

# Machine Learning Basics

Deep Learning & NLP for Computational Chemistry, Biology &  
Nano-materials

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# Outline

Machine Learning

Applying Machine Learning to this Workshop

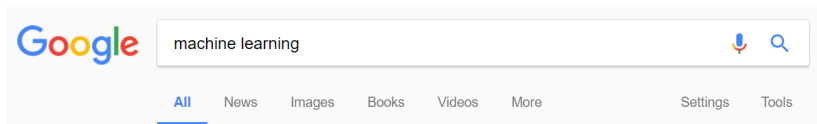
Matrix Representation

From Regression to Deep Learning

Deep Learning

How to do Machine Learning?

# *Machine Learning*



About 31,00,00,000 results (0.50 seconds)

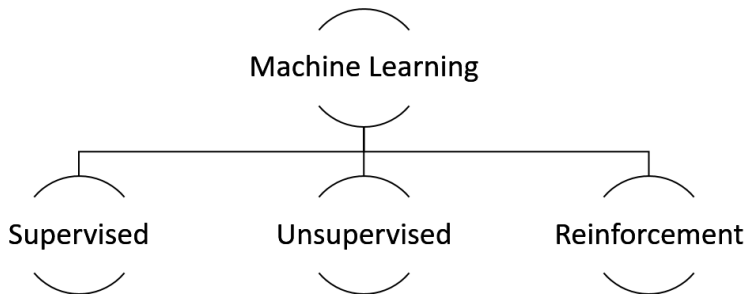
## Machine learning - Wikipedia

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Machine\\_learning](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Machine_learning) ▼

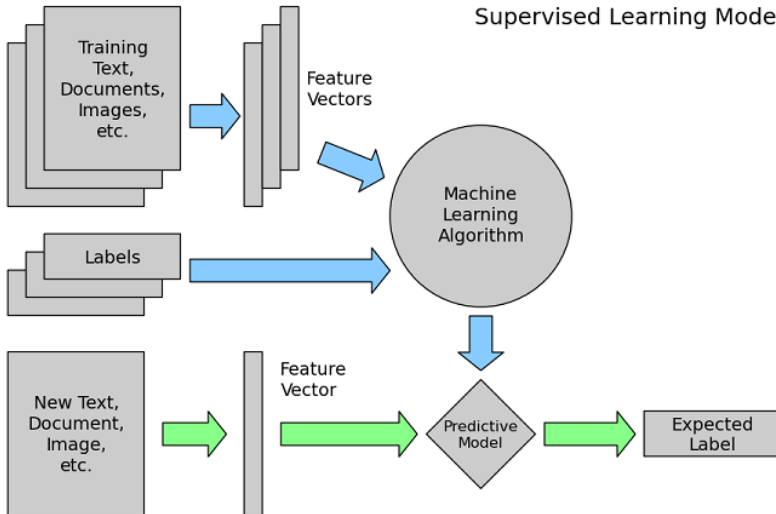
**Machine learning** is a field of computer science that gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed. Arthur Samuel, an American pioneer in the field of computer gaming and artificial intelligence, coined the term "**Machine Learning**" in 1959 while at IBM.

[Machine learning](#) · [Machine Learning \(journal\)](#) · [Timeline of machine learning](#) · [H2O](#)

- Reducing human/machine efforts required to perform a task (time optimization).
- Increasing the performance of a task (efficiency optimization).



## Supervised Learning Model





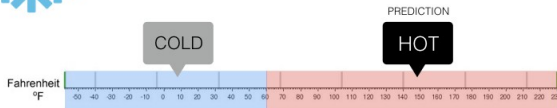
## Regression

What is the temperature going to be tomorrow?



## Classification

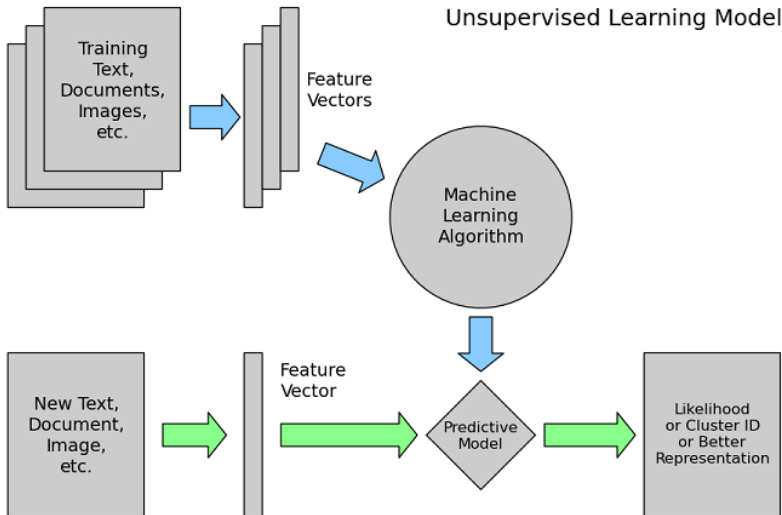
Will it be Cold or Hot tomorrow?





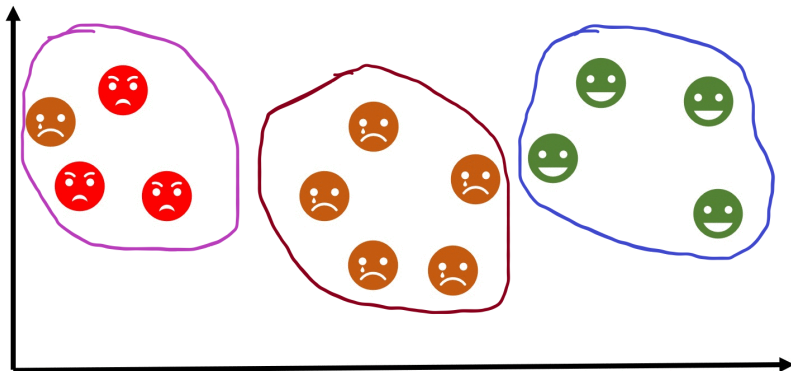
# Common Supervised Learning Algorithms

- Decision Trees
- Support Vector Machines
- Support Vector Regression
- Linear Regression
- Logistic Regression
- Random Forest Tree



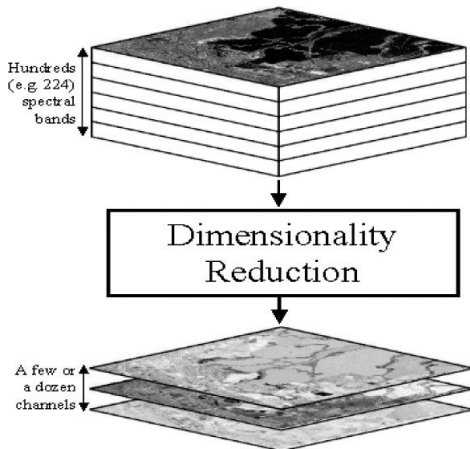
source: [www.allprogrammingtutorials.com/tutorials/introduction-to-machine-learning.php](http://www.allprogrammingtutorials.com/tutorials/introduction-to-machine-learning.php)

# Clustering



source: <https://towardsdatascience.com/clustering-unsupervised-learning-788b215b074b>

# Dimensionality Reduction

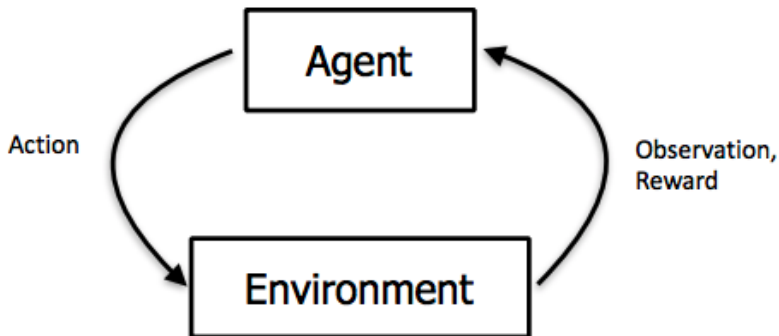


source: <http://spie.org/newsroom/3560-dimensionality-reduction-of-multidimensional-satellite-imagery?SSO=1>

# Common Unsupervised Learning Algorithms

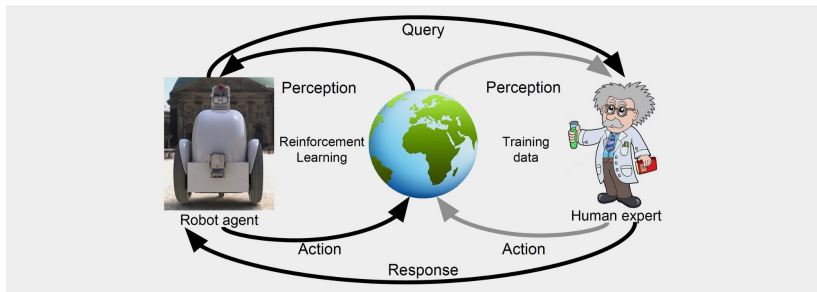
- K-means
- Affinity Propagation
- Hierarchical clustering
- Singular Value Decomposition
- Latent Dirichlet Allocation
- Non-negative matrix factorization

# Reinforcement Learning



source: <https://medium.com/machine-learning-for-humans/reinforcement-learning-6eacf258b265>

# Reinforcement Learning



source:

<https://chatbotsmagazine.com/reinforcement-learning-and-its-practical-applications-8499e60cf751>

# Common Reinforcement Learning Algorithms

- Q-Learning
- Temporal Difference (TD)
- Deep Adversarial Networks



## DeepChem 2017

Rs. 300/- has to be paid for refreshment and materials at registration counter on the same date of workshop. (Excludes Food and Accommodation)

\* Required

Full Name \*

Your answer

Course \*

☐ BTech

☐ Mtech

☐ M.Sc

☐ Ph.D

☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

- Full Name
- Course
- Email
- Affiliation
- Contact No
- Phone number
- College Address

## *Matrix Representation*

# Linear Equations to Matrix

$$2a + b + c = 4 \quad (1)$$

$$a + 3b + 2c = 5 \quad (2)$$

$$a = 6 \quad (3)$$

# Linear Equations to Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

# Linear Equations to Matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

## Text to Matrix

- **S1:** We are in CEN.
- **S2:** CEN is in Amrita.
- **S3:** Amrita is in CBE.

## Text to Matrix

- **S1:** We are in CEN.
- **S2:** CEN is in Amrita.
- **S3:** Amrita is in CBE.

**Vocabulary** = amrita, are, cen, cbe, in, is, we

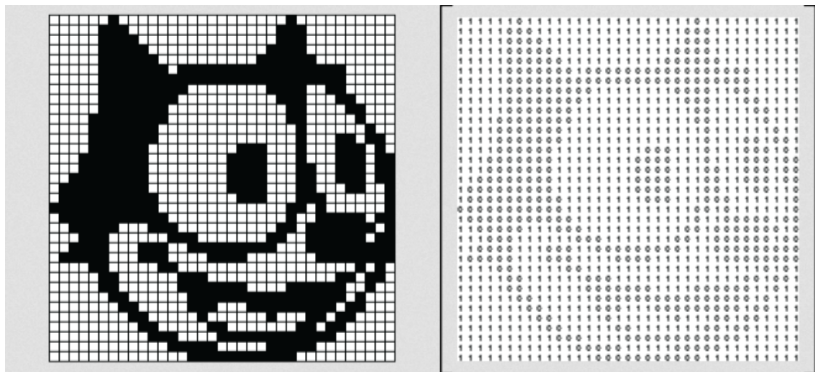


## Text to Matrix

Table: Text Representation

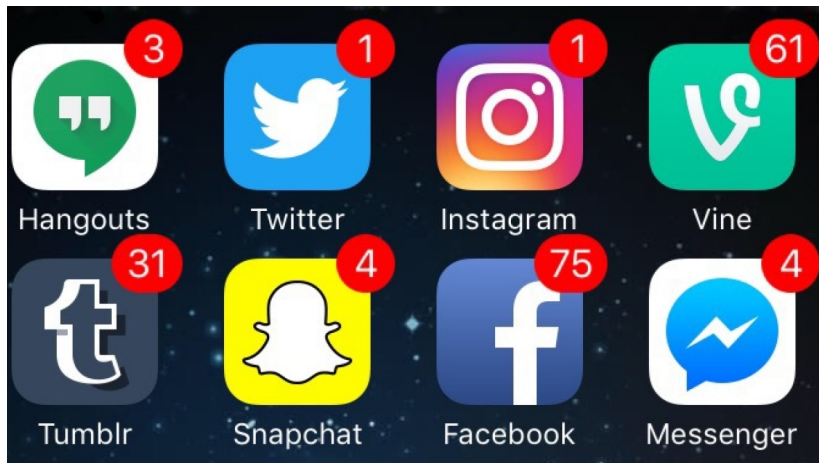
	amrita	are	cen	cbe	in	is	we
<b>S1</b>	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
<b>S2</b>	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
<b>S3</b>	1	0	0	1	1	1	0

# Image to Matrix



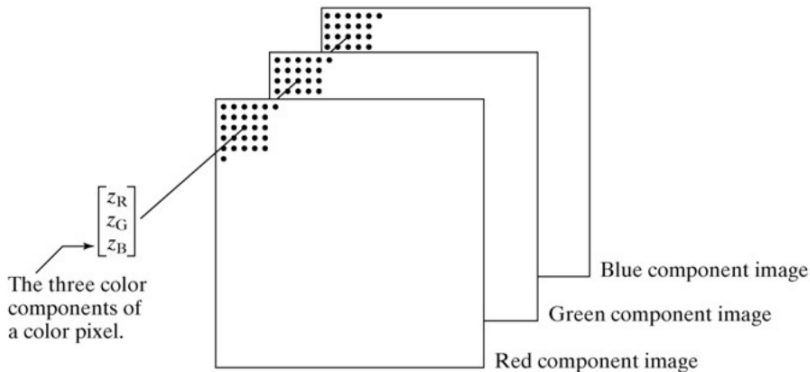
Source: <http://blog.kleinproject.org/?p=588>

## Image to Matrix



Source: <http://www.cbc.ca/news/trending>

## Image to Matrix



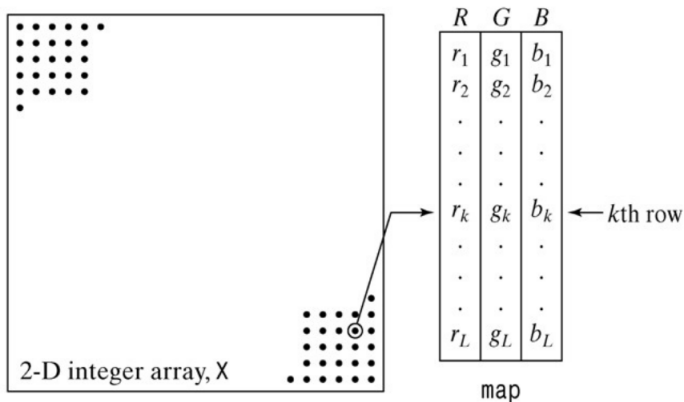
Source: <http://slideplayer.com/slide/8752313/>

## Image to Matrix

88	82	84	88	85	83	80	93	102
88	80	78	80	80	78	73	94	100
85	79	80	78	77	74	65	91	99
38	35	40	35	39	74	77	70	65
20	25	23	28	37	69	64	60	57
22	26	22	28	40	65	64	59	34
24	28	24	30	37	60	58	56	66
21	22	23	27	38	60	67	65	67
23	22	22	25	38	59	64	67	66

Source: [http://www1.adept.com/main/KE/DATA/ACE/AdeptSight\\_User/Vision\\_Basics\\_Mode.html](http://www1.adept.com/main/KE/DATA/ACE/AdeptSight_User/Vision_Basics_Mode.html)

## Image to Matrix



Value of circled element =  $k$

Source: <http://slideplayer.com/slide/8752313/>

## *From Regression to Deep Learning*

$$2x = 6 \quad (6)$$

$$(2x - 6) = 0 \quad (7)$$

$$x = ? \quad (8)$$



$$2x = 6 \quad (9)$$

$$(2x - 6) = 0 \quad (10)$$

$$x = ? \quad (11)$$

$$x = 6/2 = 3 \quad (12)$$

$$2(3) - 6 = 0 \quad (13)$$

$$2a + b + c = 4 \quad (14)$$

$$a + 3b + 2c = 5 \quad (15)$$

$$a = 6 \quad (16)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (17)$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, x = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}, b = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (18)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (19)$$

$$A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b} \quad (20)$$

$$(A\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{b}) = ? \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (22)$$

$$A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b} \quad (23)$$

$$(A\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{b}) = 0 \quad (24)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = ? \quad (25)$$

# What is Regression

$$x + y = z$$

# What is Regression

$$2a + b + c = 4 \quad (26)$$

$$a + 3b + 2c = 5 \quad (27)$$

$$a = 6 \quad (28)$$



## Solving $Ax=b$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (29)$$

$$A \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b} \quad (30)$$

$$(A \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{b}) = 0 \quad (31)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = ? \quad (32)$$

$$A^{-1} A \mathbf{x} = A^{-1} \mathbf{b} \quad (33)$$

$$I \mathbf{x} = A^{-1} \mathbf{b} \quad (34)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = A^{-1} \mathbf{b} \quad (35)$$

## House Rent Prediction

ID	AC	Area	#Bath	#Bed	Rent
1	0	1317	1	3	30000
2	0	1152	2	2	27000
3	0	816	1	2	20000
4	0	1111	1	3	25000
5	0	1605	2	3	35000
6	1	1077	1	2	31000
7	1	1040	1	3	33000
8	1	1114	1	3	34000
9	1	1795	2	3	45000
10	1	1296	2	2	38000

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1317 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1152 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 816 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1111 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1605 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1077 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1040 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1114 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1795 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1296 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w1 \\ w2 \\ w3 \\ w4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 30000 \\ 27000 \\ 20000 \\ 25000 \\ 35000 \\ 31000 \\ 33000 \\ 34000 \\ 45000 \\ 38000 \end{bmatrix} \quad (36)$$

$$X \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{y} \quad (37)$$

$$X^{-1} X \mathbf{w} = X^{-1} \mathbf{y} \quad (38)$$

$$\mathbf{w} = X^{-1} \mathbf{y} \quad (39)$$

$$\mathbf{w} = X^{-1} \mathbf{y} = X^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 30000 \\ 27000 \\ 20000 \\ 25000 \\ 35000 \\ 31000 \\ 33000 \\ 34000 \\ 45000 \\ 38000 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8117.9 \\ 12.6 \\ 3441.9 \\ 2835.9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} w1 \\ w2 \\ w3 \\ w4 \end{bmatrix} \quad (40)$$

$$X \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{y} \quad (41)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1317 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1152 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 816 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1111 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1605 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1077 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1040 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1114 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1795 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1296 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8117.9 \\ 12.6 \\ 3441.9 \\ 2835.9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 28500.7 \\ 27033.1 \\ 19368.6 \\ 25911.8 \\ 35562.0 \\ 30766.6 \\ 33137.4 \\ 34067.4 \\ 46067.7 \\ 36960.7 \end{bmatrix} \quad (42)$$

$$X \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{y}^{pre} \quad (43)$$

$$training \ error = abs(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^{pre}) \quad (44)$$

$$\text{training error} = \text{sum}(\text{abs}(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^{pre})) \quad (45)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^{pre} = \begin{bmatrix} 30000 \\ 27000 \\ 20000 \\ 25000 \\ 35000 \\ 31000 \\ 33000 \\ 34000 \\ 45000 \\ 38000 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 28500.7 \\ 27033.1 \\ 19368.6 \\ 25911.8 \\ 35562.0 \\ 30766.6 \\ 33137.4 \\ 34067.4 \\ 46067.7 \\ 36960.7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1499.2 \\ -33.1 \\ 631.3 \\ -911.8 \\ -562.0 \\ 233.3 \\ -137.4 \\ -67.4 \\ -1067.7 \\ 1039.2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (46)$$

$$abs(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^{pre}) = \begin{bmatrix} 1499.2 \\ 33.1 \\ 631.3 \\ 911.8 \\ 562.0 \\ 233.3 \\ 137.4 \\ 67.4 \\ 1067.7 \\ 1039.2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (47)$$

$$sum(abs(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^{pre})) = 6182.9 \quad (48)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} AC & Area & Bath & Bed \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8117.9 \\ 12.6 \\ 3441.9 \\ 2835.9 \end{bmatrix} = [Price] \quad (49)$$

$$8117.9 \text{ AC} + 12.6 \text{ Area} + 3441.9 \text{ Bath} + 2835.9 \text{ Bed} = \text{Price} \quad (50)$$



# What is Classification

*Classification?*

## House Price Prediction

ID	AC	Area	#Bath	#Bed	#Price	Decision
1	0	1317	1	3	30000	1
2	0	1152	2	2	27000	0
3	0	816	1	2	20000	0
4	0	1111	1	3	25000	0
5	0	1605	2	3	35000	1
6	1	1077	1	2	31000	1
7	1	1040	1	3	33000	1
8	1	1114	1	3	34000	1
9	1	1795	2	3	45000	0
10	1	1296	2	2	38000	0

$$\begin{bmatrix} AC & Area & Bath & Bed \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8117.9 \\ 12.6 \\ 3441.9 \\ 2835.9 \end{bmatrix} = [Price] \quad (51)$$

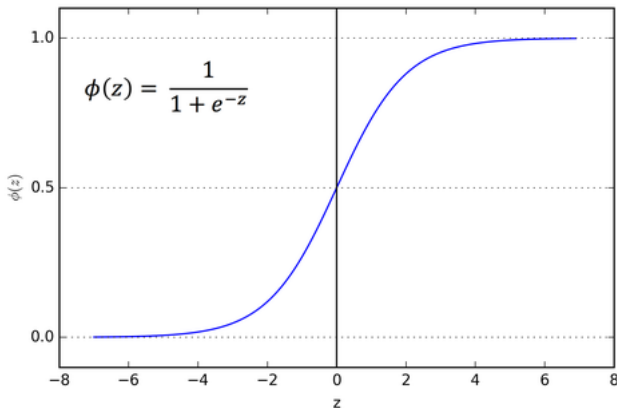
$$8117.9 \text{ AC} + 12.6 \text{ Area} + 3441.9 \text{ Bath} + 2835.9 \text{ Bed} = \text{Price} \quad (52)$$

$$Prediction = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } 30000 \leq price \leq 35000 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad (53)$$

## *Logistic Regression ?*

## *Logistic + Regression*

# Logistic - Sigmoid



<https://sebastianraschka.com/images/faq/logisticregr-neuralnet/sigmoid.png>

## Logistic - Sigmoid

$$\Phi(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp^{-z}} \quad (54)$$

$$\Phi(-6) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp^{-(-6)}} = \frac{1}{1 + 403.42} = 0.0024 \quad (55)$$

$$\Phi(0) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp^0} = \frac{1}{1 + 1} = 0.5 \quad (56)$$

$$\Phi(6) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp^{-(6)}} = \frac{1}{1 + 0.0024} = 0.997 \quad (57)$$

# Logistic Regression

$$\Phi(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp^{-z}} \quad (58)$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \Phi(\mathbf{X} \mathbf{w}) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp^{-(\mathbf{X} \mathbf{w})}} \quad (59)$$



## House Rent Prediction

ID	AC	Area	#Bath	#Bed	#Price	Decision
1	0	1317	1	3	30000	1
2	0	1152	2	2	27000	0
3	0	816	1	2	20000	0
4	0	1111	1	3	25000	0
5	0	1605	2	3	35000	1
6	1	1077	1	2	31000	1
7	1	1040	1	3	33000	1
8	1	1114	1	3	34000	1
9	1	1795	2	3	45000	0
10	1	1296	2	2	38000	0

$$\begin{bmatrix} AC & Area & Bath & Bed \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8117.9 \\ 12.6 \\ 3441.9 \\ 2835.9 \end{bmatrix} = [Price] \quad (60)$$

$$8117.9 \text{ AC} + 12.6 \text{ Area} + 3441.9 \text{ Bath} + 2835.9 \text{ Bed} = \text{Price} \quad (61)$$

$$Prediction = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } 30000 \leq price \leq 35000 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad (62)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1317 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1152 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 816 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1111 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1605 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1077 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1040 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1114 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1795 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1296 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w1 \\ w2 \\ w3 \\ w4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (63)$$

$$X \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{y} \quad (64)$$

$$X^{-1} X \mathbf{w} = X^{-1} \mathbf{y} \quad (65)$$

$$\mathbf{w} = X^{-1} \mathbf{y} \quad (66)$$

$$\mathbf{w} = X^{-1} \mathbf{y} = X^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.171 \\ 0.00052 \\ -0.568 \\ 0.217 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} w1 \\ w2 \\ w3 \\ w4 \end{bmatrix} \quad (67)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1317 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1152 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 816 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1111 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1605 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1077 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1040 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1114 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1795 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1296 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.171 \\ 0.00052 \\ -0.568 \\ 0.217 \end{bmatrix} = \text{sigmoid} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 0.77077253 \\ -0.10045096 \\ 0.29211902 \\ 0.66318764 \\ 0.35313423 \\ 0.59914666 \\ 0.79682603 \\ 0.83547303 \\ 0.62308164 \\ 0.14547264 \end{bmatrix} \right) \quad (68)$$

$$X \mathbf{w} = \text{sigmoid}(\mathbf{y}^{pre}) \quad (69)$$

$$\text{sigmoid} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 0.77077253 \\ -0.10045096 \\ 0.29211902 \\ 0.66318764 \\ 0.35313423 \\ 0.59914666 \\ 0.79682603 \\ 0.83547303 \\ 0.62308164 \\ 0.14547264 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.68368798 \\ 0.47490836 \\ 0.57251482 \\ 0.65997608 \\ 0.58737741 \\ 0.64546105 \\ 0.68929513 \\ 0.69751093 \\ 0.65091909 \\ 0.53630416 \end{bmatrix} \quad (70)$$

$$X \mathbf{w} = \text{sigmoid}(\mathbf{y}^{pre}) \quad (71)$$

$$\text{training error} = \text{sum}(\text{abs}(\mathbf{y} - \text{sigmoid}(\mathbf{y}^{pre}))) \quad (72)$$

$$\text{training error} = \text{sum}(\text{abs}(\mathbf{y} - \text{sigmoid}(\mathbf{y}^{\text{pre}}))) \quad (73)$$

$$\text{abs}(\mathbf{y} - \text{sigmoid}(\mathbf{y}^{\text{pre}})) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0.68368798 \\ 0.47490836 \\ 0.57251482 \\ 0.65997608 \\ 0.58737741 \\ 0.64546105 \\ 0.68929513 \\ 0.69751093 \\ 0.65091909 \\ 0.53630416 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.31631202 \\ 0.47490836 \\ 0.57251482 \\ 0.65997608 \\ 0.41262259 \\ 0.35453895 \\ 0.31070487 \\ 0.30248907 \\ 0.65091909 \\ 0.53630416 \end{bmatrix} \quad (74)$$

$$\text{training error} = 4.59 \quad (75)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.31631202 \\ 0.47490836 \\ 0.57251482 \\ 0.65997608 \\ 0.41262259 \\ 0.35453895 \\ 0.31070487 \\ 0.30248907 \\ 0.65091909 \\ 0.53630416 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (76)$$

$$Prediction = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \text{sigmoid}(\mathbf{y}^{pre}) \geq 0.5 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad (77)$$



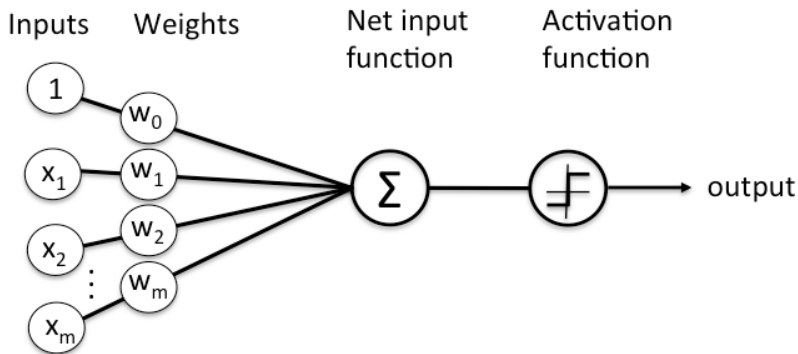
$$\begin{bmatrix} AC & Area & Bath & Bed \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.171 \\ 0.00052 \\ -0.568 \\ 0.217 \end{bmatrix} = [Price] \quad (78)$$

$$0.171 \text{ AC} + 0.00052 \text{ Area} - 0.568 \text{ Bath} + 0.217 \text{ Bed} = \text{Price} \quad (79)$$

$$\text{sigmoid}(\mathbf{y}^{pre}) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp^{-(0.171 \text{ AC} + 0.00052 \text{ Area} - 0.568 \text{ Bath} + 0.217 \text{ Bed})}} \quad (80)$$

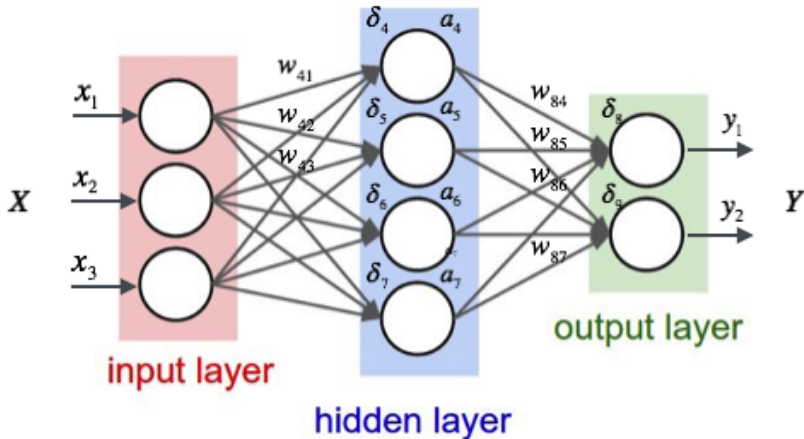
$$\text{Prediction} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \text{sigmoid}(\mathbf{y}^{pre}) \geq 0.5 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad (81)$$

# Logistic Regression as a Neuron



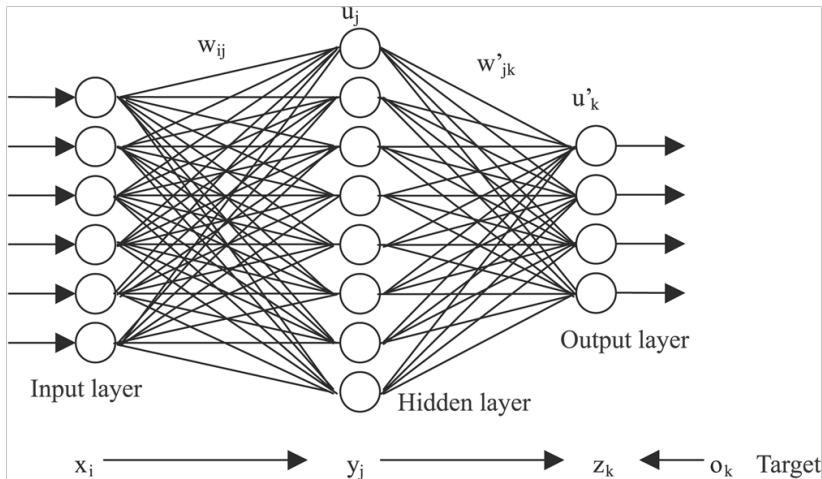
<http://www.techmaru.com/technology/artificial-neural-networks/neural-network-elements>

## Neuron to Neurons



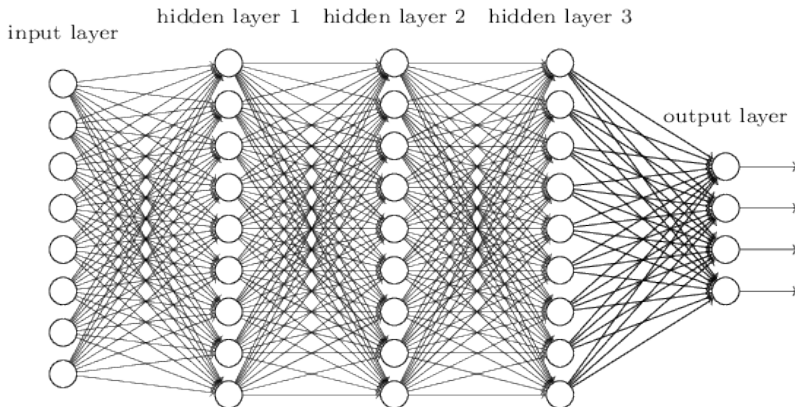
[https://medium.com/@curiouslyly/  
tensorflow-for-hackers-part-iv-neural-network-from-scratch-1a4f504dfa8](https://medium.com/@curiouslyly/tensorflow-for-hackers-part-iv-neural-network-from-scratch-1a4f504dfa8)

# Single Layer Network



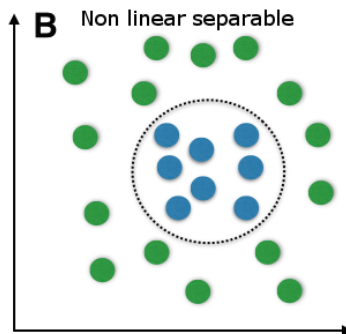
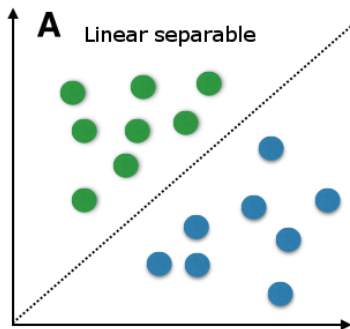
<https://www.extremetech.com/extreme/>

# Multi Layer Network



<https://in.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/64247-simple-neural-network>

## Why Deep Learning?

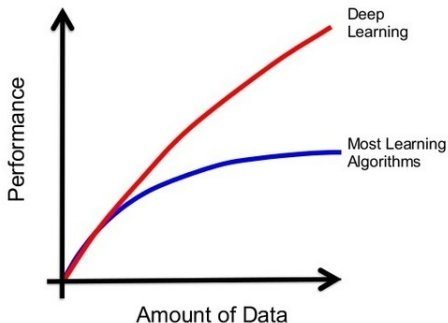


Source: [https://leonardoraujosantos.gitbooks.io/artificial-intelligence/content/linear\\_classification.html](https://leonardoraujosantos.gitbooks.io/artificial-intelligence/content/linear_classification.html)

[//leonardoraujosantos.gitbooks.io/artificial-intelligence/content/linear\\_classification.html](https://leonardoraujosantos.gitbooks.io/artificial-intelligence/content/linear_classification.html)

# Why Deep Learning?

## BIG DATA & DEEP LEARNING



Source: <https://qph.ec.quoracdn.net/main-qimg-bf69c291005e68620a1bef39ae8f029e-c>

# Why now Deep Learning?

## WHY IS DEEP LEARNING HOT NOW?

### Three Driving Factors...

Big Data Availability	New ML Techniques	Compute Density
<b>facebook</b> 350 millions images uploaded per day	Deep Neural Networks	GPUs
<b>Walmart</b> ✱ 2.5 Petabytes of customer data a hourly		
<b>You Tube</b> 100 hours of video uploaded every minute		

ML systems extract value from Big Data

<https://www.slideshare.net/DataScienceMD/deep-learning-with-gpus>



# Common Deep Learning Algorithms

- Convolutional Neural Network
- Recurrent Neural Network
- Long-Short Term Memory Network
- Deep Neural Network
- Auto Encoders

# How to do Machine Learning?

- Collecting data
- Preparing the data
- Training a model
- Evaluating the model
- Improving the performance

*Thank You.*

*you can follow me through:*

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