MTH240 Midterm

Practice/Specimen Paper 1

Toronto Metropolitan University	Midterm 1 – Winter 2	023	MTH 240	
TMU EMAIL:		SIGNATURE		
Date and Time: February XXX, 2023, 6:30 pm		(Time allowed: 120 M	(linutes)	

Section (Circle)							
Instructor 1	1	2	3	4			
Instructor 2	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Instructor 3	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Instructor 4	17	18	19	20	21	22	
Instructor 5	23	24	25	26	27	28	

Instructions

- 1. Calculators, notes, and other aids are not allowed.
- 2. Answer all questions in this booklet. If you need extra room, use 2 pages, clearly indicating where your answer continues. ANYTHING WRITTEN ON THE BACK OF ANY PAGE WILL NOT BE MARKED.
- 3. In every question, show your work, presented clearly and in the correct order. Unjustified answers will be given little or no credit.
- 4. Cross out all irrelevant or incorrect work, as marks may be deducted for work, which is misleading, irrelevant, or incorrect.
- 5. Make sure your test paper is complete; there are 6 questions on 9 pages (including this one). The final 2 pages are given for extra space and do NOT contain questions.

- 1. (a) Why should a future engineer learn about integration techniques and in particular *improper integrals* (word limit 100)?
 - (b) Evaluate

$$\int y^2 \, \cos(5y) \, dy$$

(c) Evaluate

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+8}} dx$$

(d) Evaluate

$$I_n = \int x^n e^{4x} dx$$

- 2. (a) State the product to sum trigonometric identity that may be used to integrate the product of the sin and cos functions different angles.
 - (b) Evaluate

$$\int \cos(3\theta)\cos(7\theta)\ d\theta.$$

(c) Evaluate.

$$\int \sin^6(\theta) \ d\theta \ .$$

3. Evaluate

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-25x^2}} dx.$$

- 4. (a) Sunita Patel says $f(x) = \frac{7x^2 + 11x + 13}{(3x + 4)(x^2 + 9)}$ is an **improper fraction**. Comment on the statement as a feedback to Sunita.
 - (b) State the partial fraction decomposition form of $f(x) = \frac{7x^2 + 11x + 13}{(3x+4)(x^2+9)}$.
 - (c) Find the constants in the partial fraction decomposition form, and **hence** write f(x) as a sum of partial fractions.
 - (d) Using your answer in (c) show that

$$\int_0^3 f(x)dx = \frac{1}{3}\ln 26 + \frac{\pi}{12}.$$

5. (a) Evaluate the following integral.

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - x^2} dx.$$

(b) Show whether the following integral converges or diverges.

$$\int_0^a \frac{1}{a^2 - x^2} dx.$$