

Mr ANOULACH HOMSAMITH (Msc)

## Image processing Test

- ① Discuss the significance of sampling and quantization in processing of digital images (4)
- ② Discuss the importance of image pre-processing in understanding the digital image data (4)
- ③ Justify 'image analysis understanding is an use-ful task setter society building' (4)
- ④ Discuss the importance of biometric technology considering the current applications.
- ⑤ Explain 'image representation'.



①

\* sampling and quantization

The sampling rate determines the spatial resolution of the digital image, while the quantization level determines the number of grey levels in the digitized image. A magnitude of the sampled image is expressed as a digital value in image processing. The transition between continuous values of the image function and its digital equivalent is called quantization.

The number of quantization ~~for~~ levels should be high enough for human perception of fine shading details in the image. The occurrence of false contours is the main problem in image which has been quantized with insufficient brightness levels.

Sampling and quantization will be defined properly.

⑤ image Representation

In computer science, we can represent an image in various forms. Most of the time, it refers to the way that

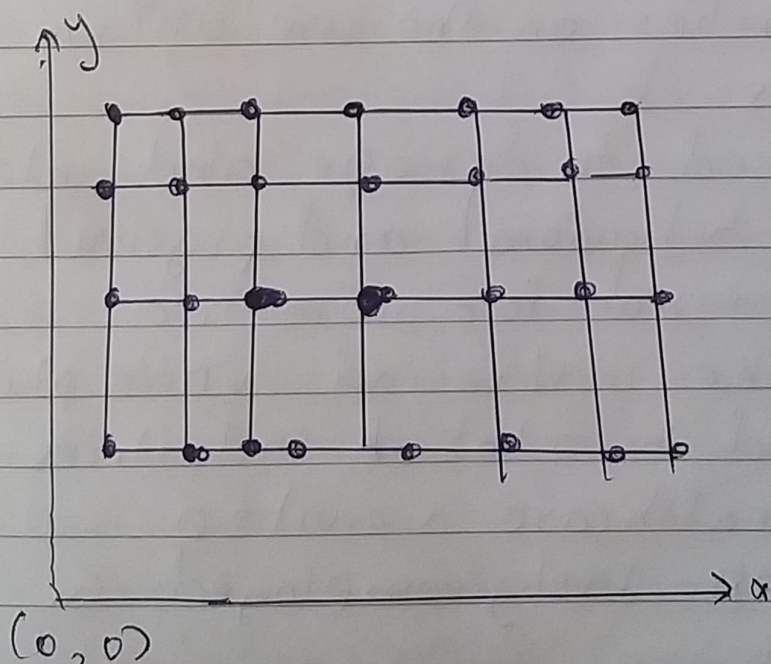
②



brings information, such as color is coded digitally, and how the image is stored, i.e., how an image is structured.

several open standards were recommended to create, manipulate, store and exchange digital image. The rules described the format of image files, the algorithms of image encoding, the form of additional information often as metadata.

A digital image is the composition of individual pixel or picture element. The pixels are arranged in the form of row and column to form a picture area.





④

Biometric technology is capable of ensuring fast and reliable protected access to information. currently, techniques such as password verification have a lot of issues causing people to write them down and forget them at times which leads to stealing and hacking.

- is very useful for ID verification in range of government organizations, banks and financial institutions, and high security areas.
- one of the main advantages associated with Biometric technology is high individual identification accuracy.

Biometrics relies on the use of unique physical traits.

- is less exposed to damage and sudden changes. The behavioral and physical elements accessed for biometric verification like iris/pupils, voice, pulse...
- can be used in a lot of industries such as healthcare, civil ID...
- can be effectively employed in forensics.

④



- can be used to avert illicit access of ATMs, phones, smart...
- can fingerprints won't be lost and can't be obtained and copied by some one aiming to illegally gain access

② pre-processing is a common name for operations with image at the lowest level of abstraction - both input and output are intensity images. These iconic images are of the same kind as the original data captured by the sensor. The pre-processing is an improvement of the image data that suppresses unwelcome distortions or enhances some image features important for further processing, although geometric transformation of images (e.g. rotation, scaling, translation) are classified among pre-processing method here since similar techniques are used.

- The first group of methods uses no knowledge about the nature of the



degradation; only very general properties of the degradation are assumed

- A second group assumes knowledge about the properties of the image aquisition device, and the conditions under which the image was obtained. The nature of noise (usually is spectral characteristics) is some-time known
- A third approach uses knowledge about objects that are searched for in the image, which many simplify the pre-processing very ~~and~~ considerably

③

image analysis is the extraction of meaningful information from images; mainly from digital images processing techniques. Image analysis tasks can be as simple as reading bar coded tags or as sophisticated as identifying a person from their face. Computers are indispensable for the analysis of large amounts of data. For tasks that require complex computation or for the extraction of quantitative

⑥



information. on the other hand, the human visual cortex is an excellent image analysis apparatus, especially for extracting higher-level information and for many applications including medicine, security, and remote sensing human analysis ~~is~~ still cannot be replaced by computer.