On the Current State of Kurdish Language Processing

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Table of Contents

Understanding Human Language “computationally”

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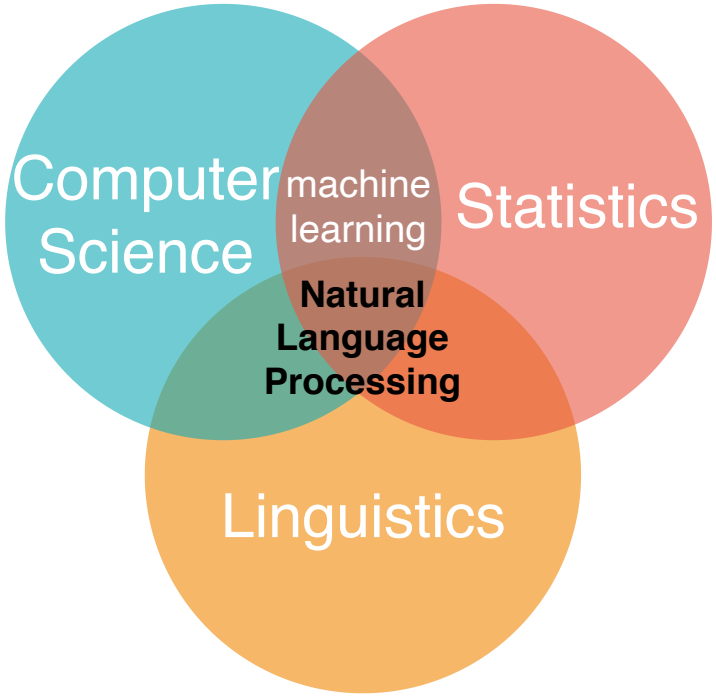
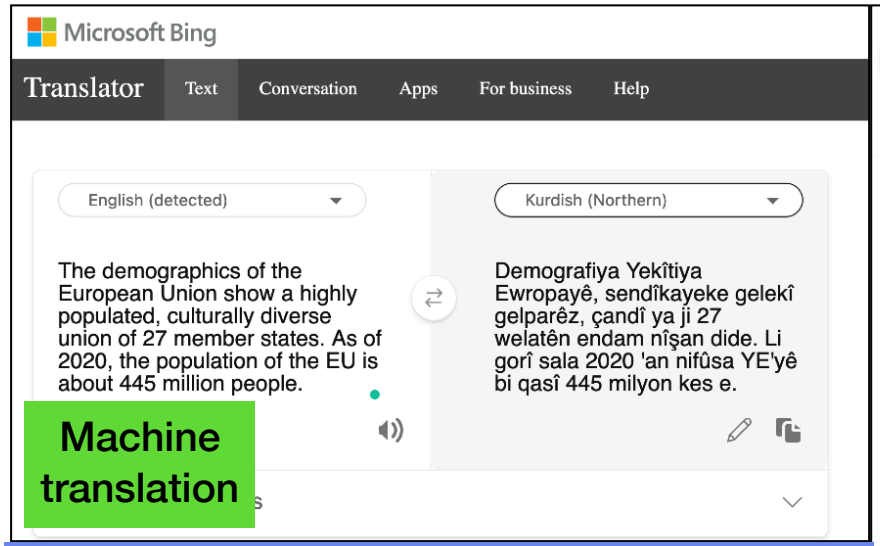
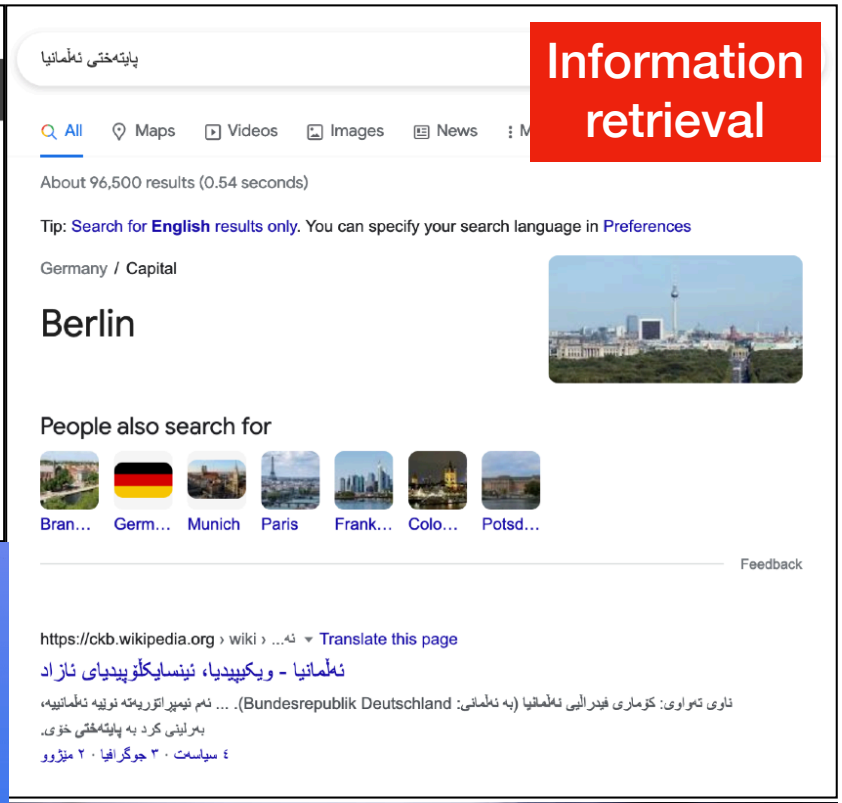
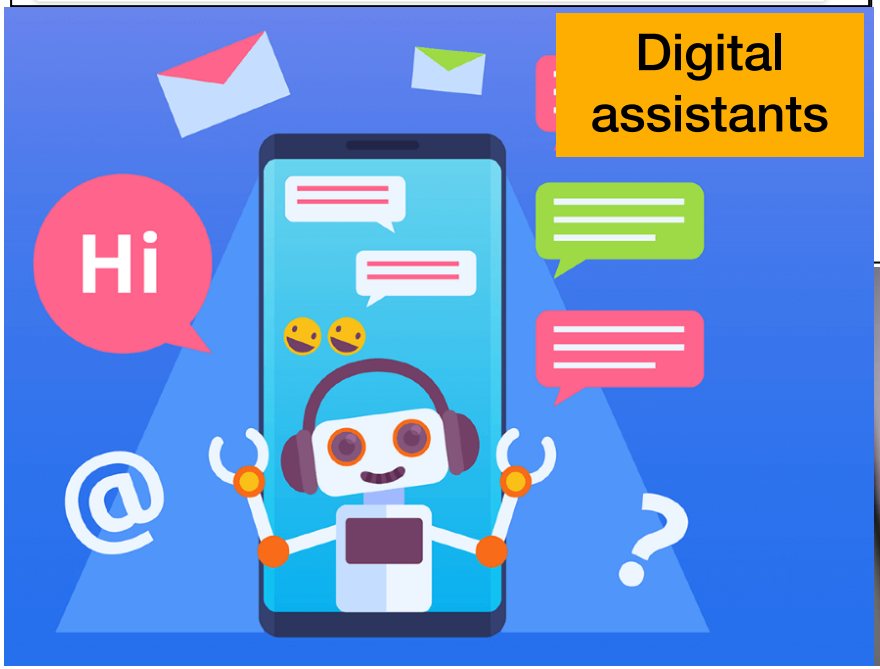


Language Technology: a few applications







Languages around the Globe

- 7,117 languages are spoken in the world[1]

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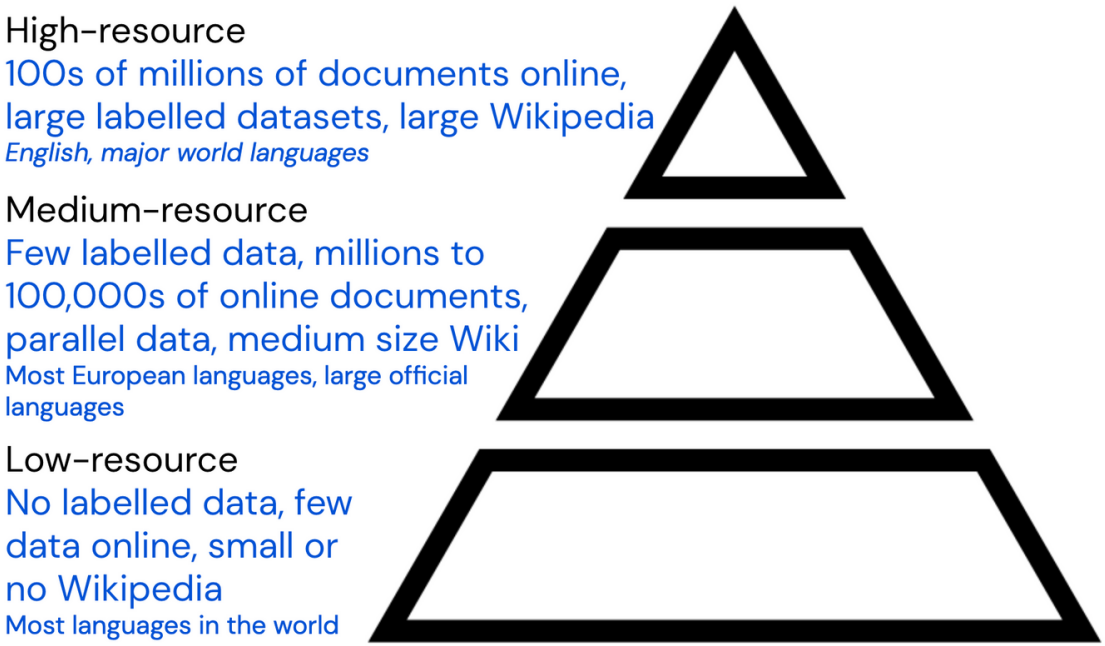

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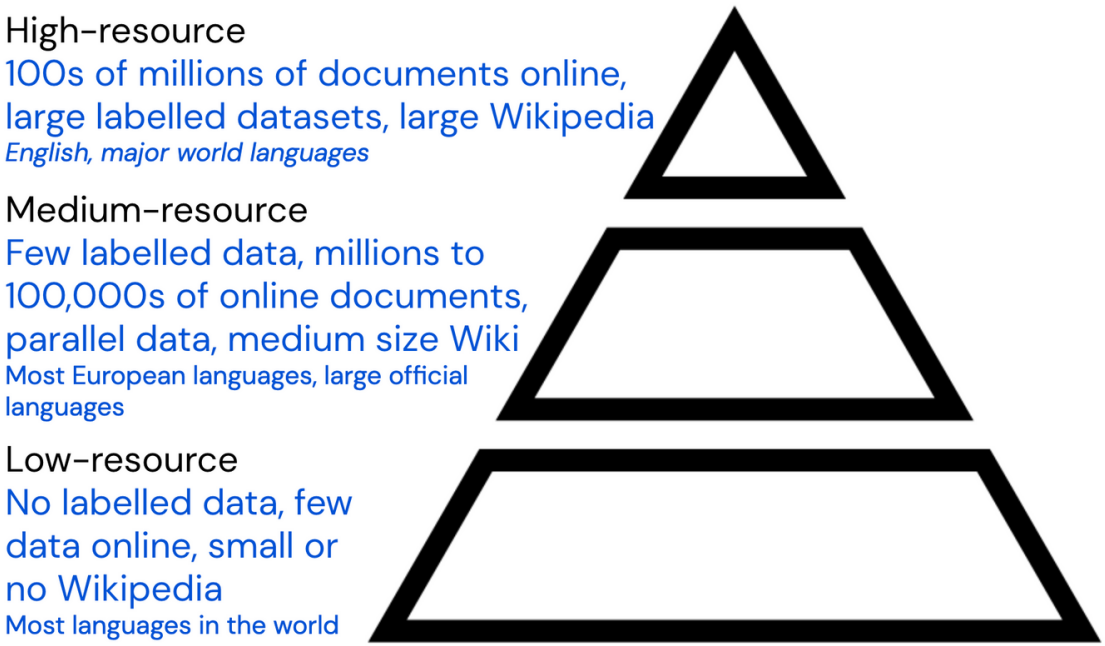

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- recent focus on applying language-independent approaches to various tasks in natural language processing (NLP) and computational linguistics using artificial intelligence
- language-specific tools are still essential to process a language in a viable way

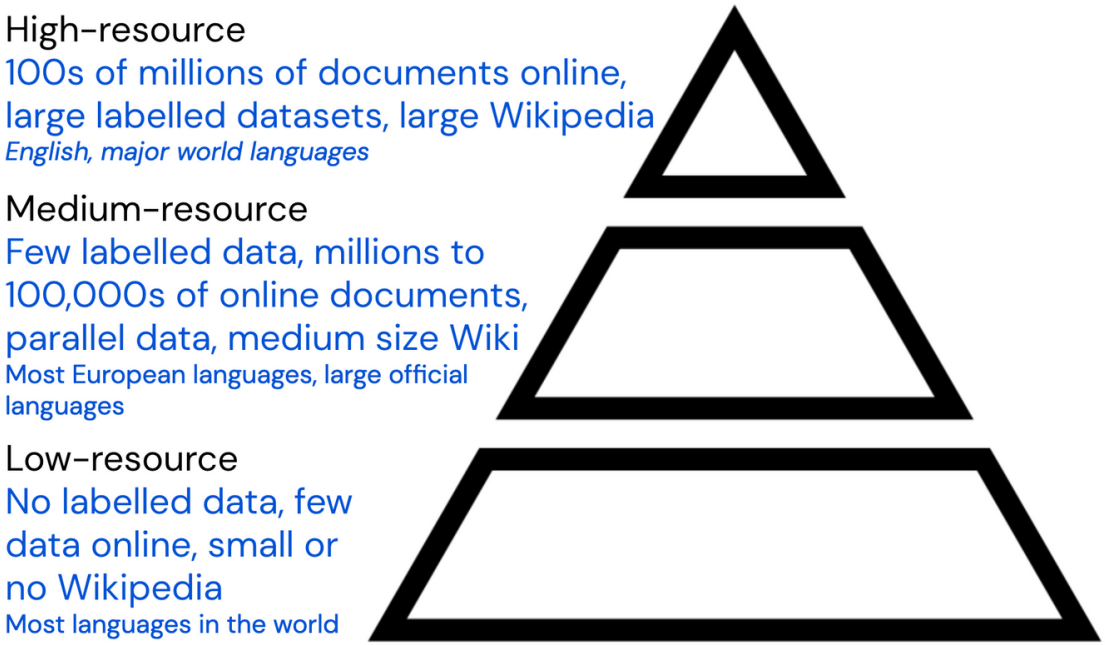

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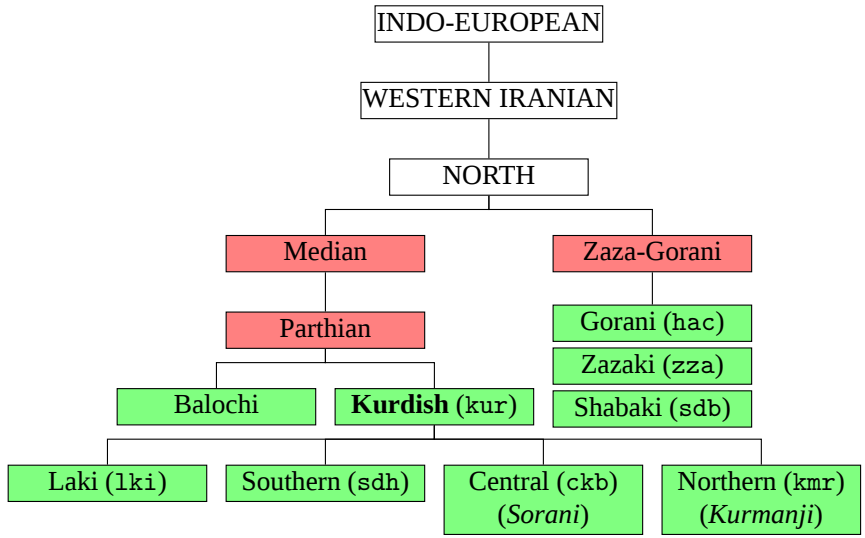
Table of Contents

Kurdish Language

- an Indo-European language
- spoken by 20-30 million speakers
- spoken in many dialects and subdialects (*dialects* or *languages*?)
- written in many scripts, among which the Latin-based and Arabic-based ones are still widely in use

*



Source: `https://www.britannica.com/topic/Kurd`

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  - variations in some orthographies such as l, ll or ɬ for [ɬ]
  - vowel i has no equivalent in the Arabic-based orthography

Kurdish

Current state of Kurdish language processing (KLP)

- the earliest works in the field of KLP date back to 2009
- thus far, a total number of **53** publications are published in a field directly related to KLP
- a couple of volunteer-based projects
- a few number of non-scientific contributions

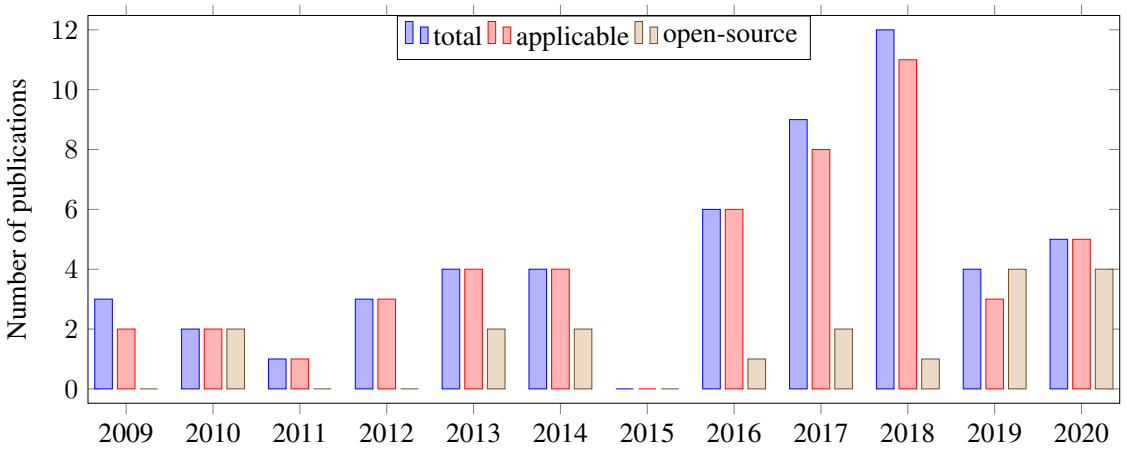
Open-source

Does the paper provide the discussed resource or tool under an open-source license?

Applicability

Does the paper, implicitly or explicitly, propose an approach or methodology that can be applied to solve the same problem in the other dialects of Kurdish?

Current state of KLP



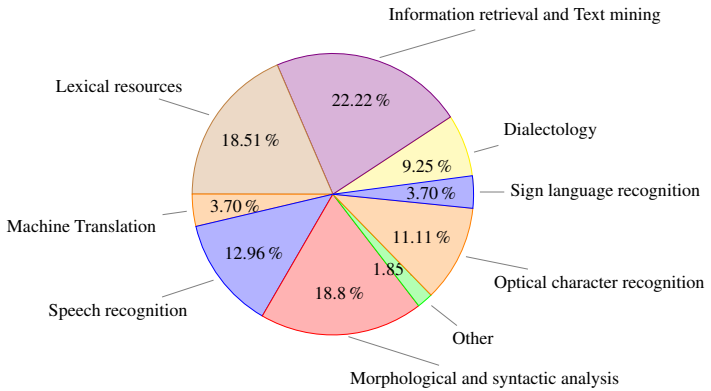


Figure: Number of scientific publications directly related to KLP per year and field

- most of these publications are applicable

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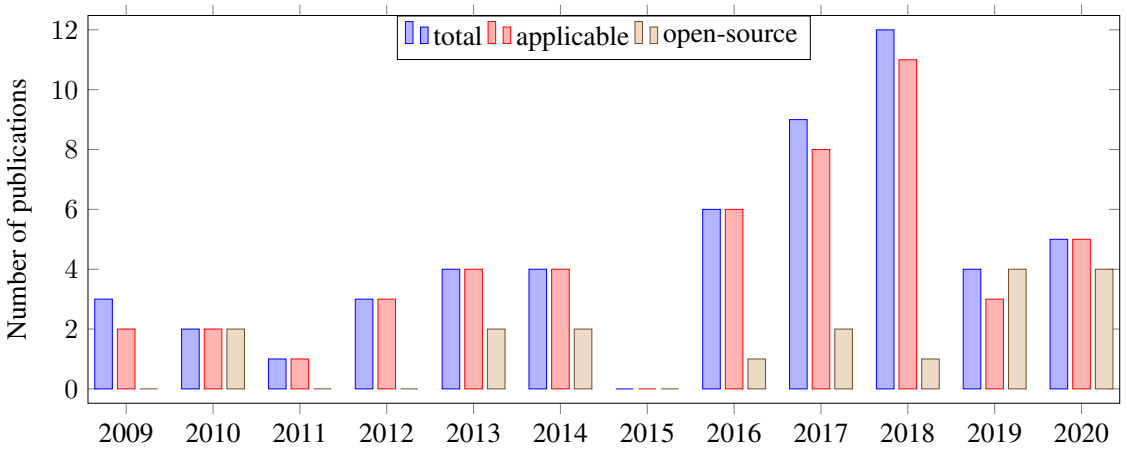

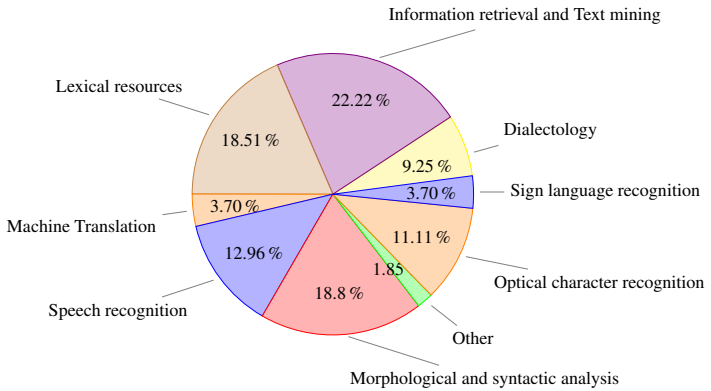

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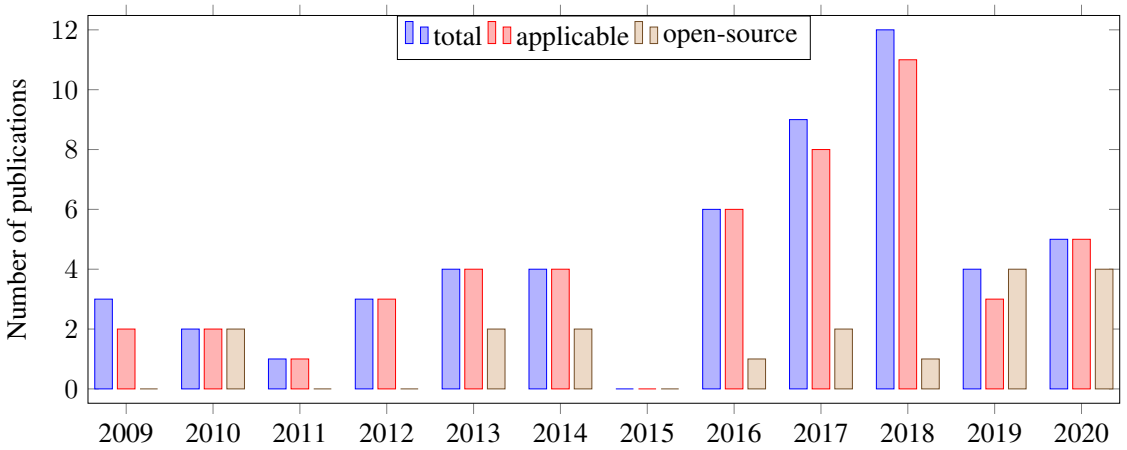

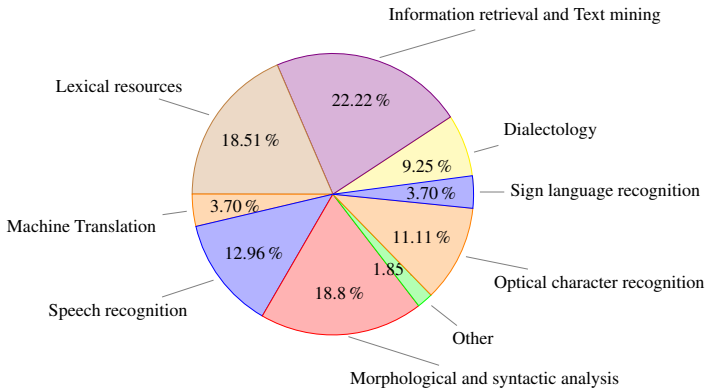

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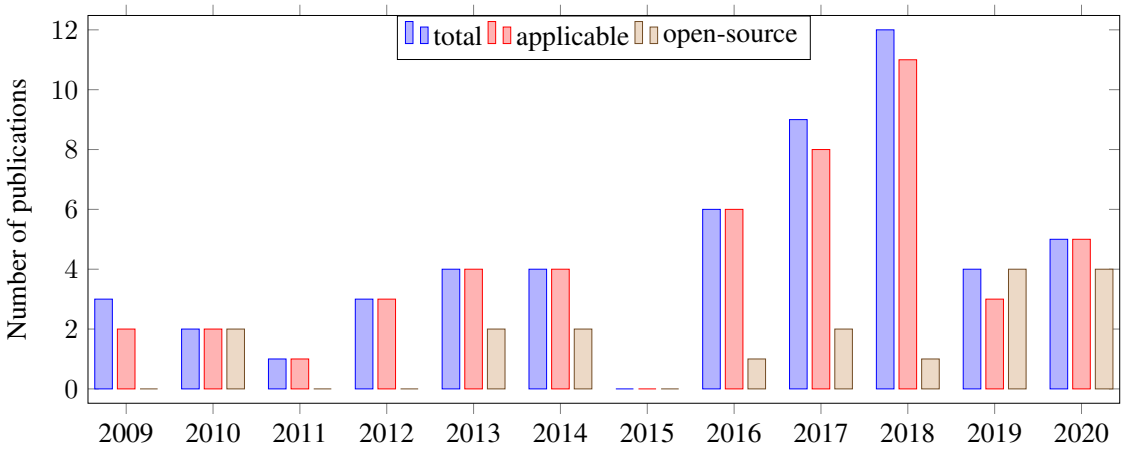

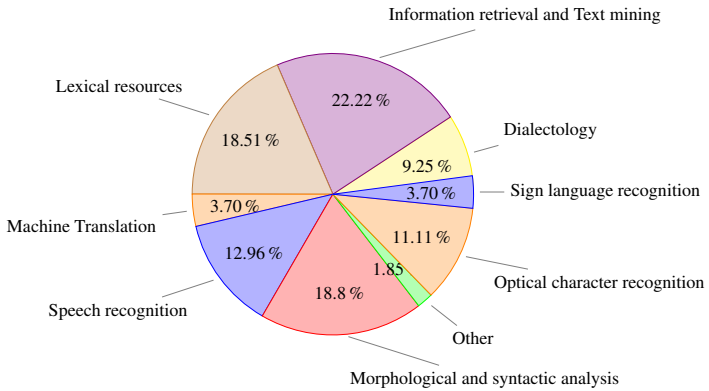

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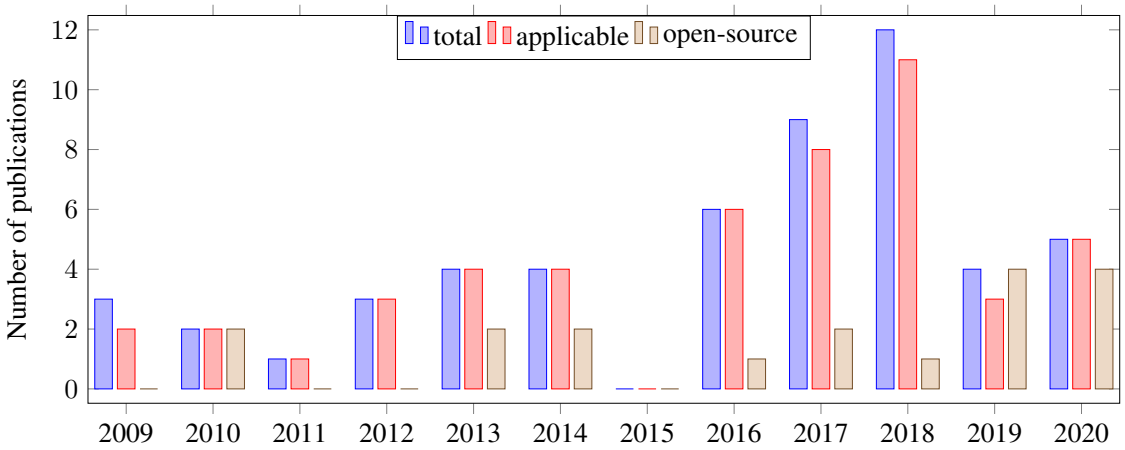

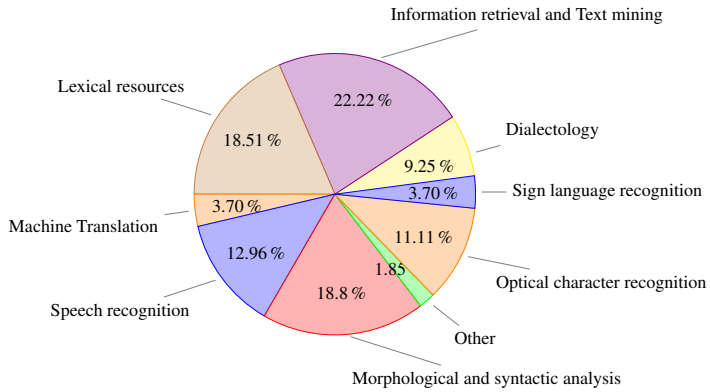

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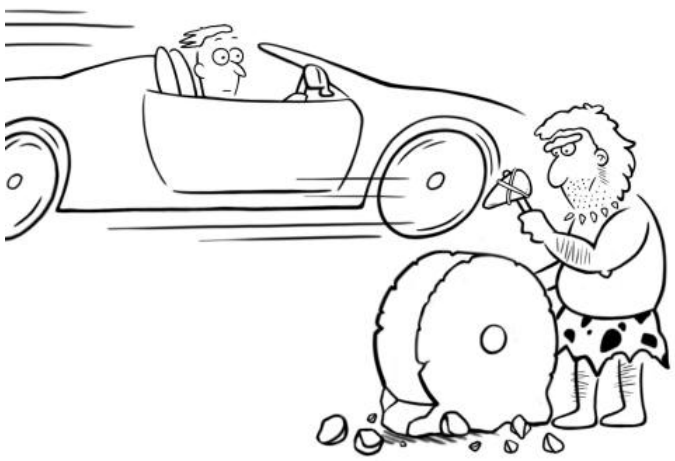
- Kurdish still lacks basic language processing tools such as part-of-speech tagger, stemmer, lemmatizer and so on

Current state of KLP: What is wrong?

- Many projects overlap significantly, yet none of them provide a solution under any open-source license
  - Stemming is addressed at least *five* times [Jaff, 2014, Salavati and Ahmadi, 2018, Mustafa and Rashid, 2018, Saeed et al., 2018, Hawezi et al., 2019]



*

- Some are hardly integrable or inter-operable
  - A large-scale morphological lexicon and a part-of-speech tagger for Kurdish within the Alexina framework [Walther and Sagot, 2010, Walther et al., 2010]
- Released in an unorganized manner for individual tasks
  - Example: a transliteration tool for Kurdish [Ahmadi, 2019a]
- **A lack of involvement of the Kurdish linguistic communities in using computational formalisms**
- **Kurdish *is* still a less-resourced language**

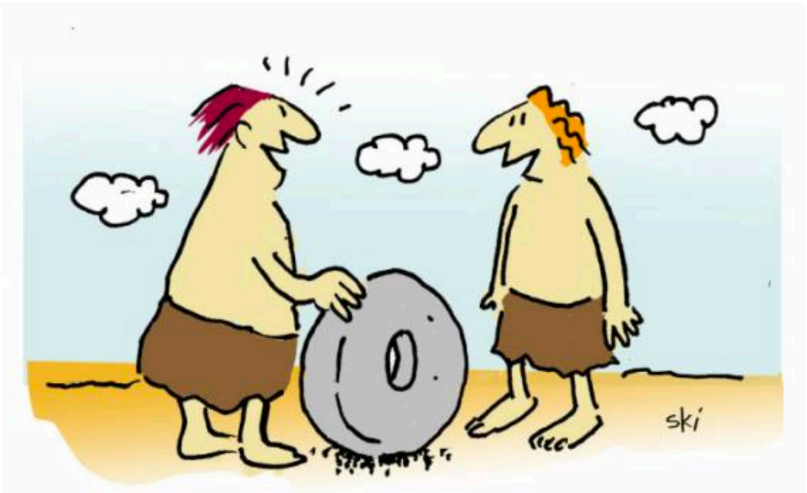
* Image source: `https://www.aic.cuhk.edu.hk/web8/Reinventingthewheel.htm`

Table of Contents

Kurdish Language Processing Toolkit (KLPT)

- a basic but extendable language processing toolkit
- an effort to standardize Kurdish language with all its dialects and scripts
- implemented in Python
- inspired by the functionality of relevant NLP toolkits, e.g. NLTK and spaCy
- no external NLP library is used in this toolkit
- composed of core modules for Sorani and Kurmanji for the following tasks:
  - text preprocessing
  - stemming
  - lemmatization
  - spelling error detection and correction
  - transliteration
  - morphological analyzer and generator
  - tokenization
- it is open-source!

  → `https://github.com/sinaahmadi/klpt`



KLPT Packages: Preprocess

Goal: Handle diversities in scripts and orthographies in an automatic and formalized way

1. `normalize()`: normalize text by unifying character encodings
   - Example: the grapheme ی (U+06CC, î/y), may be represented as ي (U+064A), ى (U+0649), ﻲ (U+FEF2) or ﻱ (U+FEF1)
2. `standardize()`: standardize scripts and orthographies by using writing conventions based on dialects and scripts
3. `unify_numeral()`: convert Farsi, Eastern and Western Arabic numerals

Example

```
>>> from klpt.preprocess import Preprocess
>>> preprocessor = Preprocess("Sorani", "Arabic", numeral="Latin")
>>> preprocessor.normalize("لە ساڵەکانی ١٩٥٠دا")
لە ساڵەکانی 1950دا
>>> preprocessor.standardize("راستە لەو وولاتەدا")
ڕاستە لەو وڵاتەدا
```

KLPT Packages: Transliterate

- transliterating the Arabic-based and Latin-based scripts of Kurdish to one another, e.g. برا → *bira* 'brother'
- based on the rule-based approach of [Ahmadi, 2019a] which
  - detects double usage characters
  - predicts the presence of the missing i, a.k.a *Bizroke*
  - finds the syllabic pattern of a given word based on Kurdish phonetics
- beneficial to many NLP tasks such as named-entity recognition

Example

```
>>> from klpt.transliterator import Transliterate
>>> transliterator = Transliterate("Kurmanji", "Latin", target_script="Arabic")
>>> transliterator.transliterate("rojhilata navîn")
'رۆژهلاتا ناڤین'
```

KLPT Packages: Stem

- an annotated lexicon + morphological rules using **Hunspell**[2] for:
  - spelling error detection and correction → also usable in text editors such as LibreOffice
  - morphological analyzer and generator
  - stemmer
- a rule-based lemmatization system
- based on [Ahmadi, 2020c, Ahmadi, 2020e]

Example

```
>>> from klpt.stem import Stem
>>> stemmer = Stem("Sorani", "Arabic")
>>> stemmer.check_spelling("سوتاندبووت")
False
>>> stemmer.correct_spelling("سوتاندبووت")
('سووتاندبووت', 'سووتاندت', 'سووتاندن', 'سووتاند')
>>> stemmer.stem("سووتاندبووت")
('سووت',)
>>> stemmer.analyze("دیتبامن")
{'pos': 'verb', 'is': 'past_intransitive', 'stem': 'دی', 'verb_stem': 'دیت',
'terminal_suffix': 'بامن'}
```

[2] http://hunspell.github.io

KLPT Packages: Tokenize

- detect word and sentence boundaries → a non trivial task:
  - **orthographic inconsistencies**, e.g. how compounds words are separated?
  - **excessive concatenation**, e.g. لەوێشدایە (*lewêşdaye*) "(it) is also there" is written as a word but is composed of five tokens *le*, *wê*, *ş*, *da*, *ye*
- split a text into sentences or tokens
- identify compound forms such as *kar-û-bar* (word-and-load) "affaires"
- based on the [Ahmadi, 2020b]'s approach using a morphological analyzer and a lexicon

Example

```
>>> from klpt.tokenize import Tokenize
# Tokenize module
>>> tokenizer = Tokenize("Kurmanji", "Latin")
>>> tokenizer.word_tokenize("endamên encûmena wezîrên")
['_endam_ên', '_encûmen_a', '_wezîr_ên']
```

Table of Contents

Which tasks to be addressed next?

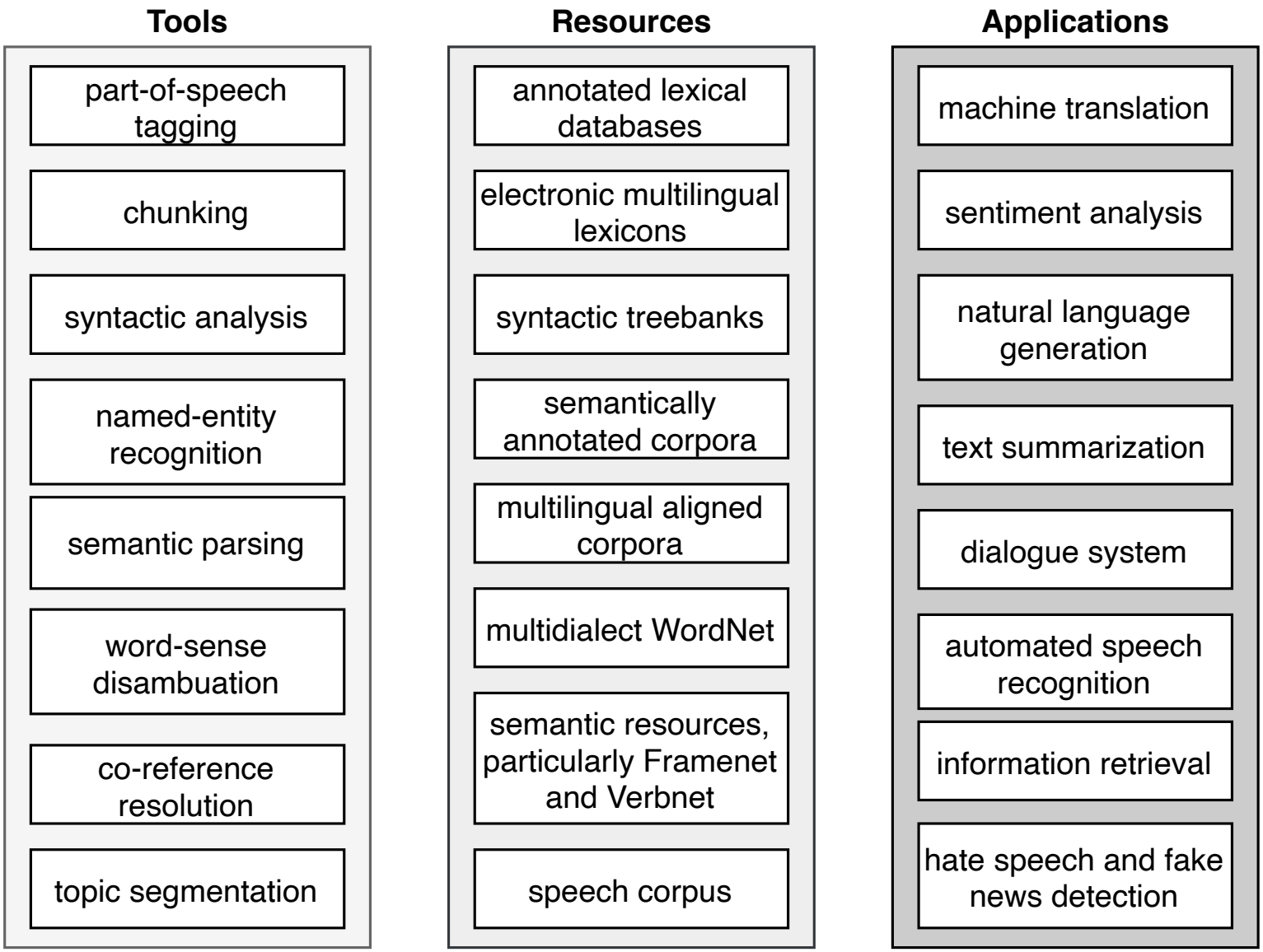


Table of Contents

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  - **raise awareness** by promoting good practices in content creation on the Web, particularly collaboratively-curated resources such as Wiktionary[3] and Wikipedia[4]
  - every single user is a contributor too
  - **time to reconcile linguistics with computational methods for Kurdish**
- **Future directions**:
  - promote the usage of KLPT in the Kurdish communities
  - create a community of developers and linguists for KLP

[3] `https://en.wiktionary.org`

[4] `https://www.wikipedia.org/`

Conclusion

- **Lessons learned**:
  - **release your project under an open source license** → essential to ensure gradual but efficient progress in resource and technology development for a less-resourced language
  - **community-driven initiatives** → bring together users, developers, researchers, language activists and policy makers
  - **raise awareness** by promoting good practices in content creation on the Web, particularly collaboratively-curated resources such as Wiktionary[3] and Wikipedia[4]
  - every single user is a contributor too
  - **time to reconcile linguistics with computational methods for Kurdish**
- **Future directions**:
  - promote the usage of KLPT in the Kurdish communities
  - create a community of developers and linguists for KLP
  - extend the current version of KLPT to include further advanced tasks

[3] `https://en.wiktionary.org`

[4] `https://www.wikipedia.org/`

And, the takeaway point is ...

"An endangered language will progress if its speakers can make use of electronic technology."
– David Crystal (Language death, p.13)

Join KLPT

*

https://github.com/sinaahmadi/klpt

KLPT

* Image credit: Milad Ghaderpanah

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