



# Coding Challenge #1

*Ranjan wants to develop an application which prints the following pattern based on the required size. Ranjan got stuck while building the logic and somewhere he missed the code. So, help him in order to print the required pattern as shown below.*

**Input format:**

The first line contains the two integers "m" and "n".

**Output format:**

Pattern of required size.

**Sample input 0:**

3 4

**Sample output 0:**

```
*  
  
*3*  
  
*44*  
  
*555*  
  
*6666*  
  
*555*  
  
*44*  
  
*3*  
  
*
```

**Explanation:**

The pattern should start and end with same number as mentioned as "m". Where size of the pattern depends on value of "n".



PLACEMENTS KEY'S

# Coding Challenge #1

Day - 1

Sample input 1:

10 10

Sample output 2:

```
*  
  
*10*  
  
*1111*  
  
*121212*  
  
*13131313*  
  
*1414141414*  
  
*151515151515*  
  
*16161616161616*  
  
*1717171717171717*  
  
*1818181818181818*  
  
*191919191919191919*  
  
*1818181818181818*  
  
*1717171717171717*  
  
*16161616161616*  
  
*151515151515*  
  
*141414141414*  
  
*13131313*  
  
*121212*  
  
*1111*  
  
*10*  
  
*
```

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# Coding Challenge #1

Day - 1

*Complete the code in the below Pattern\_print() function:*

```
#include<stdio.h>

int Pattern_print(int start,int size);

int Pattern_print(int start,int size)
{
    /*Complete the code*/
}

int main()
{
    int m,n,count;
    printf("Enter the size of m and n: "); //enter m and n
    scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
    Pattern_print(m,n); //the function calls is here
}
```

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# Coding Challenge #2

*Given an array, of size, reverse it.*

Example: If array = [1,2,3,4,5], after reversing it, array = [5,4,3,2,1].

## Input Format:

The first line contains an integer “size”, denoting the size of the array. The next line contains n(=size) space-separated integers denoting the elements of the array.

## Constraints:

$$1 \leq n \leq 1000$$

$1 \leq arr_{ith} \leq 1000$ , where  $arr_{ith}$  is the  $arr_{ith}$  element of the array.

## Output Format:

The output should contain the reverse array of the given array.

## Sample Input 0:

6  
16 13 7 2 1 12

## Sample Output 0:

12 1 2 7 13 16

## Explanation 0:

Given array = [16,13,7,2,1,12]. After reversing the array = [12,1,2,7,13,16]



PLACEMENTS KEY'S

# Coding Challenge #2

Day - 1

Sample Input 1:

7  
1 13 15 20 12 13 2

Sample Output 1:

2 13 12 20 15 13 1

Sample Input 2:

8  
15 5 16 15 17 11 5 11

Sample Output 2:

11 5 11 17 15 16 5 15

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# Coding Challenge #2

Complete the logic in below Reverse\_array function():

```
#include<stdio.h>

int Reverse_array(int size,int arr[]);

int Reverse_array(int size,int arr[]) //the function start here
{
    /*complete the code*/
}

int main()           //main()
{
    int arr[1000],size;
    printf("Enter the size: ");
    scanf("%d",&size);      //enter the size of array
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);    //enter the numbers into array
    Reverse_array(size,&arr[0]); //the function call is here
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)      //After reversing the array
        printf("%d ",arr[i]);    //Array gets printed
}
```