Faculty of Information Technology							
I declare that I am familiar with, and will abide to the Examination rules of	SUBJECT NAME: Programming with C# SUBJECT CODE:PRG521						
Mumay Signature	Formative Assessment 2 Duration:12-26 April Date:2023/04/21 Total Marks: 60 Total pages:24	Examiner: Mr. Junior Manganyi Moderator:					
Student number 20231805							
	Surname: Murray	Initials:MAK / %					

Contents

Question 1	3
The code for Question 1	4
The screenshots of the following code in an IDE(Visual Studio)	6
The Output of the Code	8
Question 2	10
Code without the LINQ query	10
Question 2.1	12
The code with the LINQ Query	12
The output with the LINQ query (Application used: Visual Studio	14
Question 2.2	15
The code for Q 2.2	15
Code output for Q2.2	17
Question 2.3	18
The code with Q 2.3	18
The output for Q 2.3	20
Question 2 .4	21
The code for Q 2.4	21
The code output for Q 2.4	23
Declaration	24

Question 1

1.1 Write a program in LINQ and C# Sharp to find the string which starts and ends with a specific character.

Tasks to complete:

• You are to use an array that will contain 10 South African cities – You are required to use cities provided below:

Test data: Butterworth, Mthatha, Jagersfontein, Kroonstad, Boksburg, Soweto, Empangeni, Polokwane,

Secunda, Kuruman.

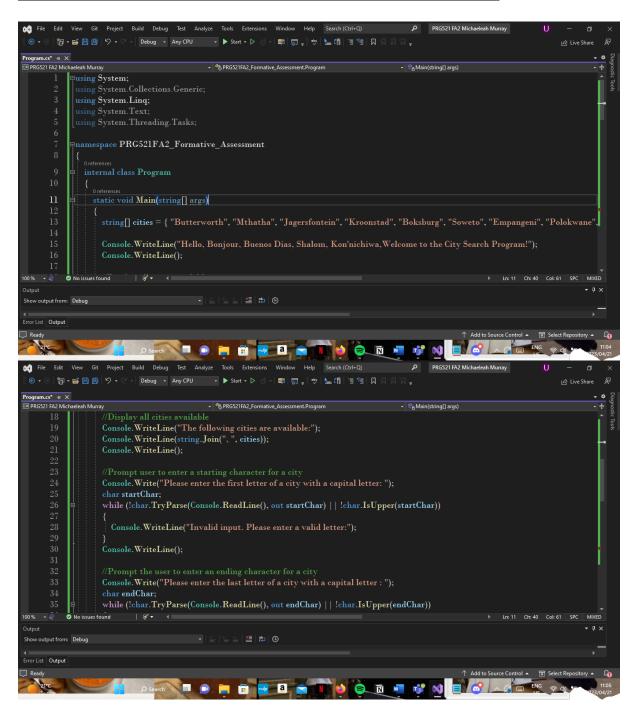
- Have a welcome message to your users that will help them know your application
- Display all cities available
- Prompt the user to enter a starting character for a city
- Prompt the user to enter an ending string character for a city
- Your output should be based on the starting and ending string character

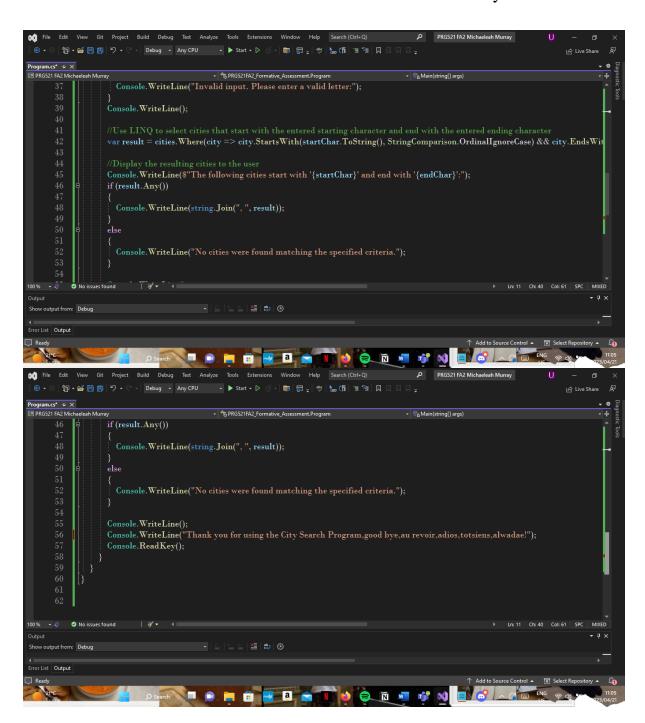
The code for Question 1

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System. Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace PRG521FA2_Formative_Assessment
  internal class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
       string[] cities = { "Butterworth", "Mthatha", "Jagersfontein",
"Kroonstad", "Boksburg", "Soweto", "Empangeni", "Polokwane", "Secunda",
"Kuruman" };
       Console. WriteLine ("Hello, Bonjour, Buenos Dias, Shalom,
Kon'nichiwa, Welcome to the City Search Program!");
       Console.WriteLine();
       //Display all cities available
       Console.WriteLine("The following cities are available:");
       Console.WriteLine(string.Join(", ", cities));
       Console.WriteLine();
       //Prompt user to enter a starting character for a city
       Console.Write("Please enter the first letter of a city with a capital letter:
");
       char startChar;
       while (!char.TryParse(Console.ReadLine(), out startChar) ||
!char.IsUpper(startChar))
       {
         Console.WriteLine("Invalid input. Please enter a valid letter:");
       Console.WriteLine();
       //Prompt the user to enter an ending character for a city
       Console.Write("Please enter the last letter of a city with a capital letter:
");
       char endChar;
       while (!char.TryParse(Console.ReadLine(), out endChar) ||
```

```
!char.IsUpper(endChar))
          Console.WriteLine("Invalid input. Please enter a valid letter:");
       Console.WriteLine();
       //Use LINQ to select cities that start with the entered starting character
and end with the entered ending character
       var result = cities. Where(city => city.StartsWith(startChar.ToString(),
StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase) && city.EndsWith(endChar.ToString(),
StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase));
       //Display the resulting cities to the user
       Console.WriteLine($"The following cities start with '{startChar}' and
end with '{endChar}':");
       if (result.Any())
          Console.WriteLine(string.Join(", ", result));
       else
          Console.WriteLine("No cities were found matching the specified
criteria.");
       }
       Console.WriteLine();
       Console. WriteLine("Thank you for using the City Search Program, good
bye,au revoir,adios,totsiens,alwadae!");
       Console.ReadKey();
     }
}
```

The screenshots of the following code in an IDE(Visual Studio)





The Output of the Code



9 PRG521 Formative Assessment Michaeleah Anne Murray 20231805



Question 2

Below you have been provided with lines of codes. Answer the questions based on the line of codes. You are required to recreate it and add your line of code based on the questions below and submit the complete working code together with the screenshots in PDF documents for all your outputs.

Code without the LINQ query

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace student
  public class Student
     public string Name { get; set; }
     public int Age { get; set; }
     public int[] Grades { get; set; }
  }
  public class Course
     public string Name { get; set; }
     public List<Student> Students { get; set; }
  class Program
     static void Main(string[] args)
       List<Course> courses = new List<Course>
         new Course
            Name = "Math",
            Students = new List<Student>
```

```
new Student { Name = "Alice", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } },
              new Student { Name = "Bob", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
75, 80, 85 } },
              new Student { Name = "Charlie", Age = 23, Grades = new int[] {
90, 95, 100 } }
         },
         new Course
            Name = "English",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "David", Age = 20, Grades = new int[] {
85, 90, 95 } },
              new Student { Name = "Emma", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
95, 100, 100 } },
              new Student { Name = "Frank", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } }
        };
```

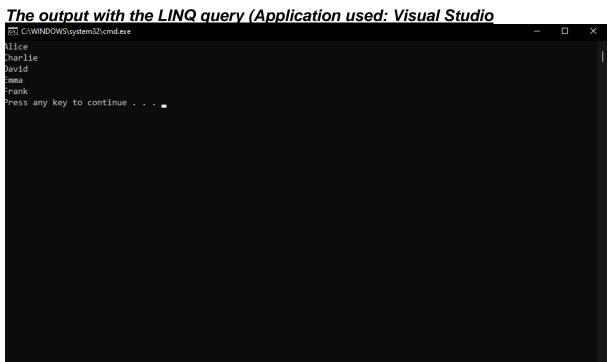
Write a LINQ query that retrieves the names of all the students who have at least one grade greater than or equal to 90.

The code with the LINQ Query

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace student
  public class Student
     public string Name { get; set; }
     public int Age { get; set; }
     public int[] Grades { get; set; }
  }
  public class Course
     public string Name { get; set; }
     public List<Student> Students { get; set; }
  }
  class Program
     static void Main(string[] args)
       List<Course> courses = new List<Course>
         new Course
            Name = "Math",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "Alice", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } },
              new Student { Name = "Bob", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
75, 80, 85 } },
              new Student { Name = "Charlie", Age = 23, Grades = new int[] {
```

```
90, 95, 100 } }
          new Course
            Name = "English",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "David", Age = 20, Grades = new int[] {
85, 90, 95 } },
              new Student { Name = "Emma", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
95, 100, 100 } },
              new Student { Name = "Frank", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } }
        };
       var query = from course in courses
              from student in course.Students
              where student.Grades.Any(g \Rightarrow g \Rightarrow 90)
              select student.Name;
       foreach (var name in query)
          Console.WriteLine(name);
     }
}
```

PRG521 Formative Assessment Michaeleah Anne Murray 20231805 14



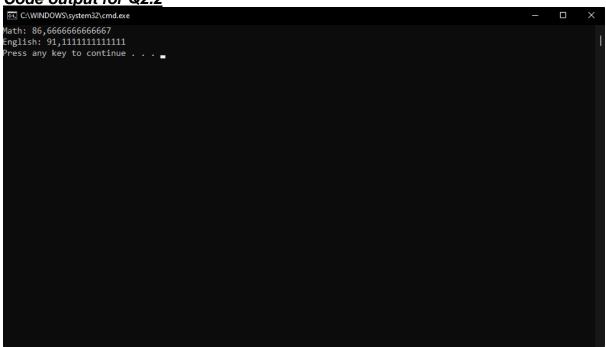
Write a LINQ query that calculates the average grade of all the students in each course, and returns a list of anonymous objects with the course name and the average grade.

The code for Q 2.2

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace student
  public class Student
     public string Name { get; set; }
     public int Age { get; set; }
    public int[] Grades { get; set; }
  }
  public class Course
     public string Name { get; set; }
    public List<Student> Students { get; set; }
  class Program
     static void Main(string[] args)
       List<Course> courses = new List<Course>
         new Course
            Name = "Math",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "Alice", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } },
```

```
new Student { Name = "Bob", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
75, 80, 85 } },
              new Student { Name = "Charlie", Age = 23, Grades = new int[] {
90, 95, 100 } }
         },
         new Course
            Name = "English",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "David", Age = 20, Grades = new int[] {
85, 90, 95 } },
              new Student { Name = "Emma", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
95, 100, 100 } },
              new Student { Name = "Frank", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } }
        };
       var query = from course in courses
              select new
                CourseName = course.Name,
                AverageGrade = course.Students.SelectMany(s =>
s.Grades).Average()
              };
       // execute the query and print the results
       foreach (var result in query)
         Console.WriteLine($"{result.CourseName}:
{result.AverageGrade}");
     }
}
```

Code output for Q2.2



Write a LINQ query that retrieves the names of all the courses where all the students have at least one grade greater than or equal to 80.

The code with Q 2.3

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace student
  public class Student
     public string Name { get; set; }
     public int Age { get; set; }
    public int[] Grades { get; set; }
  }
  public class Course
     public string Name { get; set; }
    public List<Student> Students { get; set; }
  }
  class Program
     static void Main(string[] args)
       List<Course> courses = new List<Course>
         new Course
            Name = "Math",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "Alice", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } },
              new Student { Name = "Bob", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
75, 80, 85 } },
```

```
new Student { Name = "Charlie", Age = 23, Grades = new int[] {
90, 95, 100 } }
         new Course
            Name = "English",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "David", Age = 20, Grades = new int[] {
85, 90, 95 } },
              new Student { Name = "Emma", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
95, 100, 100 } },
              new Student { Name = "Frank", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } }
        };
       var query = from course in courses
              where course. Students. All(s => s. Grades. Any(g => g >= 80))
              select course.Name;
       // execute the query and print the results
       foreach (var result in query)
         Console.WriteLine(result);
    }
}
```

The output for Q 2.3



Write a LINQ query that retrieves the name and age of the student with the highest average grade across all the courses.

The code for Q 2.4

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace student
  public class Student
     public string Name { get; set; }
     public int Age { get; set; }
    public int[] Grades { get; set; }
  }
  public class Course
     public string Name { get; set; }
    public List<Student> Students { get; set; }
  }
  class Program
     static void Main(string[] args)
       List<Course> courses = new List<Course>
         new Course
            Name = "Math",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "Alice", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } },
              new Student { Name = "Bob", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
75, 80, 85 } },
```

```
new Student { Name = "Charlie", Age = 23, Grades = new int[] {
90, 95, 100 } }
         new Course
           Name = "English",
            Students = new List<Student>
              new Student { Name = "David", Age = 20, Grades = new int[] {
85, 90, 95 } },
              new Student { Name = "Emma", Age = 22, Grades = new int[] {
95, 100, 100 } },
              new Student { Name = "Frank", Age = 21, Grades = new int[] {
80, 85, 90 } }
        };
       var query = from course in courses
              from student in course.Students
              select new
                Name = student.Name,
                Age = student.Age,
                AverageGrade = student.Grades.Average()
              } into studentGrades
              orderby studentGrades.AverageGrade descending
              select new
                Name = studentGrades.Name,
                Age = studentGrades.Age
              };
       // execute the query and print the result
       var result = query.First();
       Console.WriteLine($"Student with highest average grade:
{result.Name}, age {result.Age}");
  }
}
```

The code output for Q 2.4

Declaration

Completed Declaration of Authenticity

IMichaeleah Anne Murray	_ hereby declare that the
contents of this assignment is entirely	my own work except for the
following documents: (List the docume	ents and page numbers of work in
this portfolio	
that were generated in a group)	

Activity	Date
PRG521 FA2	23 April 2023

Signature:_	M.A.K.M	 Date: _	23 April
2023			-