

HTML learning roadmap

Nice 🔥 now we're moving into **Performance & Optimization tags** in the `<head>` — this is the stuff that separates hobby projects from **production-grade apps**.

These don't change what the page *looks like*, but they **control speed, loading strategy, caching, and resource prioritization** → directly impacting **SEO, Core Web Vitals**, and user experience.

1 Viewport (mobile optimization)

html

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
```

- Ensures responsive scaling on mobile.
- Without it → site zooms out (tiny text).
- ⚡ **Pro Tip:** Avoid `user-scalable=no` (bad for accessibility).

2 Resource Hints (Preload, Prefetch, Preconnect, DNS-Prefetch)

These tell the browser how to **prepare for resources before they're requested**.

◆ Preload (highest priority)

html

```
<link rel="preload" href="/fonts/roboto.woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin>
```

- Used for *critical* resources (fonts, hero image, above-the-fold CSS/JS).
- ⚡ **Pro Tip:** Always add `as="..."` so the browser knows how to handle it.

◆ Prefetch (next-page optimization)

html

```
<link rel="prefetch" href="/next-page.js" as="script">
```

- Low-priority fetch, used for **likely next-page navigation**.

◆ Preconnect (network handshake early)

html

```
<link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.gstatic.com" crossorigin>
```

- Opens TCP/TLS handshake early for faster requests.

◆ DNS-Prefetch (just DNS lookup)

html

```
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="//cdn.example.com">
```

- Only resolves DNS; lighter than preconnect.

🚀 Hidden Hack: Use

html

```
<link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com" crossorigin>  
<link rel="preload" href="/critical.css" as="style">
```

together → ensures fastest font + CSS rendering.

3 Async vs Defer (JS execution optimization)

html

```
<script src="main.js" async></script>  
<script src="analytics.js" defer></script>
```

- `async` : loads in parallel, executes ASAP (good for ads/analytics).
- `defer` : loads in parallel, executes *after DOM ready* (good for app scripts).
- ⚡ **Pro Tip:** Always `defer` main app JS → avoids render blocking.

4 Preload Key Fonts (critical rendering path)

html

```
<link rel="preload" href="/fonts/open-sans.woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin>
```

- Prevents FOIT/FOUT (Flash of Invisible/Unstyled Text).
- Chrome Lighthouse audits complain if you don't do this.

5 HTTP Caching & Control via `<meta>`

html

```
<meta http-equiv="Cache-Control" content="max-age=31536000, must-revalidate">
<meta http-equiv="Pragma" content="no-cache">
```

- Generally better set at **server level** (HTTP headers), but meta works for client hints.
- ⚡ **Pro Tip:** For SPAs → use **service workers** instead of meta.

6 Content Security Policy (CSP) & Security-Performance Tradeoff

html

```
<meta http-equiv="Content-Security-Policy" content="default-src 'self'; img-src
https://cdn.example.com; script-src 'self' https://apis.google.com">
```

- Protects against XSS by **restricting sources**.
- Also improves performance by **blocking unnecessary requests**.

7 Other Optimization Tags

- Theme color (for mobile browsers / PWA feel)

html

```
<meta name="theme-color" content="#0d6efd">
```

- Manifest for PWA caching & offline

html

```
<link rel="manifest" href="/manifest.json">
```

- Robots (control crawling)

```
html
```

```
<meta name="robots" content="index, follow">
```

8 Performance Priorities Summary (What to Always Do)

✓ Always:

- `<meta name="viewport">`
- `<script defer>`
- Preload critical fonts & CSS
- Preconnect to CDN/fonts

⚠ Optional / Case-based:

- Prefetch (next-page heavy apps)
- Meta cache-control (if server headers unavailable)
- CSP (security + perf)

✗ Avoid:

- `user-scalable=no` → breaks accessibility.
- Blocking scripts in `<head>` without `defer/async`.

⚡ Reality Check:

Modern SEO (Google PageSpeed / Core Web Vitals) is **80% about these optimizations**, not just keywords.

Fast sites rank higher, convert better, and get fewer bounces.

👉 Do you want me to now **deep-dive into each resource hint** (preload, preconnect, prefetch, dns-prefetch) one by one with diagrams + real use-cases, or cover **async vs defer vs normal script loading** in the same bit-by-bit style?