

Ice Watch

GLOF Prediction system using deep learning

1. Problem Statement

Glacial Lake Outburst Floods (GLOFs) present a significant natural hazard, occurring when water retained by glaciers or moraines is abruptly released, resulting in severe downstream flooding.

2. Objectives

Tempflow

LSTM(100)

ReLU

Dropout(0.2)

LSTM(50) ReLU

Dropout(0.2)

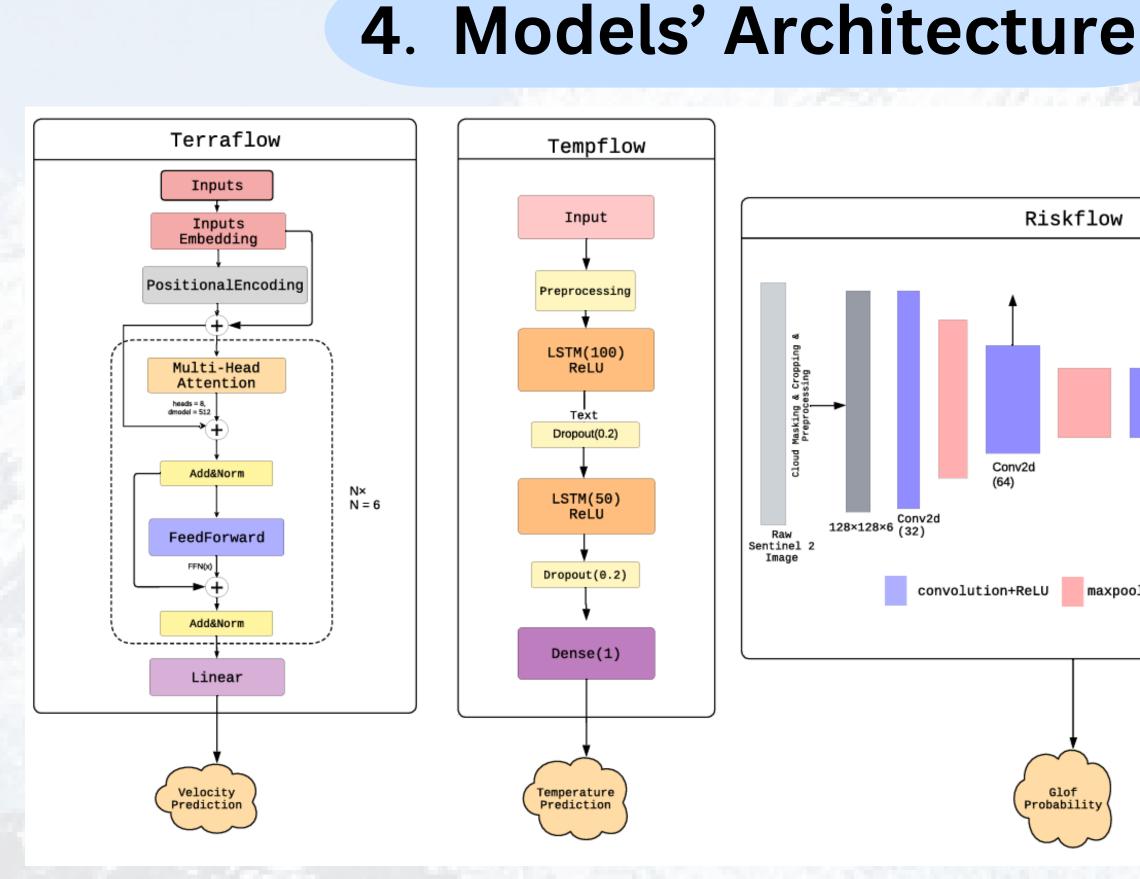
Dense(1)

Temperature Prediction

- Develop a predictive system for assessing the likelihood of Glacial Lake Outburst Floods (GLOFs).
- Provide reliable data and insights to help local authorities plan effective disaster response and management strategies.

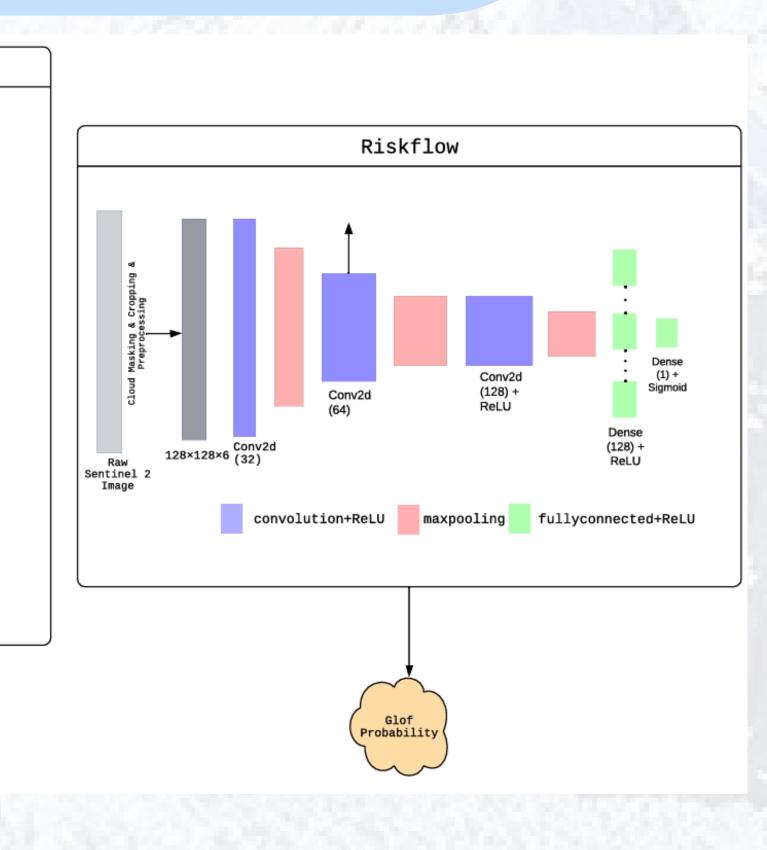
3. Methodology



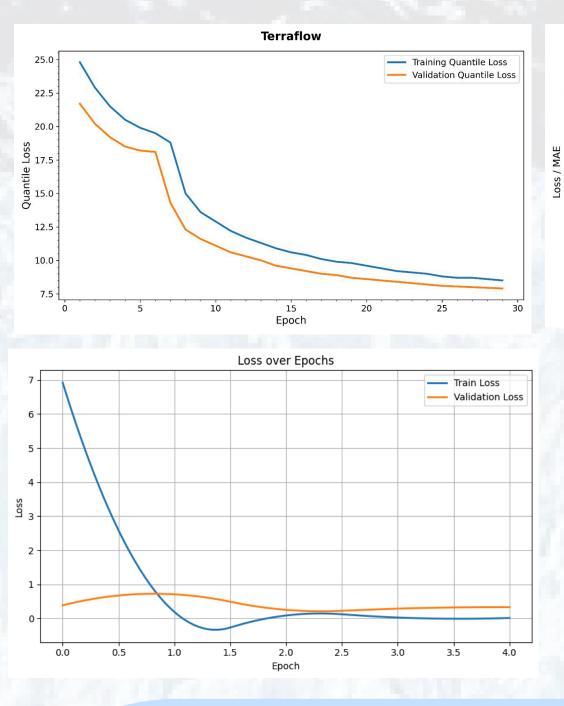


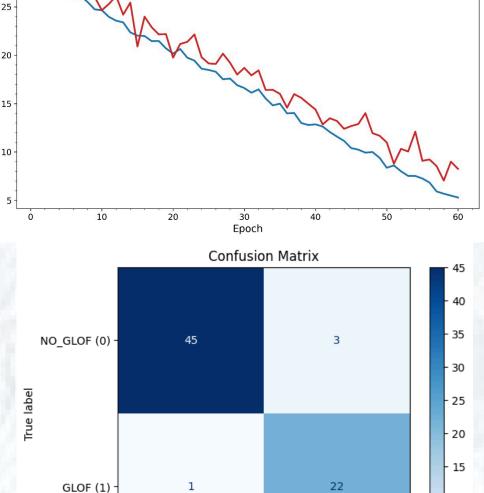
- Training Loss

Validation MA



5. Results





NO_GLOF (0)

Tempflow

6. Features



7. UN SDGs





8. Conclusion

Icewatch predicts GLOFs by successfully integrating deep learning models with geospatial data. By providing access to the results through a web app, this initiative enhances early warning capabilities, supporting community safety and proactive disaster management.

GLOF (1)



9. Development Tools



