ezRA - Easy Radio Astronomy - Installation - Linux

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ezRA - Easy Radio Astronomy https://github.com/tedcline/ezRA

Linux Operating System Installation

On Windows 10, from

https://ubuntu.com/download/desktop

I downloaded a 3.6 GB

Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS (Long Term Support)

ubuntu-22.04.1-desktop-amd64.iso

file. With burncdcc.exe from

https://burncdcc.en.softonic.com

I wrote that bootable .iso file to a 4.7 GB DVD+R disk.

Booting from that DVD, I installed the

Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS

Linux operating system on an old PC.

I chose

Normal installation,

Download updates while installing Ubuntu,

Install third-party software

and

Erase disk and install.

When finally prompted, I restarted the PC.

I now start with a new Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS installed.

ezRA Installation

Copy this installation instruction file onto the old PC, to allow copy and paste of command lines. Or use the ezRA file you are about to download.

Download the ezRA - Easy Radio Astronomy files.

Open a web browser (like Firefox or Chrome) to
 https://github.com/tedcline/ezRA

Left-click on the top right Green button and choose "Download ZIP".

A file arrives in the Downloads subdirectory of the home directory, as
 ~/Downloads/ezRA-master.zip

Open a Terminal. Maybe with ctrl-alt-T. A terminal window pops up. Maybe maximize that terminal window.

I suggest copying the single command lines from below, by individually highlighting them and tapping ctrl-C and then using shift-ctrl-V to paste them into the terminal window.

One at a time, enter these commands,

```
cd ~/Downloads
sudo apt-get install unzip
unzip ezRA-master.zip
```

which creates an ezRA-master subdirectory in the Downloads directory.

Create an ezRABase directory for all your experiments, copy the ezRA-master's ezRA directory's files to that ezRABase directory, make a new demo1 directory in that ezRABase directory, and change directory into that demo1 directory.

One at a time, enter these commands,

```
mkdir ~/ezRABase
mkdir ~/ezRABase/ezRA
cp -p ezRA-master/ezRA/* ~/ezRABase/ezRA
mkdir ~/ezRABase/demo1
cd ~/ezRABase/demo1
```

```
Enter the command,
```

```
python3 --version
```

I see Python version "3.10.4".

Good, Python3 is already installed.

Python3 has many commands, but more are available from modules (libraries) that can be downloaded. The ezRA programs can tell us which of those additional modules are needed.

The ezRA programs require at least Python 3.6, so to download the additional modules we will need to get pip3 , the Python3 version of the "Pip Installs Packages" or "Pip Installs Python" or "Preferred Installer Program" software.

One at a time, enter these commands,

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install python3-pip
pip3 --version
```

I see version "22.0.2".

Good, pip3 is installed.

Enter the shorter command,

I see the same version "22.0.2".

Enter the command,

I now see an upgraded Python version "3.10.6".

What additional Python3 modules are needed?

Enter the command,

```
python3 ../ezRA/ezCon.py
```

I see an error message,

ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'seaborn'

Enter the command,

```
pip3 install seaborn
```

Similar commands for ezCon, ezSky, and ezGal would say 2 additional modules are needed.

One at a time, enter the commands,

```
pip3 install astropy
pip3 install scipy
```

Now the command,

```
python3 ../ezRA/ezCon.py
```

Good.

If you do not need the ezCol program to create .txt data files, you are done.

[&]quot;Seaborn" is large and brings several needed modules with it.

ezCol Needs More Installation

The ezCol program collects radio signals into ezRA .txt data files. You may already have radio data, and not need to install the ezCol program.

ezCol needs an additional Python3 module and a lower level library to control the SDR radio, and perhaps more software to control a USB relay. This requires many installation commands.

```
Similar to above, enter this command in the terminal window, pip3 install pyrtlsdr

If you care, this higher level module comes from <a href="https://github.com/pyrtlsdr/pyrtlsdr">https://github.com/pyrtlsdr/pyrtlsdr</a>
```

That module calls this lower level library,

```
https://github.com/librtlsdr/librtlsdr
```

We follow a subset of this web page's installation instructions.

Left-click on the top right Green button and choose "Download ZIP".

A file arrives in Downloads subdirectory of the home directory, as ~/Downloads/librtlsdr-master.zip

```
One at a time, enter these commands,
```

```
cd ~/Downloads
unzip librtlsdr-master.zip
```

which creates a librtlsdr-master subdirectory in the Downloads directory.

Collect the tools and make the software.

One at a time, enter these commands,

```
sudo apt-get install build-essential cmake
sudo apt-get install libusb-dev libusb-1.0-0-dev

cd librtlsdr-master
mkdir build && cd build
cmake ../ -DINSTALL_UDEV_RULES=ON
make

sudo make install
sudo ldconfig
```

ezCol will write files, so collect them in that new demo1 directory.

Trying ezCol, with no receiver plugged in, one at a time, enter these commands,

```
cd ~/ezRABase/demo1
python3 ../ezRA/ezCol.py
```

we should see an error message ending with

Could not open SDR (device index = 0)

With no receiver plugged in, that is understandable.

Plug one USB SDR receiver into the PC. The USB SDR receiver I used was either the Nooelec NESDR SMArt v4 SDR https://www.nooelec.com/store/sdr/sdr-receivers/nesdr-smart-sdr.html or the version with the bias-tee voltage output, Nooelec NESDR SMArTee v2 SDR, https://www.nooelec.com/store/sdr/sdr-receivers/nesdr-smartee-sdr.html Trying ezCol again, with one receiver plugged in, enter this command, python3 ../ezRA/ezCol.py and again, we should see an error message ending with Could not open SDR (device index = 0) But the paragraph above that error message says Kernel driver is active, or device is claimed by second instance of librtlsdr We need to "blacklist kernel modules" by adding lines to a Linux system file. Enter the edit command. sudo nano /etc/modprobe.d/blacklist.conf At the bottom of that file, add a blank line, and then add these 7 lines: #ozone blacklisting for the rtl-sdr blacklist dvb core blacklist dvb usb rtl28xxu blacklist rtl2832 blacklist rc core blacklist mei blacklist mei me I copy the 7 lines from above and then use shift-ctrl-V to paste them into the "nano" editor. Then save to the same filename with

ctrl-O

and then tap the keyboard Enter key to agree to the filename displayed in the lower left.

Then exit the "nano" editor with

ctrl-X

Check your work.

To print the whole short file to the screen, enter the command,

cat /etc/modprobe.d/blacklist.conf

Does the end of the file appear as you intended?

Those blacklist.conf file changes require a PC reboot.

Restart your PC.

The PC reboots.

Open a Terminal. Maybe with ctrl-alt-T. A terminal window pops up. Maybe maximize that terminal window.

Trying ezCol again, with one receiver plugged in, one at a time, enter these commands,

```
cd ~/ezRABase/demo1
python3 ../ezRA/ezCol.py
```

This time I see

Found Rafael Micro R820T/2 tuner

and more ezCol text.

Eventually a large org.matplotlib.Matplotlib3 graphics window pops up.

Success!

When ready, stop the ezCol program by tapping

on the keyboard, a couple of times, into the running terminal window.

EzCol will create a data directory if needed.

I see one or more new .txt data files in that data directory, with this command,

```
ls -ltrh data
```

For testing, try inserting an open metal paper clip into only the center contact of the receiver input coax connector, and record the USA FM broadcast band centered on 100 MHz, with the command,

```
python3 ../ezRA/ezCol.py -ezColCenterFreqAnt 100
```

I see the spectra of local FM radio stations signals slowly bounce up and down. This proves many things are working: the ezCol program, PC, USB, SDR radio, and even the paper clip antenna. But with this FM radio data, I am not quite sure what to look for in the ezRA analysis plots.

ezCol With A USB Relay Needs Even More Installation

######################################
Windows: # by operating system, initialize (reset) feedRef relay system, if any if os.name == 'nt': # Windows if ezColUsbRelay: # https://github.com/pavel-a/usb-relay-hid # https://github.com/pavel-a/usb-relay-hid/releases/tag/usb-relay-lib_v2.1 # C:\Users\c\Documents\EZRA01\usb-relay-hid_bin-20150330a\bin-Win64> hidusb-relay-cmd.exe on 1 os.system('hidusb-relay-cmd.exe off 1') os.system('hidusb-relay-cmd.exe off 2') sleep(0.5) # Sleep for 0.5 seconds
Linux: else: # (posix) Linux assumed if ezColUsbRelay: # https://github.com/darrylb123/usbrelay # sudo apt-get update # sudo apt-get install usbrelay os.system('sudo usbrelay BITFT_1=0 BITFT_2=0') #################################

```
Serial: BITFT, Relay: 1 State: ff --- Not Found <========= BITFT Not Found
!
    # > lsusb -v -d 16c0:05df
    # - output looks just like on https://github.com/darrylb123/usbrelay
    #####################################
       > sudo usbrelay
    #
       Device Found
    #
         type: 16c0 05df
    #
         path: /dev/hidraw2
    #
         serial_number:
    #
         Manufacturer: www.dcttech.com
    #
         Product:
                    USBRelay1
    #
         Release:
                    100
    #
        Interface: 0
    #
         Number of Relays = 1
       HW348 1=0 <============================== OK, use HW348 1 not
BITFT 1 =======
    # https://www.npmjs.com/package/node-red-contrib-usb-hid-relay/v/0.2.3
    # says also available are
       HW-348
    #
       HW-343
    # HW-341
       Models with USB-Relay-1, USB-Relay-2 or USB-Relay-4 printed on the PCB
    ####os.system('sudo usbrelay HW348 1=0')
                                                  # works!
    # also may be helpful ?:
    # Human Interface Device (HID)
       http://vusb.wikidot.com/project:driver-less-usb-relays-hid-interface
         https://github.com/pavel-a/usb-relay-hid
    #
    #
         http://vusb.wikidot.com/hosted-projects
    #
           http://vusb.wikidot.com/examples
    #
              https://www.workinprogress.ca/v-usb-tutorial-software-only-usb-for-mega-tiny/
    #
       https://www.giga.co.za/ocart/index.php?route=product/product&product_id=229
    #
         - part is out of stock, but has pictures and links to
    #
           https://github.com/pavel-a/usb-relay-hid
    #
           http://www.giga.co.za/Kit_Drivers/USB_Relay2.zip
    #
           https://github.com/darrylb123/usbrelay
    #
           and says
              Here is an example how to control the relay in command line.
    #
    #
              CommandApp_USBRelay.exe [device id] [close / open] [relay nr]
    #
                CommandApp_USBRelay.exe J34EL close 01
    #
                CommandApp_USBRelay.exe J34EL open 01
```