PLACEMENTS KEY'S



Coding Challenge #15 (Question)

Vyas wants an application which prints a triangle with his input character and number of lines(height) as borders.

Help him to develop the required program.

INPUT FORMAT:

- 1. User needs to enter the height of triangle(n)
- 2. User needs to enter the character to be drawn along the borders(x)

OUTPUT FORMAT:

Output the required triangle with given height and border.

CONSTRAIANTS:

n and x should be non-negative integers.

SAMPLE INPUT 0:

6

*

SAMPLE OUTPUT 0:



Coding Challenge #15 (C Solution)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
       printf("Enter the height\n");
       int n;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       printf("Enter the character\n");
       char ch;
       scanf(" %c",&ch);
       for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
               for(int j=1;j<=n-i;j++){
                       printf(" ");
               for(int j=1;j<=((2*i)-1);j++){
                       if(i==n)
                               printf("%c",ch);
                       else{
                               if(j==1 | | j==((2*i)-1))
                                       printf("%c",ch);
                               else
                                       printf(" ");
                               }
               printf("\n");
       }
}
```



Coding Challenge #15 (JAVA Solution)

```
import java.util.*;
public class TrianglePattern
       public static void main(String[] args)
               Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
               System.out.println("Enter the height");
               int n= input.nextInt();
               System.out.println("Enter the character");
               char c= input.next().charAt(0);
               for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
                       for(int j=1;j<=n-i;j++){
                              System.out.print(" ");
                       for(int j=1;j<=((2*i)-1);j++){
                              if(i==n)
                                      System.out.print(c);
                              else{
                                      if(j==1 | | j==((2*i)-1))
                                              System.out.print(c);
                                      else
                                              System.out.print(" ");
                                      }
                       System.out.println();
               }
       }
}
```





Coding Challenge #16 (Question)

User wants to check whether his number is a lucky number or not provided the number is four-digited. Develop an application program which checks the user's four-digited number is either lucky number or not.

A four-digit number PQRS is called LUCKY NUMBER if P+Q =R+S

INPUT FORMAT:

A four digited number input given from the user.

OUTPUT FORMAT:

Print as The given number is a lucky number if it satisfies the conditions of a lucky number otherwise not

CONSTRAINTS:

The given input must be a non-negative integer and consisting of 4 digits.

SAMPLE INPUT 0:

2341

SAMPLE OUTPUT 0:

The given number is a lucky number.

EXPLANATION:

2+3 = 4+1

SAMPLE INPUT 1:

1234

SAMPLE OUTPUT 1:

The given number is not a lucky number.

EXPLANATION:

1+2 is not equal to 3+4



Coding Challenge #16 (C Solution)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
       printf("Enter a four-digit number\n");
       int num;
       scanf("%d",&num);
       int fourth_digit = num%10;
       int third digit = (num/10)%10;
       int second digit =(num/100)%10;
       int first_digit = (num/1000);
       int sum1 = third_digit+fourth_digit;
       int sum2 = first_digit+second_digit;
       if(sum1==sum2)
              printf("Entered element is a LUCKY NUMBER");
       else
              printf("Entered element is NOT a lucky number");
}
```



Coding Challenge #16 (JAVA Solution)

```
import java.util.*;
public class LuckyNumber
       public static void main(String[] args)
              Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
              System.out.println("Enter a four-digit number");
              int num = input.nextInt();
              int fourth digit = num%10;
              int third digit = (num/10)%10;
              int second_digit =(num/100)%10;
              int first_digit = (num/1000);
              int sum1 = third_digit+fourth_digit;
              int sum2 = first digit+second digit;
              if(sum1==sum2)
                     System.out.println("Entered element is a LUCKY NUMBER");
              else
                     System.out.println("Entered element is NOT a lucky
number");
}
```