## DAY-22 PYTHON WEB SCRAPING

## What is Web Scrapping

The internet is full of huge amount of data which can be used for different purposes. To collect this data we need to know how to scrape data from a website.

Web scraping is the process of extracting and collecting data from websites and storing it on a local machine or in a database.

In this section, we will use beautiful oup and requests package to scrape data. The package version we are using is beautiful oup 4.

To start scraping websites you need requests, beautifoulSoup4 and a website.

```
pip install requests
pip install beautifulsoup4
```

To scrape data from websites, basic understanding of HTML tags and CSS selectors is needed. We target content from a website using HTML tags, classes or/and ids. Let us import the requests and BeautifulSoup module

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
```

Let us declare url variable for the website which we are going to scrape.

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
url = 'https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.php'

# Lets use the requests get method to fetch the data from url
response = requests.get(url)
# lets check the status
status = response.status_code
print(status) # 200 means the fetching was successful
```

200

Using beautifulSoup to parse content from the page

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
url = 'https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.php'
response = requests.get(url)
content = response.content # we get all the content from the
website
soup = BeautifulSoup(content, 'html.parser') # beautiful soup
will give a chance to parse
print(soup.title) # <title>UCI Machine Learning Repository:
Data Sets</title>
print(soup.title.get text()) # UCI Machine Learning
Repository: Data Sets
print(soup.body) # gives the whole page on the website
print(response.status code)
tables = soup.find all('table', {'cellpadding':'3'})
# We are targeting the table with cellpadding attribute with
the value of 3
# We can select using id, class or HTML tag , for more
information check the beautiful soup doc
table = tables[0] # the result is a list, we are taking out
data from it
for td in table.find('tr').find all('td'):
print(td.text)
```

If you run this code, you can see that the extraction is half done. You can continue doing it because it is part of exercise 1. For reference check the <a href="mailto:beautifulsoup">beautifulsoup</a> <a href="mailto:documentation">documentation</a>

• You are so special, you are progressing everyday. You are left with only eight days to your way to greatness. Now do some exercises for your brain and muscles.

## Exercises: Day 22

- 1. Scrape the following website and store the data as json file(url = 'http://www.bu.edu/president/boston-university-facts-stats/').
- 2. Extract the table in this url (<a href="https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.php">https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.php</a>) and change it to a json file
- 3. Scrape the presidents table and store the data as json(<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_presidents\_of\_the\_United\_States">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_presidents\_of\_the\_United\_States</a>). The table is not very structured and the scrapping may take very long time.

