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4. (1).  $y'' - 2y' - y = 0$      $\lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 1 = 0$      $\lambda_1 = \frac{2 + \sqrt{4+4}}{2} = 1 + \sqrt{2}$      $\lambda_2 = 1 - \sqrt{2}$   
 $y = C_1 e^{\lambda_1 x} + C_2 e^{\lambda_2 x}$

(2).  $y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0$      $\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 2 = 0$      $\lambda_1 = \frac{-2 + \sqrt{4-8}}{2} = -1 + i$      $\lambda_2 = -1 - i$   
 $y = e^{-x} (C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x)$

(3).  $y'' + y' - 6y = 0$      $\lambda^2 + \lambda - 6 = 0 \Rightarrow (\lambda+3)(\lambda-2) = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = -3, \lambda_2 = 2$   
 $y = C_1 e^{-3x} + C_2 e^{2x}$

5. (1).  $y'' + y = 2 \sin \frac{x}{2}$      $\lambda^2 + 1 = 0$      $\lambda_1 = i, \lambda_2 = -i$   
 设特解  $y = C \cdot \sin \frac{x}{2}$ ,     $y' = \frac{C}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{x}{2}$      $y'' = -\frac{C}{4} \cdot \sin \frac{x}{2}$   
 $\Rightarrow (C - \frac{C}{4}) \sin \frac{x}{2} = 2 \sin \frac{x}{2} \Rightarrow C = \frac{8}{3}$   
 $\Rightarrow y = \frac{8}{3} \sin \frac{x}{2}$

$y'' - 6y' + 9y = (x+1)e^{2x}$   
 (2).  $\lambda^2 - 6\lambda + 9 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = 3$   
 设  $y = (ax + b)e^{2x}$      $y' = e^{2x}(2ax + 2b + a) = e^{2x}(2ax + a + 2b)$   
 $y'' = e^{2x}(4ax + 2a + 4b + 2a) = e^{2x}(4ax + 4a + 4b)$   
 $y'' - 6y' + 9y = e^{2x}(4ax + 4a + 4b - 12ax - 6a - 12b + 9ax + 9b)$   
 $= e^{2x}(ax + b - 2a) = e^{2x}(x+1)$   
 $\Rightarrow a=1, b=3$

8.

When  $x \in [0, 1]$ ,  $y_1(x) = (x-1)^2$ ,  $y_2(x) = 0$ .     $k_1 y_1(x) + k_2 y_2(x) = 0 \Rightarrow k_1 = 0$   
 $x \in [1, 2]$ ,  $y_1(x) = 0$ ,  $y_2(x) = (x-1)^2$ ,     $k_1 y_1(x) + k_2 y_2(x) = 0 \Rightarrow k_2 = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow y_1, y_2$  are linear independent.

$x \in [0, 1]$ .  $W(x) = \begin{vmatrix} y_1(x) & y_2(x) \\ y_1'(x) & y_2'(x) \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} (x-1)^2 & 0 \\ 2(x-1) & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0$ .  $x \in [1, 2]$ , it is the same.

9. (17).  $x''' + 3x'' + 3x' + x = 0$ .  $\lambda^3 + 3\lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (\lambda + 1)^3 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \lambda_3 = -1$   
 $x = (C_1 + C_2 t + C_3 t^2) e^{-t}$

131.  $x^{(4)} - 8x'' + 18x = 0$ .  $\lambda^4 - 8\lambda^2 + 18 = 0$   $\lambda^2 = 4 + \sqrt{2}i$ ,  $\lambda^2 = 4 - \sqrt{2}i$   
 $\lambda = \alpha + \beta i$   $\lambda^2 = \alpha^2 - \beta^2 + 2\alpha\beta i \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha^2 - \beta^2 = 4 \\ 2\alpha\beta = \sqrt{2} \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{4 + \sqrt{2}i}{2}} \\ \beta = \sqrt{\frac{-4 + \sqrt{2}i}{2}} \end{cases}$

$x = C_1 e^{\alpha x} \sin \beta x + C_2 e^{\alpha x} \cos \beta x + C_3 e^{-\alpha x} \sin \beta x + C_4 e^{-\alpha x} \cos \beta x$ .

# Chapter 8

$$6. \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} + \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} + \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a} = \frac{1}{2} [(\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c})^2 - a^2 - b^2 - c^2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [-1 -1 -1] = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$7. (a+3b)(7a-5b) = 7a^2 - 5ab + 21ab - 15b^2 = 7a^2 + 16ab - 15b^2 = 0. \quad (1)$$

$$(a-4b)(7a-2b) = 7a^2 - 2ab - 28ab + 8b^2 = 7a^2 - 30ab + 8b^2 = 0. \quad (2)$$

$$(1) - (2) \quad 46ab - 23b^2 = 0 \Rightarrow 23ab = b^2 \Rightarrow a^2 = b^2.$$

$$7a^2 - 30ab + 16ab = 0 \Rightarrow a^2 = 2ab.$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 = 2a^2 \cos \theta \Rightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$8(1) |(a+b) \times (a-b)| = |a \times a - a \times b + b \times a - b \times b|$$

$$= 2|a \times b| = 2ab \sin \theta = 2 \times 3 \times 4 = 12$$

$$(2) |(3a-b) \times (a-2b)| = |3a \times a - b \times a - b \times a + 2b \times b|$$

$$= |-6a \times b + a \times b| = |5a \times b| = 5|a \times b| = 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 = 60.$$

$$9.(2). |(a+3b) \times (3a-b)| = |3a \times a - a \times b + 3b \times 3a - 3b \times b| = 16|a \times b| = 10 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 10\sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow |(a+3b) \times (3a-b)|^2 = 300.$$

$$14. \vec{a} - \vec{b} = (4, -6, 12).$$

$$|\vec{a} - \vec{b}| = \sqrt{4^2 + 6^2 + 12^2} = \sqrt{196} = 14$$

$$e_{\vec{a}-\vec{b}} = \left( \frac{4}{14}, \frac{-6}{14}, \frac{12}{14} \right) = \left( \frac{2}{7}, -\frac{3}{7}, \frac{6}{7} \right)$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{2}{7}, \cos \beta = -\frac{3}{7}, \cos \gamma = \frac{6}{7}$$

$$18 (2). (3a-2b) \cdot (a+2b) = 3a^2 + 6ab - 2ba - 4b^2 = 3a^2 + 4ab - 4b^2$$

$$= 3 \cdot 3^2 + 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) - 4 \cdot 16$$

$$= 27 - 24 - 64 = -61$$

$$21. a \cdot e_b = \frac{a \cdot b}{|b|} = \frac{10 - 2 + 10}{\sqrt{2^2 + 1^2 + 2^2}} = \frac{18}{3} = 6$$