Introduction

Introduction

pico-Céu is a tiny programming environment for visual and interactive applications such as video games. It is composed of the programming language Céu and minimalist libraries for input, graphics, network, and sound.

Resources

Resources

Resource is any external file used by a pico-Céu application, such as images, fonts, and audio files. Every resource should be located in a res folder, in the root of the application, and can be used in GRAPHICS_DRAW_BMP, GRAPHICS_SET_FONT, or SOUND_PLAY.

Graphics

Graphics

Provides graphics operations, such as for drawing pixels and images on the screen.

TODO: axis

Configuration

GRAPHICS_SET_ANCHOR

Changes the drawing anchor of all subsequent drawing operations GRAPHICS_DRAW_BMP, GRAPHICS_DRAW_RECT, and GRAPHICS_DRAW_TEXT.

output (HAnchor, VAnchor) GRAPHICS_SET_ANCHOR;

- Parameters:
 - HAnchor: new horizontal anchor
 - VAnchor: new vertical anchor

The anchor specifies the part of the shape to appear at the pixel position of the drawing operation.

The possible values for HAnchor are HANCHOR_LEFT, HANCHOR_CENTER, and HANCHOR_RIGHT. The initial value is HANCHOR_CENTER.

The possible values for VAnchor are VANCHOR_TOP, VANCHOR_CENTER, and VANCHOR_BOTTOM. The initial value is VANCHOR_CENTER.

GRAPHICS_SET_BMP_FRAME

Changes the drawing frame of all subsequent GRAPHICS_DRAW_BMP operations. output (int?,int?) GRAPHICS_SET_BMP_FRAME;

- Parameters:
 - int?: new frame index to show (default: 0)
 - int?: new number of frames in the image (default: 1)

The initial frame index is 0 and number of frames is 1.

GRAPHICS_SET_BMP_SIZE

Changes the drawing size of all subsequent ${\tt GRAPHICS_DRAW_BMP}$ operations.

output (int?,int?) GRAPHICS_SET_BMP_SIZE;

- Parameters:
 - int?: new width (default: proportional to new height)
 - int?: new height (default: proportional to new width)

If both width and height are set to default, the new size is the original image size.

The initial size is the original image size.

GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_NAME

Changes the color of all subsequent drawing operations.

output (Color) GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_NAME

- Parameters:
 - Color: new color name

The color names are based on the HTML Web Colors:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_colors#HTML_color_names

The possible values are COLOR_WHITE, COLOR_SILVER, COLOR_GRAY, COLOR_BLACK, COLOR_RED, COLOR_MAROON, COLOR_YELLOW, COLOR_OLIVE, COLOR_LIME, COLOR_GREEN, COLOR_AQUA, COLOR_TEAL, COLOR_BLUE, COLOR_NAVY, COLOR_FUCHSIA, COLOR_PURPLE.

The initial color is white.

${\tt GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_RGB}$

Changes the color in RGB of all subsequent drawing operations.

output (integer,integer,integer) GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_RGB

- Parameters:
 - integer: new red component
 - integer: new green component
 - integer: new blue component

The initial color is white.

GRAPHICS_SET_FONT

Changes the font for drawing and writing text.

output (text,integer) GRAPHICS_SET_FONT

- Parameters:
 - text: path for the .ttf font filename
 - integer: height of the new font in pixels

GRAPHICS SET SCALE

Changes the drawing scale of all subsequent drawing operations ${\tt GRAPHICS_DRAW_BMP}, {\tt GRAPHICS_DRAW_RECT}, {\tt and GRAPHICS_DRAW_TEXT}.$

output (real,real) GRAPHICS_SET_SCALE;

- Parameters:
 - real: new horizontal scale
 - real: new vertical scale

The initial scale is 1.0×1.0 .

GRAPHICS_SET_WRITE_CURSOR

Changes the cursor starting position for writing text with ${\tt GRAPHICS_WRITE}$ and ${\tt GRAPHICS_WRITELN}.$

output (integer,integer) GRAPHICS_SET_WRITE_CURSOR

- Parameters:
 - integer: new position in the x-axis
 - integer: new position in the y-axis

The initial starting position is the top-left of the screen.

The current position is reset on every WINDOW_CLEAR operation.

Drawing

GRAPHICS DRAW BMP

Draws a bitmap image on the screen.

output (integer,integer,text) GRAPHICS_DRAW_BMP

- Parameters:
 - integer: position in the x-axis
 - integer: position in the y-axis
 - text: path for the .bmp image filename

GRAPHICS_DRAW_PIXEL

Draws a pixel on the screen.

output (integer,integer) GRAPHICS_DRAW_PIXEL

- Parameters:
 - integer: position in the x-axis
 - integer: position in the y-axis

The drawing color is specified with GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_NAME or GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_RGB.

GRAPHICS_DRAW_LINE

Draws a line on the screen.

output (integer,integer,integer,integer) GRAPHICS_DRAW_LINE;

- Parameters:
 - integer: start position in the x-axis
 - integer: start position in the y-axis
 - integer: end position in the x-axis
 - integer: end position in the y-axis

The drawing color is specified with GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_NAME or GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_RGB.

GRAPHICS_DRAW_RECT

Draws a rectangle on the screen.

output (integer,integer,integer,integer) GRAPHICS_DRAW_RECT

- Parameters:
 - integer: position in the ${\tt x-axis}$
 - integer: position in the y-axis
 - integer: rectangle width
 - integer: rectangle height

The drawing color is specified with GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_NAME or GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_RGB.

GRAPHICS_DRAW_TEXT

Draws a text on the screen.

output (int,int,text) GRAPHICS_DRAW_TEXT;

- Parameters:
 - integer: position in the x-axis
 - integer: position in the y-axis
 - text: text to draw

The drawing font is specified with GRAPHICS_SET_FONT. The drawing color is specified with GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_NAME or GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_RGB.

Writing

GRAPHICS_WRITE

Writes a text on the screen.

output (text) GRAPHICS_WRITE;

- Parameters:
 - text: text to draw

The drawing position is first specified with <code>GRAPHICS_SET_WRITE_CURSOR</code>. The cursor advances automatically for the position after the text. The drawing font is specified with <code>GRAPHICS_SET_FONT</code>. The drawing color is specified with <code>GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_NAME</code> or <code>GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_RGB</code>.

GRAPHICS_WRITELN

Writes a line of text on the screen.

```
output (text) GRAPHICS_WRITELN;
```

The drawing position is first specified with <code>GRAPHICS_SET_WRITE_CURSOR</code>. The cursor advances automatically for the next line after the text, at the same initial position. The drawing font is specified with <code>GRAPHICS_SET_FONT</code>. The drawing color is specified with <code>GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_NAME</code> or <code>GRAPHICS_SET_COLOR_RGB</code>.

Other

GRAPHICS_SCREENSHOT

Takes a screen shot.

```
output (text) GRAPHICS_SCREENSHOT
```

- Parameters:
 - text: path for the .bmp image filename to generate

Input Devices

Input Devices

Provides input handling, such as for keyboard and mouse.

Keyboard

KEY_PRESS

```
input (integer) KEY_PRESS
```

- Occurrences:
 - whenever a keyboard key is pressed
- Payload:
 - integer: numeric key code

Examples:

```
var int c = await KEY_PRESS;
_printf("%c\n", c);
var int c = await KEY_PRESS until c==KEY_a;
_printf("%c\n", c);
TODO: key codes
```

KEY_UNPRESS

input (integer) KEY_UNPRESS

- Occurrences:
 - whenever a keyboard key is released
- Payload:
 - integer: numeric key code

TODO: key codes

Mouse

MOUSE CLICK

```
input (integer,integer,integer) MOUSE_CLICK
```

- Occurrences:
 - whenever a mouse button is pressed
- Payload:
 - integer: numeric button code
 - * MOUSE LEFT
 - * MOUSE_MIDDLE
 - $* \ \mathrm{MOUSE_RIGHT}$
 - * MOUSE_X1
 - * MOUSE X2
 - integer: current mouse position in the x-axis
 - integer: current mouse position in the y-axis

Example:

```
var int c;
var int x;
var int y;
(c,x,y) = await MOUSE_CLICK until c==MOUSE_LEFT;
_printf("(%d,%d)\n", x,y);
```

$MOUSE_UNCLICK$

input (integer,integer,integer) MOUSE_UNCLICK

- Occurrences:
 - whenever a mouse button is released
- Payload:
 - integer: numeric button code (same as MOUSE_CLICK)
 - integer: current mouse position in the x-axis
 - integer: current mouse position in the y-axis

MOUSE_MOVE

input (integer,integer) MOUSE_MOVE

- Occurrences:
 - whenever the mouse moves
- Payload:
 - integer: current mouse position in the x-axis
 - integer: current mouse position in the y-axis

Sound

Sound

Provides sound playback.

Configuration

SOUND_SET_VOLUME

Changes the volume of all subsequent sound playbacks.

```
output (integer) SOUND_SET_VOUME
```

- Parameters:
 - integer: new sound volume in percentage (from 0 to 100) $\,$

Playback

SOUND_PLAY

Plays a sound file.

output (text) SOUND_PLAY

- Parameters:
 - text: path for the sound filename

The playback volume is specified with SOUND_SET_VOLUME.

Network

Network

Provides unreliable broadcast communication between peers.

Send

NET_SEND

Broadcasts a message to all peers.

output (integer,byte&&) NET_SEND;

- Parameters:
 - integer: number of bytes to transmit

byte&&: stream of bytes

Receive

NET_RECEIVE

Receives all messages from all peers, including itself.

input (integer,byte&&) NET_RECEIVE;

- Occurrences:
 - on every received message
- Payload:
 - integer: number of received bytes
 - byte&&: stream of bytes

Usart

Usart

A pico-Céu library to send and receive data using USART (Universal Synchronous and Asynchronous Receiver-Transmitter). Windows-only for now.

Includes

```
#include "usart.ceu"
```

Initiate

code/await Usart (var int portNumber) -> NEVER

- Parameters:
 - var int: Serial port number to use.
- Example:

spawn Usart(3);

Specify that we'll use the COM3 port.

Send

$Usart_TX$

Send a byte vector via serial.

```
code/await Usart_TX (var&[] byte str) -> none
  • Parameters:
       - var&[] byte: the byte vector to send.
  • Example:
spawn Usart(3);
var[5] byte str;
call String_Append_STR(&str, "send");
await Usart_TX(&str);
Create a string and send it via serial using Usart_TX. Check String_Append_STR
to learn more string manipulation in Céu.
Receive
Usart RX
code/await Usart_RX (var&[] byte str, var int nbChar) -> none
  • Payload:
       - var&[] byte: byte vector to store the received data
       - var int: number of bytes to read
  • Example:
spawn Usart(3);
var[5] byte buffer;
await Usart_RX(&buffer, 5);
String_Print(&buffer);
```

Frame Management

Frame Management

Manages the game frames, such as for updating animations and redrawing the screen.

Receive a string of size 5 from serial port, counting the \0.

Configuration

FRAMES_SET

Enables or disables the generation of periodic FRAMES_UPDATE and FRAMES_REDRAW inputs to the application.

output (yes/no) FRAMES_SET

- Parameters:
 - yes/no: new state
 - * yes: enables the generation of frames
 - * no: disables the generation of frames

Inputs

FRAMES_UPDATE

input (integer) FRAMES_UPDATE

- Occurrences:
 - on every frame, before FRAMES_REDRAW
- Payload:
 - integer: the number of milliseconds elapsed since the previous frame

FRAMES_REDRAW

input (none) FRAMES_REDRAW

- Occurrences:
 - on every frame, after ${\tt FRAMES_UPDATE}$
- Payload:
 - none: no payload

Before the input occurs, the screen is automatically cleared with WINDOW_CLEAR.

Window Management

Window Management

Manages the application window.

Configuration

WINDOW_SET_CLEAR_COLOR_NAME

Changes the background color of WINDOW_CLEAR.

output (Color) WINDOW_SET_CLEAR_COLOR_NAME

• Parameters:

- Color: new color name

The color names are based on the HTML Web Colors:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web colors#HTML color names

The possible values are COLOR_WHITE, COLOR_SILVER, COLOR_GRAY, COLOR_BLACK, COLOR_RED, COLOR_MAROON, COLOR_YELLOW, COLOR_OLIVE, COLOR_LIME, COLOR_GREEN, COLOR_AQUA, COLOR_TEAL, COLOR_BLUE, COLOR_NAVY, COLOR_FUCHSIA, COLOR_PURPLE.

The default color is black.

WINDOW_SET_CLEAR_COLOR_RGB

Changes the background color of WINDOW_CLEAR in RGB.

output (integer,integer,integer) WINDOW_SET_CLEAR_COLOR_RGB

- Parameters:
 - integer: new red component
 - integer: new green component
 - integer: new blue component

The default color is black.

WINDOW_SET_GRID

Enables or disables a visual grid delimiting the screen pixels.

output (yes/no) WINDOW_SET_GRID

- Parameters:
 - yes/no: new state
 - * yes: enables the grid
 - * no: disables the grid

The ratio between the real and logical dimensions set with WINDOW_SET_SIZE must be greater then one.

The window is automatically cleared with WINDOW_CLEAR.

WINDOW_SET_SIZE

Changes the real and logical sizes of the window.

output (integer,integer,integer,integer) WINDOW_SET_SIZE

- Parameters:
 - integer: new real width
 - integer: new real height
 - integer: new logical width

- integer: new logical height

The window is automatically cleared with WINDOW_CLEAR.

The arithmetic division between the real and logical dimensions must be exact.

WINDOW_SET_TITLE

Changes the title of the window.

output (text) WINDOW_SET_TITLE

- Parameters:
 - text: new window title

Clear

WINDOW_CLEAR

Clears the window screen.

output (none) WINDOW_CLEAR

- Parameters:
 - none: no parameters

The clear color is specified with WINDOW_SET_CLEAR_COLOR_NAME or WINDOW_SET_CLEAR_COLOR_RGB.

The default color is black.

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