

Perfect. Continuing in the SAME PDF-style format, depth, and simplicity.

## JavaScript Destructuring — Internal & Practical View

(Object & Array Destructuring • Memory • Defaults • Traps)

### ♦ 1. What is Destructuring?

#### Definition

Destructuring allows you to **extract values from objects or arrays** into variables in **one statement**.

👉 It's **syntax sugar** over property/index access.

#### Simple Meaning

Instead of:

```
js

const name = user.name;
const age = user.age;
```

You write:

```
js

const { name, age } = user;
```

#### Internal Behavior

- No new data structure is created
- JS performs **property lookup** (objects) or **index access** (arrays)
- Values are **assigned to new variables**
- References remain the same for objects

#### ✅ Key Takeaway

Destructuring does **not copy objects**—it only assigns references.

#### ⚠️ Interview Trap

Destructuring looks like cloning, but it is **not**.

### ♦ 2. Object Destructuring (Basics)

#### Syntax

```
js
```

```
const user = { name: "Anoop", age: 22 };
```

```
const { name, age } = user;
```

## Output

```
js
```

```
name // "Anoop"
```

```
age // 22
```

### Internal Behavior

- JS looks for keys `"name"` and `"age"` in `user`
- Assigns found values to variables with same names

### Key Takeaway

Variable names must **match object keys**.

### Interview Trap

Missing keys result in `undefined`.

## ◆ 3. Renaming Variables (Very Common)

```
js
```

```
const user = { name: "Anoop" };
```

```
const { name: userName } = user;
```

### Internal Behavior

- Key is still `"name"`
- Variable name becomes `userName`

### Key Takeaway

`key: variableName` → rename during destructuring.

### Interview Trap

`userName` is NOT a property name.

## ◆ 4. Default Values in Object Destructuring

```
js
```

```
const user = { name: "Anoop" };
```

```
const { age = 18 } = user;
```

## Output

```
js
```

```
age // 18
```

### Internal Behavior

- Default applies **only if value is** `undefined`
- Does NOT apply for `null`

```
js
```

```
const obj = { x: null };
```

```
const { x = 10 } = obj;
```

```
x; // null
```

### Key Takeaway

Defaults trigger only for `undefined`.

### Interview Trap

`null` does NOT trigger default values.

## ◆ 5. Nested Object Destructuring

```
js
```

```
const user = {  
  name: "Anoop",  
  address: {  
    city: "Delhi",  
    pin: 110001  
  }  
};
```

```
const { address: { city } } = user;
```

### Internal Behavior

- JS navigates object step by step

- No variable called `address` is created here

js

```
address; // ❌ ReferenceError
```

### ✅ Key Takeaway

Nested destructuring does NOT expose parent object automatically.

### ⚠️ Interview Trap

You must destructure parent separately if needed.

## ♦ 6. Array Destructuring (Basics)

js

```
const arr = [10, 20, 30];
```

```
const [a, b] = arr;
```

## Output

js

```
a // 10
```

```
b // 20
```

### 🔍 Internal Behavior

- Index-based assignment
- Same as:

js

```
a = arr[0];
```

```
b = arr[1];
```

### ✅ Key Takeaway

Array destructuring depends on **order**, not names.

### ⚠️ Interview Trap

Skipping order gives wrong values.

## ♦ 7. Skipping Elements

js

```
const arr = [10, 20, 30];
```

```
const [, , c] = arr;
```

```
c; // 30
```

#### Internal Behavior

- Commas skip indexes
- No temporary variables created

#### Key Takeaway

Commas control position.

#### Interview Trap

Too many commas cause confusion.

### ◆ 8. Default Values in Array Destructuring

```
js
```

```
const arr = [10];
```

```
const [a, b = 20] = arr;
```

#### Internal Behavior

- `b` gets default because `arr[1]` is `undefined`

#### Key Takeaway

Same default rule as objects: only for `undefined`.

### ◆ 9. Swapping Variables (Classic Use Case)

```
js
```

```
let x = 10;
```

```
let y = 20;
```

```
[x, y] = [y, x];
```

#### Internal Behavior

- Temporary array created
- Values reassigned in one step

#### Key Takeaway

Cleaner than temp variable swapping.

## ⚠ Interview Trap

Still creates a small temporary array.

## ◆ 10. Destructuring Function Parameters

```
js

function print({ name, age }) {
  console.log(name, age);
}

print({ name: "Anoop", age: 22 });
```

### 🔍 Internal Behavior

- Destructuring happens at **function entry**
- Same rules as normal destructuring

## ⚠ Danger Case

```
js

print(); // ❌ TypeError
```

## Safe Version

```
js

function print({ name, age } = {}) {}
```

## ✅ Key Takeaway

Always default destructured parameters.

## 🧠 FINAL SUMMARY (EXAM + INTERVIEW)

- Destructuring is syntax sugar
- Objects → key-based
- Arrays → index-based
- Defaults apply only for `undefined`
- No deep copy happens
- References remain intact

## ▶▶ NEXT (Same Format)

Reply with **one word**:

- `json`

- `map-set`
- `array-vs-object`
- `object-methods`
- `spread-rest`

I'll continue in **exact same simplified PDF-style**.