Question 1. Write a program that converts time given in seconds as an integer into "hh:mm:ss" format. All these three values, h for hour, m for minute, and s for second will be given as integers.

NOTE: If either the hour, minute, or the second value is smaller than 10, you must print a 0 next to it (i.e. Instead of 9:3:45, the program should print out 09:03:45)

Examples:

Input 100 3700 8000 Output 00:01:40 01:01:40 02:13:20

Question 2. Write a program that computes and displays the area of a geometrical shape. First, the program will read the type of the shape which is given in as a character. Then, based on the shape, you will read one or two more values.

The type of the shapes can either be,

- s or S for square
- r or R for rectangle
- c or C for circle.

If the shape is a square, then the program will read 1 input: the edge length (a)

If the shape is a rectangle, then the program will read 2 inputs: edge length (a) and height (h)

If the shape is a circle, then the program will read 1 input: radius (r)

After that, your program will compute the **AREA** of the given shape and print it out to the screen as a double value.

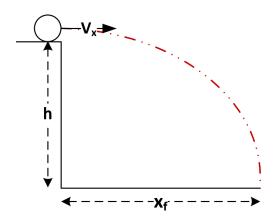
NOTE: Area formulations of the shapes are as below:

Square	Rectangle	Circle
a*a	a*h	pi*r*r

NOTE: Take pi as 3.14

Input S 5 r 4 8 C 2

Question 3. An object is thrown near a cliff as depicted in the following figure



Write a program which calculates after s seconds whether the object hits the ground or not. Your program will read three double values, x velocity (V_x) , the height of the cliff (h), and seconds passed (s). After the object is thrown, it will start moving to the right with a CONSTANT speed of V_x . At the same time, it will start to drop down due to gravity. The vertical distance the object will cover by falling after t seconds is calculated by the formula given below.

Based on the input values, your program will check if the object hits the ground within s seconds or not. The output of the program varies as below:

• If the object hits the ground within s seconds: Output: "Object hit the ground, time until crash: S_c .

Final x distance: x_F "

• If the object DID NOT hit the ground within s seconds:

Output: "Object did not hit the ground.

Final x distance: x_F Final height: y_F "

All the output values will be double values.

 $\label{eq:hint:hint:hint:hint} \mathbf{HINT:} \ \mathbf{Formula:} \ h = \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \quad \text{and take G as 9.81}$

HINT: In order to calculate the squareroot of a given number you can use the Math.sqrt method as shown below:

Y = Math.sqrt(X);

Examples:

Input 12.5 33.6 1.7 12.45 25.76 3.5

Object did not hit the ground Object hit the ground Final x distance: 21.250001 Time until crash: 2.291677 Final height: 19.424548 Final x distance: 28.531378