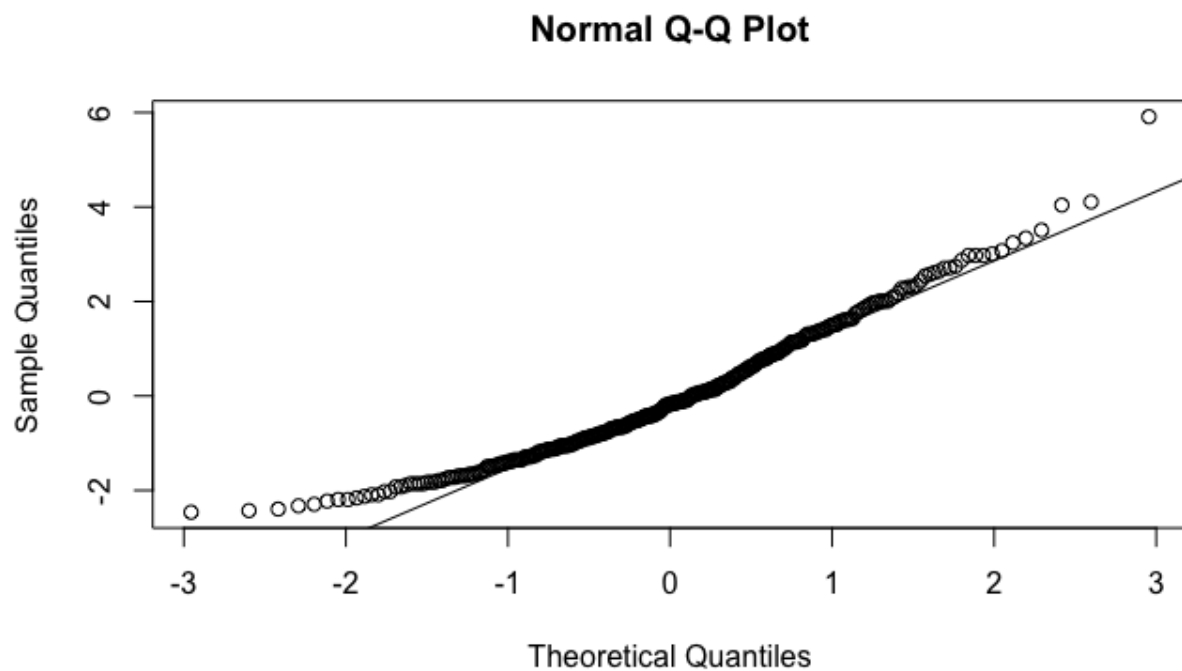
Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.271 on 318 degrees of freedom

(212 observations deleted due to missingness)

Multiple R-squared: 0.05967, Adjusted R-squared: 0.05671

F-statistic: 20.18 on 1 and 318 DF, p-value: 9.882e-06



This is a normal QQ plot where the dependent variables are `home_team_goal_count` and `away_team_goal_count` and the independent variables are `home_team_possession` and `away_team_possession`.

I've done forward and backward selection,

```
> step(model, direction = "backward")
Start: AIC=-20800.75
away_team_possession ~ home_team_possession
```

	Df	Sum of Sq	RSS	AIC
<none>			0	-20800.8
- home_team_possession	1	48023	48023	1605.6

```
Call:
lm(formula = away_team_possession ~ home_team_possession, data = epl_matches_cleaned)
```

```
Coefficients:
      (Intercept)  home_team_possession
              100                  -1
```

```
> step(model, direction = "forward")
Start: AIC=-20800.75
away_team_possession ~ home_team_possession
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = away_team_possession ~ home_team_possession, data = epl_matches_cleaned)
```

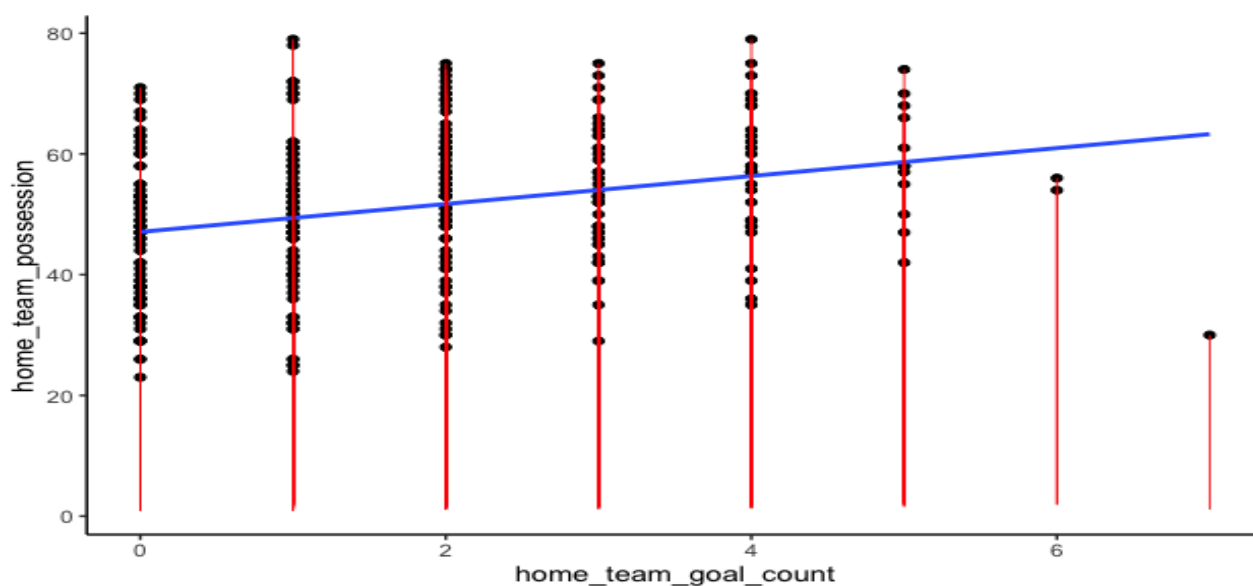
Coefficients:

```
(Intercept)  home_team_possession
          100                -1
```

```
> model.diag.metrics <- augment(model)
> head(model.diag.metrics)
# A tibble: 6 x 9
  .rownames home_team_goal_count home_team_possessi... .fitted .resid   .hat .sigma .cooksd .std.resid
  <chr>          <int>          <int>    <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
1 191              3              42    1.49  1.51  0.00491  1.42  2.80e-3  1.07
2 192              2              51    1.79  0.208  0.00313  1.42  3.38e-5  0.147
3 193              0              55    1.93 -1.93  0.00342  1.42  3.17e-3 -1.36
4 194              1              46    1.62 -0.624 0.00370  1.42  3.60e-4 -0.440
5 195              1              53    1.86 -0.859 0.00319  1.42  5.87e-4 -0.606
6 196              2              39    1.39  0.611 0.00625  1.42  5.85e-4  0.431
```

```
> ggplot(model.diag.metrics, aes(home_team_goal_count, home_team_possession)) +
+   geom_point() +
+   stat_smooth(method = lm, se = FALSE) +
+   geom_segment(aes(xend = home_team_goal_count, yend = .fitted), color = "red", size = 0.3)
```

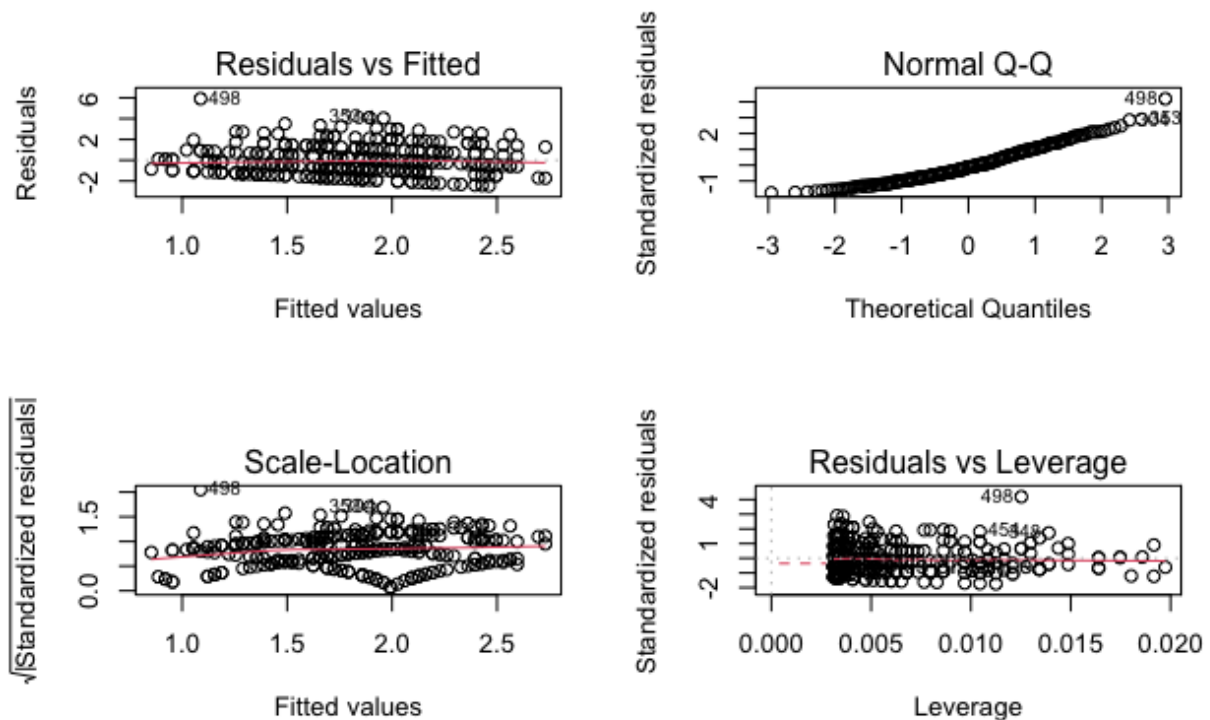
The fitted (or predicted) values are the y-values that you would expect for the given x-values according to the built regression mode.



Regression diagnostics plots can be created using the R base function `plot()` or the `autoplot()` function [ggfortify package], which creates a ggplot2-based graphics.

```
> par(mfrow = c(2, 2))  
> plot(model)
```

diagnostic plots with the R base function,



diagnostic plots using ggfortify:

