

1. Which of the following statement(s) is FALSE?

- (i) A hash function takes a message of arbitrary length and generates a fixed length code.
 - (ii) A hash function takes a message of fixed length and generates a code of variable length.
 - (iii) A hash function may give the same hash value for distinct messages.
- A. i only
 - B. ii and iii only
 - C. **[Correct Answer]** **[Your Answer]** ii only
 - D. i and iii only
 - E. None of the other options are correct.

2. Given a hash table T that can store 3000 elements and has 15 slots, the load factor α for T is:

- A. 0.025
- B. None of the other options are correct.
- C. 0.05
- D. **[Correct Answer]** **[Your Answer]** 200
- E. 400

3. The CS department wants to maintain a database of up to 1800 UINs of students who have taken CS 225 so that it can be determined very quickly whether or not a given student has taken the course. Efficient use of memory and speed of response are equally important. Which of the following data structures would be most appropriate for this task?

- A. **[Your Answer]** A hash table using probing with capacity 1800
- B. A hash table using probing with capacity 1000
- C. A sorted linked list
- D. A sorted array with 1800 entries
- E. **[Correct Answer]** A hash table using probing with capacity 4500

4. Suppose a hash table has size 10, and that the search keys are strings consisting of 3 lower case letters. We want to hash 7 unknown values from this keyspace. In the hash function, when we refer to the alphabet positions of the letters, we mean: $a = 1, b = 2, \dots, z = 26$ and $h(k) = (\{\text{sum of the alphabet positions of } k\}'s \text{ letters}\}) \bmod 10$

Which of these ideal hash function characteristics are violated by this hash function?

- (i) A good hash function is deterministic.
 - (ii) A good hash function distributes the keys uniformly over the array.
 - (iii) A good hash function is computed in constant time.
- A. At least two of (i), (ii) and (iii) are violated.
 - B. **[Correct Answer]** None of these characteristics are violated.
 - C. Only (i) is violated.
 - D. **[Your Answer]** Only (ii) is violated.
 - E. Only (iii) is violated.

5. Which of the following statement(s) are correct about collision?

- i) Two entries are identical except for their keys.
 - ii) Two entries with different data have the exact same key.
 - iii) Two entries with different keys have the same exact hash value.
 - iv) Two entries with the exact same key have different hash values.
- A. i and iii only
 - B. **[Correct Answer]** **[Your Answer]** iii only
 - C. iv only
 - D. ii and iii only
 - E. i only