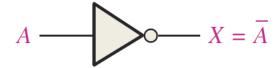
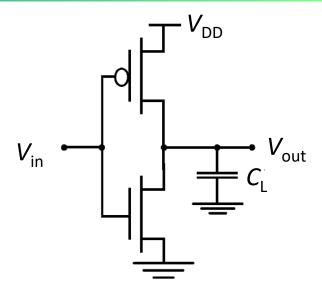
## NOT function (Inverter)

- Boolean expression  $X = \overline{A}$
- Truth table

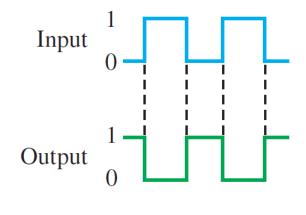
Input	Output
LOW (0)	HIGH (1)
HIGH (1)	LOW (0)

• Logic circuit





Circuit implementation



## **AND** operation

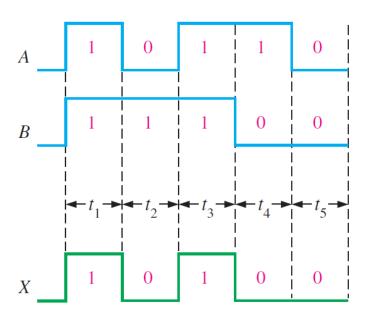
- Boolean expression X = AB
- Truth table

Inputs		Output
$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\boldsymbol{B}$	$\boldsymbol{X}$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

• Logic circuit

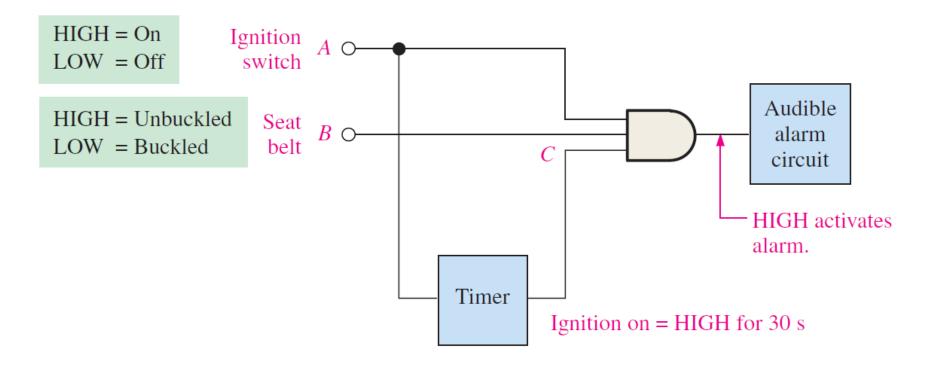
$$A \longrightarrow X = AB$$

Inputs			Output
$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\boldsymbol{B}$	<i>C</i>	X
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1



#### Application of AND gate

#### Seat Belt Alarm System

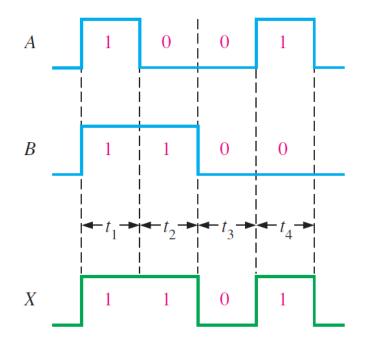


If the ignition is on and the seat belt is unbuckled and the timer is running, the output is HIGH.

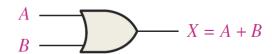
#### OR operation

- Boolean expression X = A + B
- Truth table

A	В	A + B = X
0	0	0 + 0 = 0
0	1	0 + 1 = 1
1	0	1 + 0 = 1
1	1	1 + 1 = 1

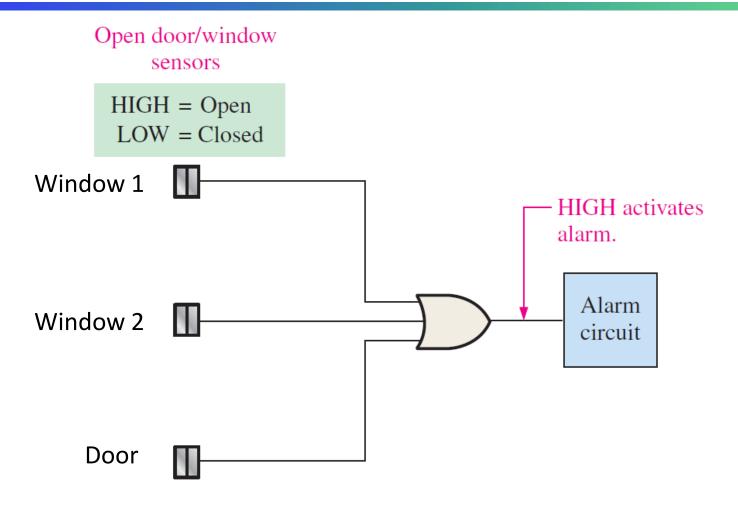


• Logic circuit



Question: draw the truth table for 3-input OR gate

#### Application of OR gate



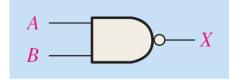
When one of the windows or the door is opened, the gate output goes HIGH.

#### NAND gate

Boolean expression

$$X = \overline{AB}$$

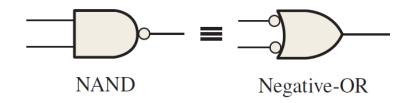
Logic circuit



Truth table

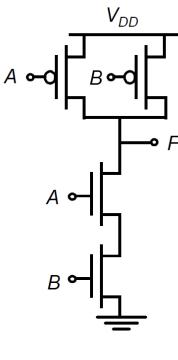
Inputs		Output
$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\boldsymbol{B}$	$\boldsymbol{X}$
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

 Inherent in a NAND gate's operation is the fact that one or more LOW inputs produce a HIGH output



$$\overline{AB} = \overline{A} + \overline{B}$$

Verify this using truth table



Circuit

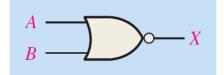
Question: draw the truth table for 3-input NAND gate

#### NOR gate

Boolean expression

$$X = \overline{A + B}$$

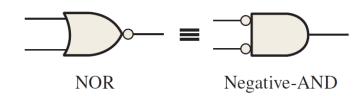
Logic circuit



Truth table

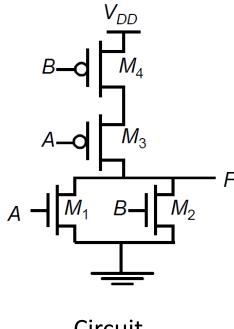
Inputs		Output
$\boldsymbol{A}$	В	$\boldsymbol{X}$
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0

A HIGH is produced on the gate output only when all of the inputs are LOW



$$\overline{A+B} = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B}$$

Verify this using truth table



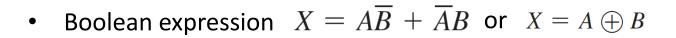
Circuit

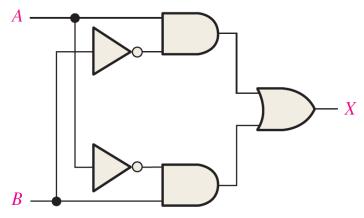
Question: draw the truth table for 3-input NOR gate

### Exclusive-OR (XOR) gate

- The output of XOR is HIGH only when the two inputs are at opposite logic levels.
- Truth table

Inputs		Output
A	$\boldsymbol{B}$	$\boldsymbol{X}$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0





• Logic circuit



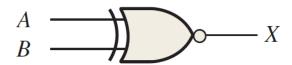
Question: draw the truth table for 3-input XOR gate

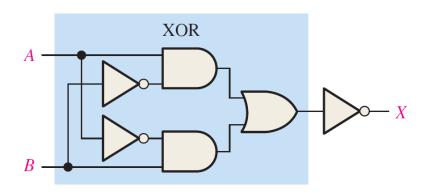
### Exclusive-NOR (XNOR) gate

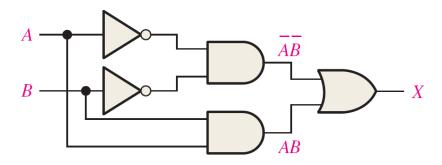
- The output of XNOR is LOW only when the two inputs are at opposite logic levels.
- Truth table

Inp	outs	Output
$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\boldsymbol{B}$	$\boldsymbol{X}$
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

- Boolean expression  $X = \overline{AB} + AB$
- Logic circuit







#### Think about it:

• In the truth table with two inputs, how many lines? How many columns?

## Truth Table & Boolean Expression

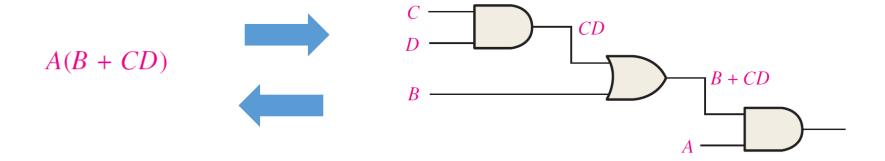
#### Even or odd 1s

A	В	C	У
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

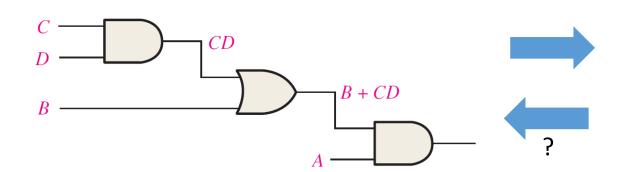


y = A'BC + AB'C + ABC'

## **Boolean Expression & Logic Circuit**



# Truth Table & Logic Circuit



Inputs				Output
$\boldsymbol{A}$	В	$\boldsymbol{C}$	D	A(B + CD)
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1

# Reading materials

• Chapter 3 of Floyd book