## FIFO Summary

- Scenario:
  - Data is big: std::atomic<>::is\_always\_lock\_free == false
  - Transferring objects between real-time and non-real-time threads
- Trade-off:
  - Static FIFO size
  - Behaviour when FIFO full (block/drop/overwrite)
  - Potential overhead of copying when writing and reading from the FIFO
- Examples:
  - Logging, writing input to disk (recording), reading from disk, dispatching

## Both Mutating

