Software Embarcado

03 — Entrada Analógica

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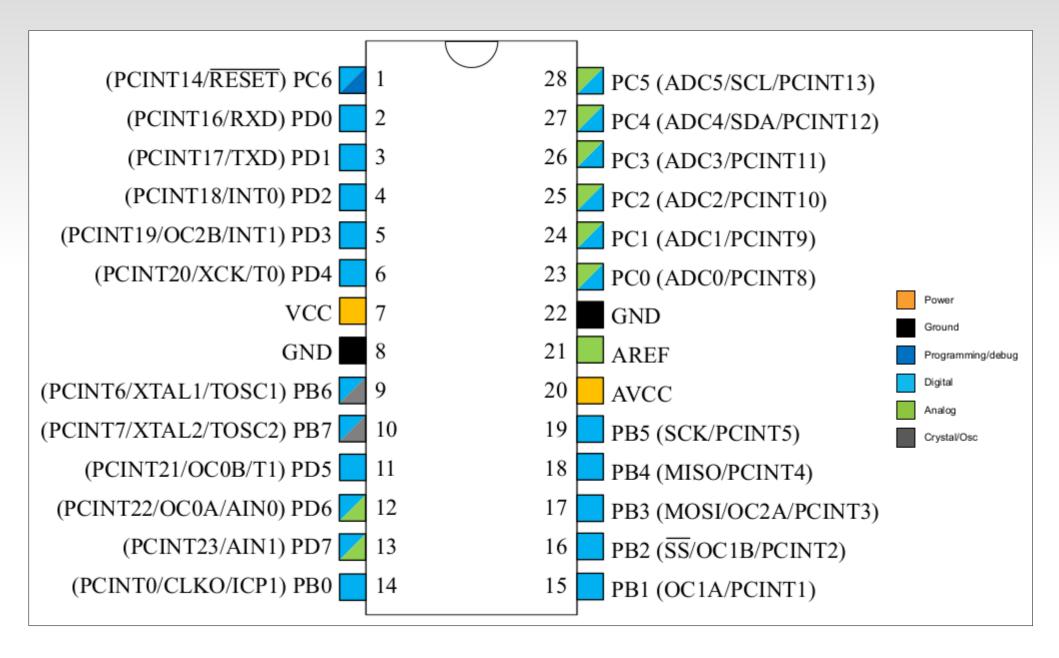
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http://github.com/fsantanna-uerj/SE

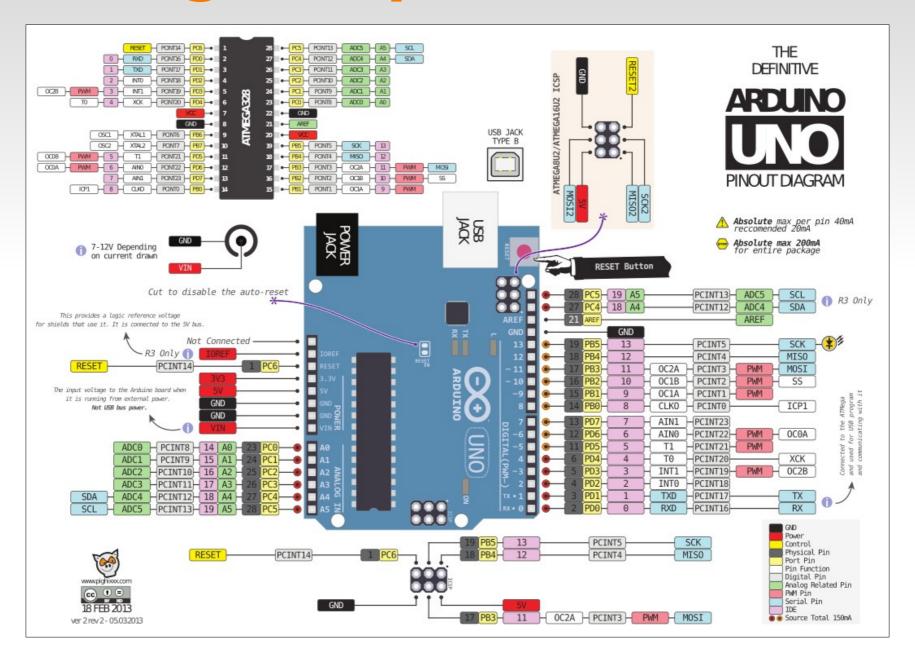
Entrada Analógica

- Comparador Analógico
 - Se AIN0 > AIN1
- Conversor Analógico/Digital
 - Converte ADCn em V para [0,1023]

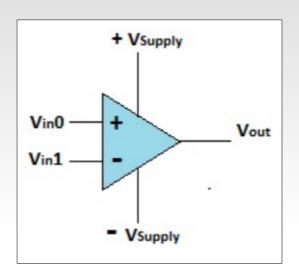
Pinagem do Atmega328p



ATmega328p / Arduino UNO

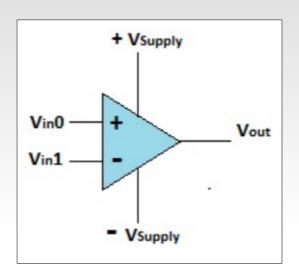


Comparador Analógico



- Vout =
 - HIGH, se Vin0 > Vin1
 - LOW, se $Vin0 \le Vin1$

Comparador Analógico



- ACO =
 - HIGH, se AIN0 > AIN1
 - LOW, se $AIN0 \le AIN1$
 - *AIN0=PIN6*, *AIN1=PIN7* (ou A0-A5)
- Suporte a interrupções

Comparador Analógico

Name: ACSR Offset: 0x50 Reset: N/A

Property: When addressing as I/O Register: address offset is 0x30

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0
Access	R/W	R/W	R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit 7 – ACD: Analog Comparator Disable

When this bit is written logic one, the power to the Analog Comparator is switched off. This bit can be set at any time to turn off the Analog Comparator. This will reduce power consumption in Active and Idle mode. When changing the ACD bit, the Analog Comparator Interrupt must be disabled by clearing the ACIE bit in ACSR. Otherwise an interrupt can occur when the bit is changed.

Bit 6 – ACBG: Analog Comparator Bandgap Select

When this bit is set, a fixed bandgap reference voltage replaces the positive input to the Analog Comparator. When this bit is cleared, AIN0 is applied to the positive input of the Analog Comparator. When the bandgap reference is used as input to the Analog Comparator, it will take a certain time for the voltage to stabilize. If not stabilized, the first conversion may give a wrong value.

Bit 5 - ACO: Analog Comparator Output

The output of the Analog Comparator is synchronized and then directly connected to ACO. The synchronization introduces a delay of 1 - 2 clock cycles.

- Resolução de 10 bits
- Até 260us de tempo de conversão
- 6 canais multiplexados
- Referência configurável (até Vcc)
- Conversão única ou contínua
- Suporte a interrupções

Name: ADMUX

Offset: 0x7C Reset: 0x00

Property: -

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	REFS1	REFS0	ADLAR		MUX3	MUX2	MUX1	MUX0
Access	R/W	R/W	R/W		R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Reset	0	0	0		0	0	0	0

Bits 7:6 – REFSn: Reference Selection [n = 1:0]

These bits select the voltage reference for the ADC. If these bits are changed during a conversion, the change will not go in effect until this conversion is complete (ADIF in ADCSRA is set). The internal voltage reference options may not be used if an external reference voltage is being applied to the AREF pin.

Table 28-3. ADC Voltage Reference Selection

REFS[1:0]	Voltage Reference Selection
00	AREF, Internal V _{ref} turned off
01	AV _{CC} with external capacitor at AREF pin
10	Reserved
11	Internal 1.1V Voltage Reference with external capacitor at AREF pin

Name: ADCSRA

Offset: 0x7A **Reset:** 0x00

Property: -

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0
Access	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit 7 – ADEN: ADC Enable

Writing this bit to one enables the ADC. By writing it to zero, the ADC is turned off. Turning the ADC off while a conversion is in progress, will terminate this conversion.

Bit 6 – ADSC: ADC Start Conversion

In Single Conversion mode, write this bit to one to start each conversion. In Free Running mode, write this bit to one to start the first conversion. The first conversion after ADSC has been written after the ADC has been enabled, or if ADSC is written at the same time as the ADC is enabled, will take 25 ADC clock cycles instead of the normal 13. This first conversion performs initialization of the ADC.

ADSC will read as one as long as a conversion is in progress. When the conversion is complete, it returns to zero. Writing zero to this bit has no effect.

Name: ADCSRA

Offset: 0x7A **Reset:** 0x00

Property: -

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0
Access	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit 7 – ADEN: ADC Enable

Writing this bit to one enables the ADC. By writing it to zero, the ADC is turned off. Turning the ADC off while a conversion is in progress, will terminate this conversion.

Bit 6 – ADSC: ADC Start Conversion

In Single Conversion mode, write this bit to one to start each conversion. In Free Running mode, write this bit to one to start the first conversion. The first conversion after ADSC has been written after the ADC has been enabled, or if ADSC is written at the same time as the ADC is enabled, will take 25 ADC clock cycles instead of the normal 13. This first conversion performs initialization of the ADC.

ADSC will read as one as long as a conversion is in progress. When the conversion is complete, it returns to zero. Writing zero to this bit has no effect.

 Name:
 ADCL

 Offset:
 0x78

 Reset:
 0x00

Property: ADLAR = 0

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	ADC7	ADC6	ADC5	ADC4	ADC3	ADC2	ADC1	ADC0
Access	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bits 7:0 – ADCn: ADC Conversion Result [n = 7:0]

These bits represent the result from the conversion. Refer to ADC Conversion Result for details.

Name: ADCH
Offset: 0x79
Reset: 0x00

Property: ADLAR = 0

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
							ADC9	ADC8
Access							R	R
Reset							0	0

- Ver analogRead
- Tarefa 4 comparador ou conversor analógico