



CITY MAX HEAP

- Teilnehmende

Team 01

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INHALTSVERZEICHNIS

- Max City Heap Build
 - Heapify up
 - Iterativ
 - Rekursiv
 - Heapify down
 - Iterativ
 - Rekursiv
 - Floyds Heap Building Algorithm
- Sonstiges
 - Hilfsfunktionen
 - Aus AbstractCityHeap.py
- Live Code und Fragen

INSERT

- Wenn Heap voll
 - List Eigenschaften nutzen zum Erweitern
 - Alternativ: Fehler ausgeben
- Abfrage nach Rekursiv Eigenschaft (Boolean)
- Last Index inkrementieren

```
def insert(self, city):  
    if self.check_if_heap_is_full() == True:  
        self.heapStorage.append(0)  
        self.maximumHeapCapacity = self.maximumHeapCapacity + 1  
  
    self.heapStorage[self.currentHeapLastIndex] = city  
  
    if self.recursive:  
        self.heapify_up_recursive(self.currentHeapLastIndex)  
    else:  
        self.heapify_up_iterative()  
  
    self.currentHeapLastIndex = self.currentHeapLastIndex + 1
```

ITERATIV UP

- Worst Case
 - Schleife bis Root
- Solange Population > Parent Population, Tausche Nodes
- Nach jedem Durchlauf
 - Node = Parent

```
def heapify_up_iterative(self):  
    """  
    Establish heap conditions for a Max-Heap iterative upwards.  
    """  
    current_index = self.currentHeapLastIndex  
    parent_index = self.get_parent_index(current_index)  
  
    while current_index > 0:  
        node_population = self.heapStorage[current_index].population  
        parent_population = self.heapStorage[parent_index].population  
  
        if node_population > parent_population:  
            self.swap_nodes(current_index, parent_index)  
            current_index = parent_index  
            parent_index = self.get_parent_index(current_index)  
        else:  
            return
```

REKURSIV UP

heapify_up_recursive

```
def heapify_up_recursive(self, index):  
    """  
    Establish heap conditions for a Max-Heap recursive upwards.  
    """  
    # Exercise  
    ...  
    if self.has_parent(index) and index >= 0:  
        parent_index = self.get_parent_index(index)  
        if self.get_city_population(parent_index) < self.get_city_population(index):  
            self.swap_nodes(parent_index, index)  
            self.heapify_up_recursive(parent_index)
```

HEAPIFY DOWN

■ heapify_down_recursive

```
def heapify_down_recursive(self, index):
    """
    Establish heap conditions for a Max-Heap recursive downwards.
    """
    if index == 0: # Alternativ if self.has_parent(index) oder so
        root_index = index
        root_node = self.heapStorage[root_index]
        last_node_index = self.currentHeapLastIndex
        last_node = self.heapStorage[last_node_index]

        self.swap_nodes(root_index, last_node_index) # Tausche erste und letzte Node
        self.heapStorage[self.currentHeapLastIndex] = 0 # Lösche letzten Eintrag

    left_child_index = None
    right_child_index = None

    if self.has_left_child(index):
        left_child_index = self.get_left_child_index(index)
    else: return
    if self.has_right_child(index):
        right_child_index = self.get_right_child_index(index)
    else: return

    smaller_child_index = None # Instanziiere smallerchild
    if left_child_index.population < right_child_index.population:
        smaller_child_index = right_child_index
    else:
        smaller_child_index = left_child_index

    if root_node.population > smaller_child_index:
        return
    else:
        self.swap_nodes(index, smaller_child_index)
        self.heapify_down_recursive(smaller_child_index)
```

■ heapify_down_iterative

```
def heapify_down_iterative(self):
    """
    Establish heap conditions for a Max-Heap iterative downwards.
    """
    root_node = self.heapStorage[0]
    last_node = self.heapStorage[self.currentHeapLastIndex]

    # Tausche erste und letzte Node
    self.swap_nodes(root_node, last_node)
    self.heapStorage[self.currentHeapLastIndex] = 0

    root_node = last_node # Setze Referenz von root Node auf new root

    while self.has_left_child(root_node) or self.has_right_child(root_node):
        if self.has_left_child(root_node):
            left_child = self.get_left_child_index(root_node)
        if self.has_right_child(root_node):
            right_child = self.get_right_child_index(root_node)

        smaller_child = 0 # Instanziiere smallerchild

        if left_child.population < right_child.population:
            smaller_child = right_child
        else:
            smaller_child = left_child

        if root_node.population > smaller_child:
            return # Heap Invariante ist wieder hergestellt

    root_node = smaller_child
```

FLOYD'S HEAP BUILDING ALGORITHMUS

Floyd

- Gleiches wie
 - Heapify_down_iter
- Ohne check
leere Blätter

```
def heapify_floyd(self, index, amount_of_cities):
    """
    Establish heap conditions for a Max-Heap via Floyds Heap Construction Algorithmus.

    """
    # Exercise

    self.heapify_down_iterative()
    '''
    last_leaf_index = index

    while last_leaf_index >= 0 and not (
        self.has_left_child(last_leaf_index) or self.has_right_child(last_leaf_index)):
        last_leaf_index -= 1

    # Start building the heap from the last non-leaf node
    for idx in range(last_leaf_index, -1, -1):
        self.heapify_down_recursive(idx)
```

REMOVE

Remove Stadt größte Einwohner

- Heap erfüllt
- Swap
- Remove
- Correct Last
- Rebuild heap
 - Rekursive
 - Iterative
- Return removed city

```
def remove(self):  
    """  
    Remove a City from the Max-Heap  
    """  
    # Exercise  
  
    my_index = self.currentHeapLastIndex - 1  
    self.swap_nodes(fst_node_index: 0, my_index)  
    removed_city = self.heapStorage.pop()  
    self.currentHeapLastIndex = self.currentHeapLastIndex - 1  
    if self.recursive or self.floyd:  
        self.heapify_down_recursive(0)  
    else:  
        self.heapify_down_iterative()  
    return removed_city
```




SONSTIGES

HILFSFUNKTIONEN GET INDEX

Get Parent Index

```
def get_parent_index(self, index):  
    """  
    Return the index of the parent node.  
    """  
    if index == 0:  
        return None  
    else:  
        parent_index = (index - 1) / 2  
        return math.floor(parent_index)
```

$$\text{parent}(i) = \lfloor \frac{i-1}{2} \rfloor$$

Get Left Child Index

```
def get_left_child_index(self, index):  
    """  
    Return the index of the left child.  
    """  
    if self.has_left_child(index):  
        return 2 * index + 1  
    return None
```

$$\text{leftChild}(i) = 2i + 1$$

Get Right Child Index

```
def get_right_child_index(self, index):  
    """  
    Return the index of the right child.  
    """  
    if self.has_right_child(index):  
        return 2 * index + 2  
    return None
```

$$\text{rightChild}(i) = 2i + 2$$

HILFSFUNKTIONEN HAS

Has Parent

$$\text{parent}(i) = \lfloor \frac{i-1}{2} \rfloor$$

```
def has_parent(self, index) -> bool:
    """
    Check if the node has a parent. Return:
    | True    = Has parent
    | False   = No parent
    """
    return index != 0
```

Has Left Child

$$\text{leftChild}(i) = 2i + 1$$

```
def has_left_child(self, index):
    """
    Check if the Node has a left Child. Return:
    | True    = Has leftChild
    | False   = No leftChild
    """
    left_child_index = 2 * index + 1
    if left_child_index > self.maximumHeapCapacity:
        return False
    elif self.heapStorage[left_child_index] == 0:
        return False

    return True
```

Has Right Child

$$\text{rightChild}(i) = 2i + 2$$

```
def has_right_child(self, index):
    """
    Check if the Node has a right Child. Return:
    | True    = Has rightChild
    | False   = No rightChild
    """
    right_child_index = 2 * index + 2
    if right_child_index > self.maximumHeapCapacity:
        return False
    elif self.heapStorage[right_child_index] == 0:
        return False

    return True
```

HILFSFUNKTIONEN GET POPULATION

Get City Population

```
def get_city_population(self, index):  
    """  
    Return the Population of a City with the given index  
    """  
    if(self.heapStorage[index] == 0 or index == None):  
        return None  
    return self.heapStorage[index].population
```

Get Right Child Population

```
def get_right_child_population(self, index):  
    """  
    Return of the population of the right child.  
    """  
    right_child_index = self.get_right_child_index(index)  
    self.get_city_population(right_child_index)
```

Get Parent Population

```
def get_parent_population(self, index):  
    """  
    Returns the population of the parent.  
    """  
    parent_index = self.get_parent_index(index)  
    self.get_city_population(parent_index)
```

Get Left Child Population

```
def get_left_child_population(self, index):  
    """  
    Return of the population of the left child.  
    """  
    left_child_index = self.get_left_child_index(index)  
    self.get_city_population(left_child_index)
```

SONSTIGE HILFSFUNKTIONEN

Check If Heap Full

```
def check_if_heap_is_full(self):  
    """  
    Check if the heap has reached its maximum capacity. Return:  
    True    = Full  
    False   = Not full  
    """  
    return self.currentHeapLastIndex >= self.maximumHeapCapacity
```

Swap Nodes

```
def swap_nodes(self, fst_node_index, sec_node_index):  
    """  
    Swap two nodes specified by their index.  
    """  
    first = self.heapStorage[fst_node_index]  
    second = None  
    if len(self.heapStorage) > sec_node_index:  
        second = self.heapStorage[sec_node_index]  
  
    if second is not None:  
        self.heapStorage[sec_node_index] = first  
        self.heapStorage[fst_node_index] = second
```



LIVE CODE UND FRAGEN