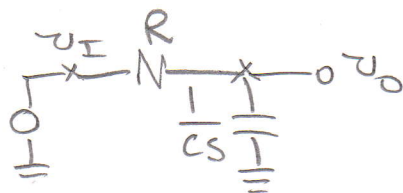


PRE-LAB

P1



Voltage Division

$$V_O(s) = \frac{V_I(s)}{R + \frac{1}{Cs}} \cdot \frac{1}{Cs}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_O(s)}{V_I(s)} = \frac{1}{\tau s + 1} ; \tau = RC$$

For a sinusoidal steady-state response:

$$s = j\omega ; \omega = 2\pi f$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_O(j\omega)}{V_I(j\omega)} = \frac{1}{j(\tau\omega) + 1}$$

$$\text{Magnitude of gain} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\tau\omega)^2 + 1}}$$

$$\text{Phase of gain} = -\tan^{-1}(\tau\omega)$$

The numerical values have been tabulated below:

f [Hz]	ω [rad/s]	τ [s]	$\tau\omega$	Mag. [$\frac{V}{V}$]	Mag. [dB]	Phase [deg.]
10	62.8	0.001	0.0628	0.998	-0.017	-3.6
100	628	0.001	0.628	0.847	-1.44	-32.1
159	999	0.001	0.999	0.707	-3.01	-45.1
1000	6280	0.001	6.28	0.157	-16.08	-81
10000	62800	0.001	62.8	0.0159	-35.97	-89.1

Note: $\text{Mag. [dB]} = 20 \log(\text{Mag.})$

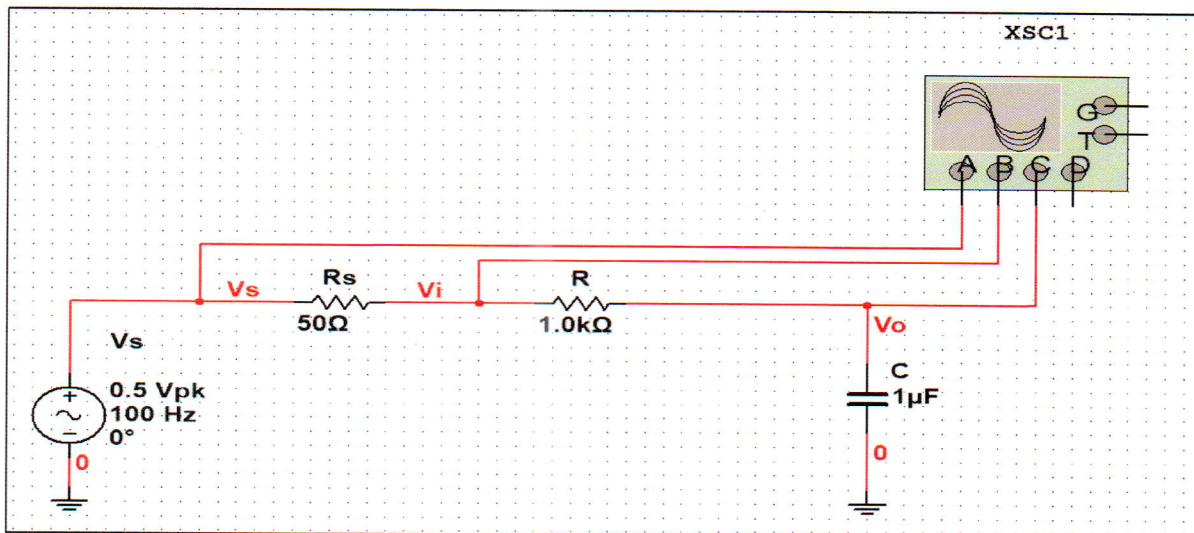
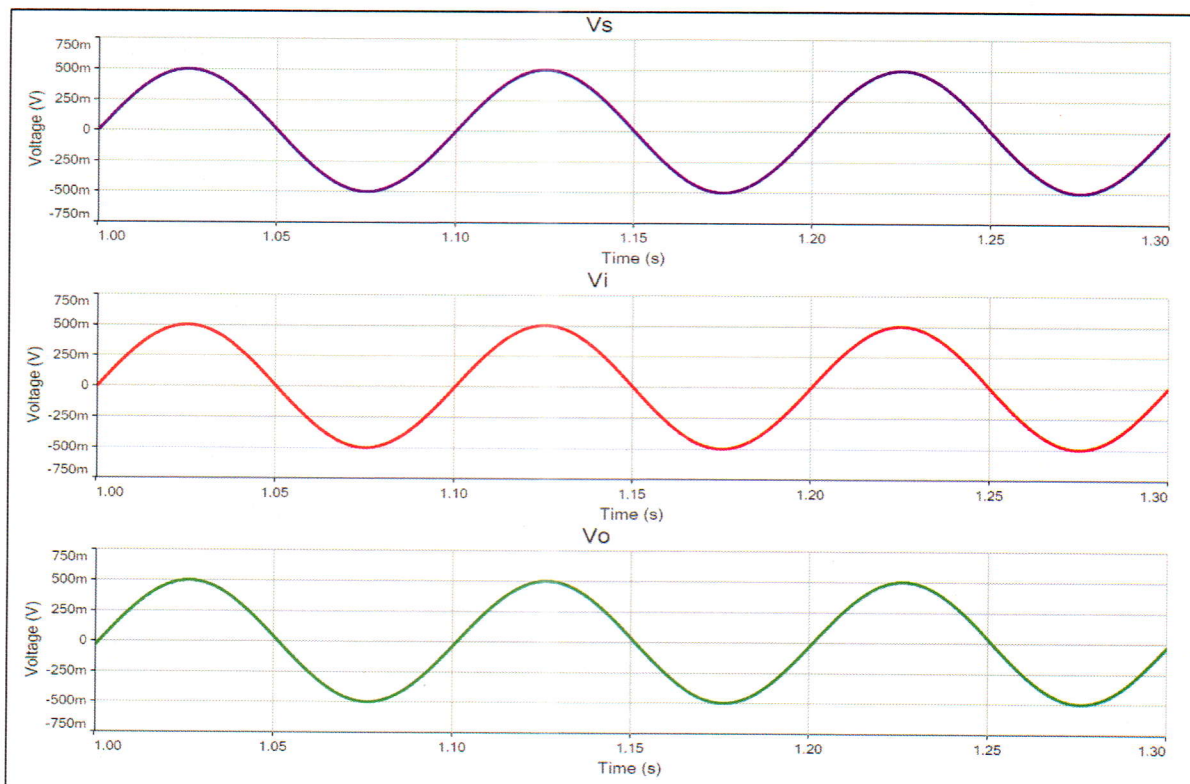
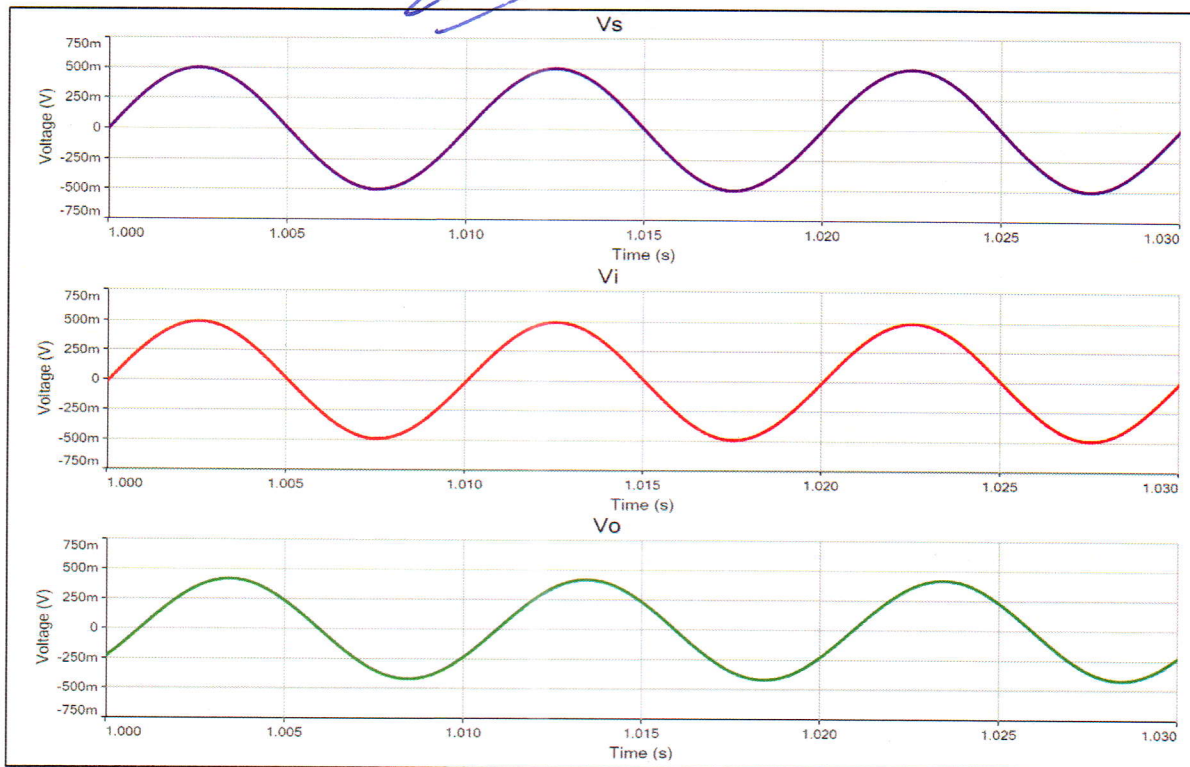
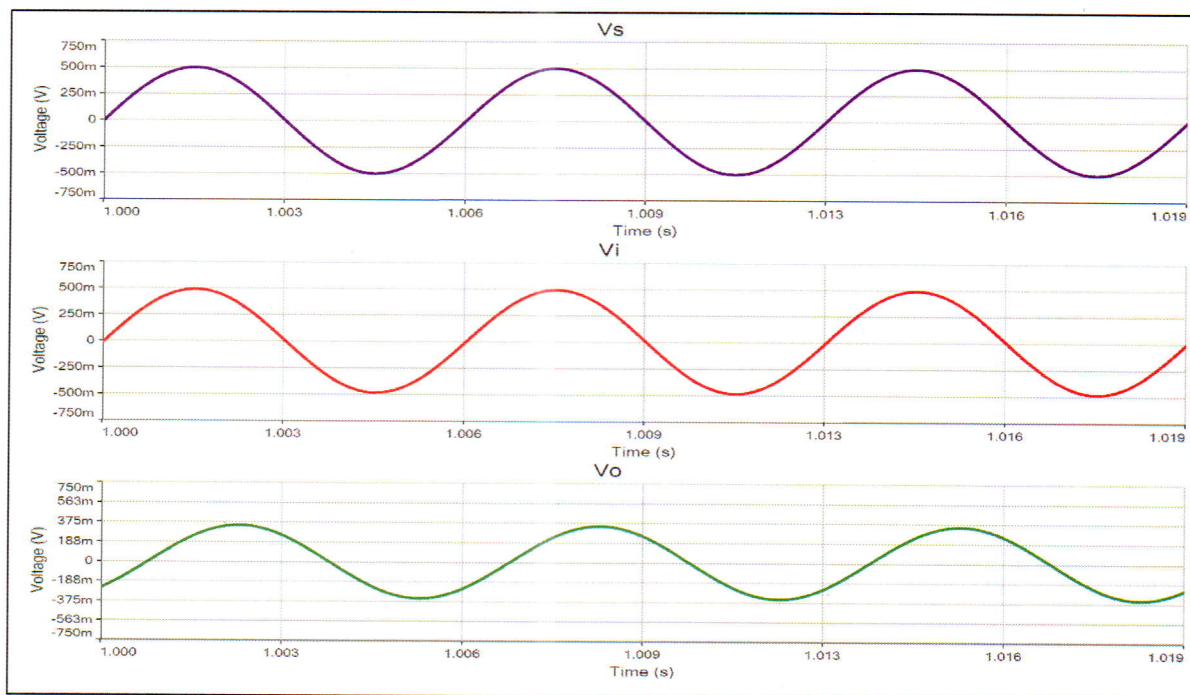
P2: Simulation of the Circuit of Figure 1 using Multisim

Figure 2. Multisim circuit schematic for the low-pass filter seen in Figure 1 of the lab manual.

Graph P2(a). Simulated waveforms for v_s , v_i , and v_o , for the circuit seen in Figure 2 using a frequency of 10 Hz.

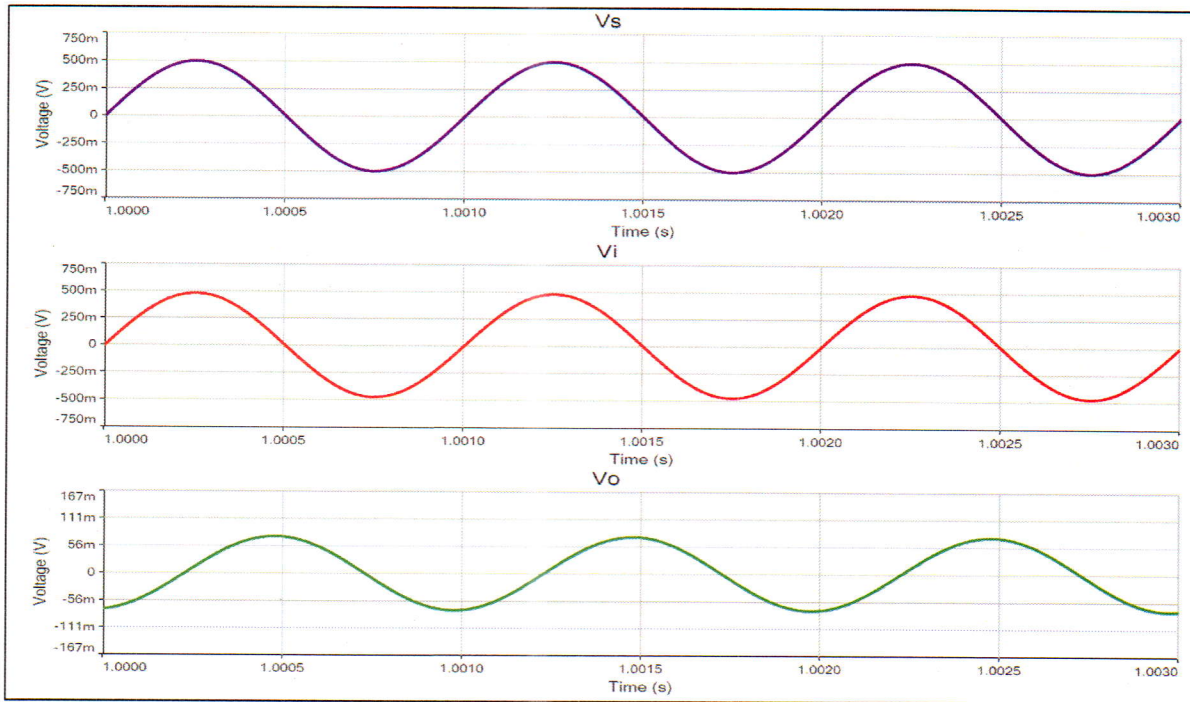


Graph P2(b). Simulated waveforms for v_s , v_i , and v_o , for the circuit seen in Figure 2 using a frequency of 100 Hz.

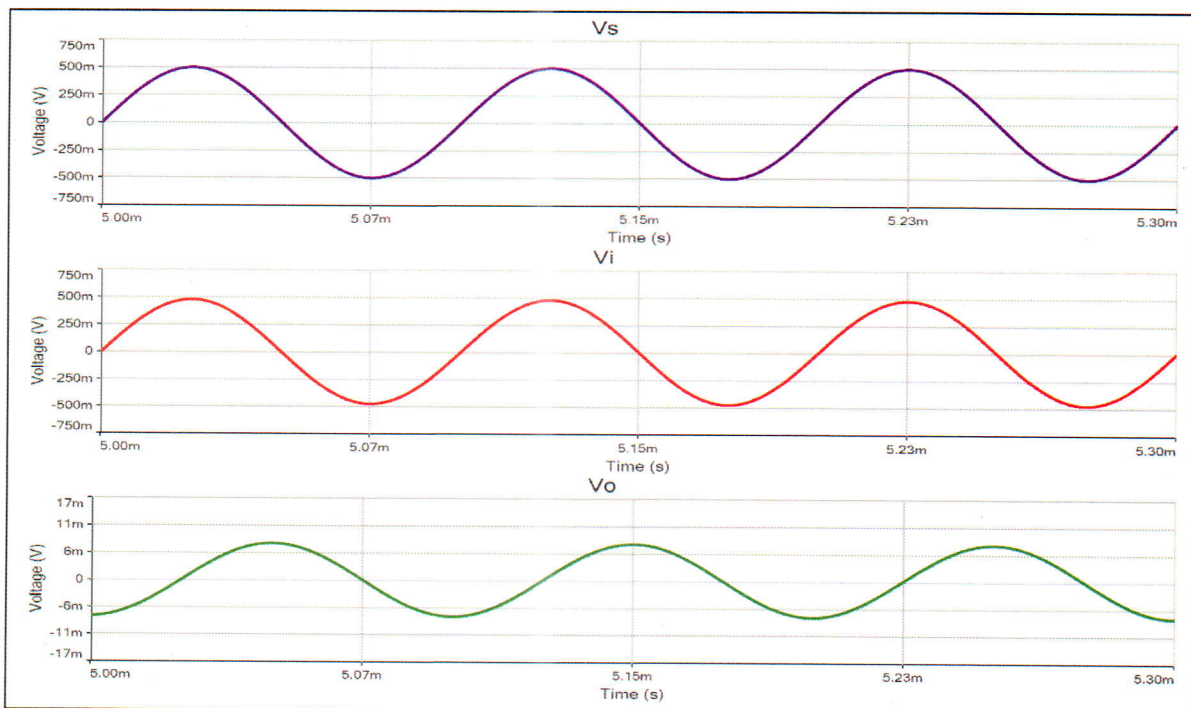


Graph P2(c). Simulated waveforms for v_s , v_i , and v_o , for the circuit seen in Figure 2 using a frequency of 159 Hz.

[Handwritten signature]

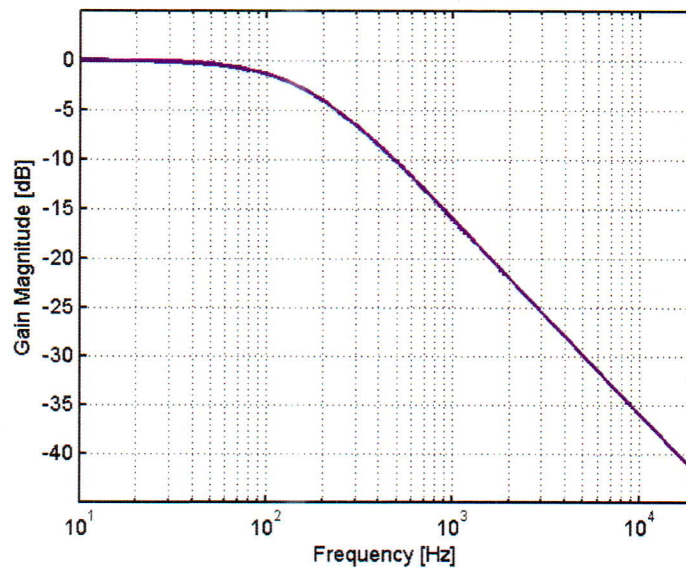


Graph P2(d). Simulated waveforms for v_s , v_i , and v_o , for the circuit seen in Figure 2 using a frequency of 1,000 Hz.



Graph P2(e). Simulated waveforms for v_s , v_i , and v_o , for the circuit seen in Figure 2 using a frequency of 10,000 Hz.

P3: Frequency response plot for the circuit of Figure 1 of the lab manual, and its Matlab code



Graph P3. Frequency response of the circuit of Figure 1.

clear all

%Setting Parameters and Frequency Range

C = 1e-6;

R = 1e3;

tau = R*C;

f = 10:10:20000;

%%

omega = 2*pi*f;

gain = ((tau*omega).^2+1).^-0.5;

g = 20*log10(gain);

semilogx(f,g, 'b', 'LineWidth', 2);

set(gca,...

 'ytick',[-40:5:0], 'LineWidth',1.5, 'FontSize',11,...

 'LineWidth',1.5, 'FontSize',11,...

 'xlim',[10,20000], 'ylim',[-45,5]);

ylabel('Gain Magnitude [dB]');

xlabel('Frequency [Hz]');

grid on;

TA Copy of Results

Table E1. Experimental results for the circuit of **Figure 1**.

Frequency [Hz]	V_I [Vrms]	V_O [Vrms]	$g = V_O/V_I$	$20\log(g)$ [dB]	Plot
10	0.3424	0.3411	0.996	-0.035	Graph E1(a)
100	0.3486	0.2945	0.845	-1.46	Graph E1(b)
159	0.3449	0.2434	0.706	-3.02	Graph E1(c)
1,000	0.3375	0.0542	0.161	-15.9	Graph E1(d)
10,000	0.3375	0.0054	0.016	-35.9	Graph E1(e)

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	Partner's Name	Pre-Lab (out of 20)	Set-Up (out of 10)	Data Collection (out of 10)	Participation (out of 5)
1					
2					