CSC 116 DDoS Attacks

Case study

Have you ever tried to visit a website, but it was extremely slow or completely down? It might have been under a DDoS attack.

Definition of DoS

A cyber attack that floods a website or server with fake traffic to make it unavailable.

Difference between **DoS vs. DDoS**:

- DoS (Denial of Service): A single attacker floods a target with requests.
- **DDoS (Distributed Denial of Service)**: Multiple devices (botnets) are used to overwhelm the target.

DoS vs DDoS Attacks









Multiple Systems

Victim's Server

Why Do Hackers Launch DDoS Attacks?

Solutions

Enable Rate Limiting & CAPTCHAs

- If you run a personal website (e.g., a school project), enable:
 - Rate limiting (limits the number of requests per IP).
 - CAPTCHA verification to block bots.
 - Web Application Firewall (WAF) (Cloudflare, AWS Shield, etc.).

Monitor Traffic for Anomalies

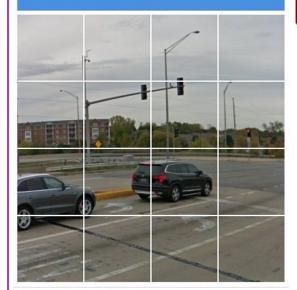
- Use tools like Google Analytics, AWStats, or UptimeRobot to check for sudden spikes in traffic.
- If you notice abnormal behavior, temporarily block suspicious IPs.

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Use Cloud-Based DDoS Protection

- Services like Cloudflare Free Plan, Google Shield, or AWS Free Tier offer basic DDoS mitigation.
- They provide rate limiting, IP filtering, and traffic distribution.

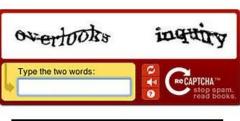
Select all squares with **traffic lights**If there are none, click skip

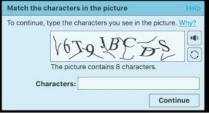


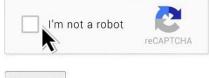






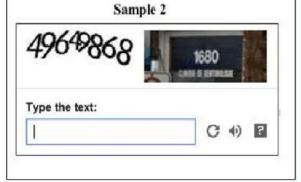






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CSC 116 Malicious Mobile Apps

12 malicious malwares