Numerical Optimization, 2023 Fall Homework 2

Due 23:59 (CST), Nov. 2, 2023

1 Standard Form

Convert the following problem to a linear program in standard form. [20pts]

$$\max_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^4} \qquad 2x_1 - x_3 + x_4$$
s.t.
$$x_1 + x_2 \ge 5$$

$$x_1 - x_3 \le 2$$

$$4x_2 + 3x_3 - x_4 \le 10$$

$$x_1 \ge 0$$
(1)

2 Two-Phase Simplex

Use the two-phase simplex procedure to solve the following problem. [40pts]

$$\min_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^4} \quad -3x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 - x_4$$
s.t.
$$x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 0$$

$$2x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 + 3x_4 = 9$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 = 6$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \ge 0$$
(2)

3 Extreme Point

3.1 Q1

Prove that the extreme points of the following two sets are in one-to-one correspondence. [20pts]

$$S_1 = \{ \boldsymbol{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n : \boldsymbol{A}\boldsymbol{x} \le \boldsymbol{b}, \boldsymbol{x} \ge 0 \}$$

$$S_2 = \{ (\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y}) \in \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^m : \boldsymbol{A}\boldsymbol{x} + \boldsymbol{y} = \boldsymbol{b}, \boldsymbol{x} \ge 0, \boldsymbol{y} \ge 0 \},$$
(3)

where $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$, $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^m$.

3.2 Q2

Does the set $P = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 : 0 \le x_1 \le 1\}$ have extreme points? What is its standard form? Does it have extreme points in its standard form? If so, give a extreme point and explain why it is a extreme point. [20pts]