MLT Homework 4

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Question 1

We have shown that for a finite hypothesis class $\mathcal{H}$, VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) $\leq \lfloor \log(|\mathcal{H}|) \rfloor$. However, this is just an upper bound. The VC-dimension of a class can be much lower than that.

Subquestion 1.1

Find an example of a class $\mathcal{H}$ of functions over the real interval $\mathcal{X} = [0,1]$ such that $\mathcal{H}$ is infinite while VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) $= 1$.

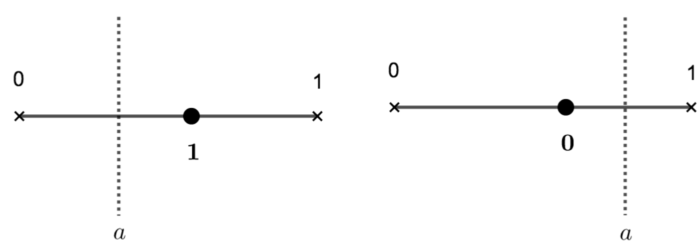
Solution

Let's define hypothesis class as:

$$\mathcal{H} = \{h_a : \ a \in [0,1]\}$$

$$h_a(x) = \begin{cases} 1; & x \geq a \\ 0; & x < a \end{cases}$$

From definition we know $|\mathcal{H}| = \infty$. Now we need to prove that VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) $= 1$.



(a) If point is labeled "1". (b) If point is labeled "0".

Figure 1: Proof that VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) ≥ 1.

- VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) ≥ 1: The proof we can see from the figure 1.
- VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) ≤ 1: From the figure 2 it is seen that hypothesis class $\mathcal{H}$ does not shatter a set of two points (no matter how we position them).

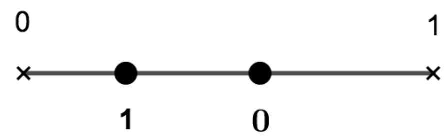


Figure 2: The problem we have when trying to shatter a set of two points.

Subquestion 1.2

Give an example of a finite hypothesis class $\mathcal{H}$ over domain $\mathcal{X} = [0, 1]$, where VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) $= \lfloor \log_2(|\mathcal{H}|) \rfloor$

Solution

Let's define hypothesis class:

$$\mathcal{H} = \{h_0, h_1\}$$

where $h_0(x) = 0$ $(\forall x)$ and $h_1(x) = 1$ $(\forall x)$. We would like to prove that VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) $= \lfloor \log_2(|\mathcal{H}|) \rfloor = \lfloor \log_2(2) \rfloor = 1$.

- VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) ≥ 1: If we want to label a $x \in [0, 1]$ as 1, we pick h_1 as hypothesis, otherwise we pick h_0. So, VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) ≥ 1.
- VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) ≤ 1: Let say that we have a set of two points. If we want to label one of the point with 1 and the other with 0, there does not exist a hypothesis in hypothesis class which can label two points differently.

We can conclude that VCdim($\mathcal{H}$) $= 1$.

Question 2

6.8

Solution

Question 3

6.9

Solution

Question 4

6.11

Solution