

# EE150 Signal and System

## Homework 4

Due on 3 Nov 23:59 UTC+8

Note:

- Please provide enough calculation process to get full marks.
- Please submit your homework to Gradescope.
- It's highly recommended to write every exercise on single sheet of paper.

### Exercies 1. (20pt)

Determine the Fourier transform of each of the following signals:

(a)  $\frac{d}{dt}\{u(-2-t) + u(t-2)\}$

(b)  $2 + \cos(6\pi t + \frac{\pi}{8})$

sketch and label the magnitude of each Fourier transform.

### Exercies 2. (20pt)

Given that  $x(t)$  has the Fourier transform  $X(j\omega)$ , express the Fourier transform of the signals listed below in terms of  $X(j\omega)$ .

(a) The inverse of  $x^*(3t-6)$

(b)  $\frac{d^2 x(t-1)}{dt^2}$

### Exercies 3. (15pt)

Use the duality property to solve the following problems:

- (a) If the Fourier transform of  $x(t)$  is  $X(j\omega)$ , find the Fourier transform of  $X(t)$  and prove it.
- (b)  $x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{2 \sin(k \frac{2\pi}{W} W_1)}{k} \delta(t - k \frac{2\pi}{W})$ , sketch the Fourier transform without analysis equation.

## Exercies 4. (20pt)

A causal and stable LTI system S has the frequency response

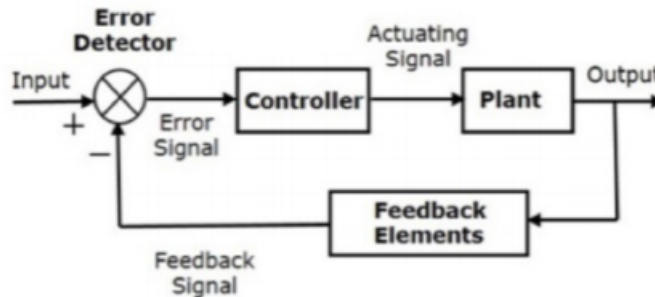
$$H(j\omega) = \frac{j\omega + 4}{6 - \omega^2 + 5j\omega}$$

- (a) Determine the differential equation relating the input  $x(t)$  and output  $y(t)$  of the system S
- (b) Determine the impulse response  $h(t)$  of the system S
- (c) Determine the output of the system S when the input signal is

$$x(t) = e^{-4t}u(t) - te^{-4t}u(t)$$

## Exercies 5. (25pt)

A general closed control system can be presented like this:



Input signal is  $x(t)$ , output signal is  $y(t)$ , error signal is  $e(t)$ . Assume that the gain of Plant and Feedback Elements are "1" ( which means you can think of them as wire).

For controller, there are three situation:

- (i) PID controller: the output of controller is  $K_p e(t) + K_i \int_{-\infty}^t e(\tau) d\tau + K_d \frac{de(t)}{dt}$ .  
(when using intergration property, ignoring CD components)
- (ii) PI contorller: it's similar to PID controller with  $K_d = 0$ .
- (iii) PD contorller: it's similar to PID controller with  $K_i = 0$ .

- (a) Determine the differential equation of PID controller closed system relating the input  $x(t)$  and output  $y(t)$ , and calculate the Fourier transform of this system.
- (b) Calculate the Fourier transform of PID, PI, PD controller.
- (c) Let signal pass through the PI( $K_p = 2, K_i = 1$ ), PD( $K_p = 5, K_d = 2$ ) controllers in turn. Prove that this is equivalent to letting the signal pass through the PID( $K_p = 12, K_i = 5, K_d = 4$ ) controller directly.