Cyclic Redundancy Check

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SOURCE CODE
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(void)
{
  int dat_size, div_size;
  char input[100], quot[100], key[30], rem[30], temp[30], key1[30];
  //input
  printf("Enter the data : ");
  scanf("%s", input);
  printf("Enter the key: ");
  scanf("%s", key);
  dat_size = strlen(input);
  div_size = strlen(key);
  //padding
  for(int i=0; i<div_size-1; i++){</pre>
    input[dat_size+i] = '0';
  }
  //temp
  for(int i=0; i<div_size; i++){</pre>
    temp[i] = input[i];
  }
  strcpy(key1, key); //copying the key
  //xor
  for(int i=0; i<dat_size; i++){</pre>
    quot[i] = temp[0];
    if(quot[i]=='0'){
```

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for(int j=0; j<div_size; j++)</pre>
          key[j] = '0';
    }
     else{
       for(int j=0; j<div_size; j++)</pre>
          key[j] = key1[j];
     }
     for(int j=div_size-1; j>0; j--){
       if(key[j]==temp[j])
          rem[j-1] = '0';
       else
          rem[j-1] = '1';
     }
     rem[div_size-1] = input[i+div_size];
     strcpy(temp, rem);
  }
  strcpy(rem, temp);
  printf("\nThe remainder is: ");
  for(int i=0; i<div_size; i++)</pre>
     printf("%c", rem[i]);
  printf("\nNew Data is: ");
  for(int i=0; i<dat_size; i++)</pre>
     printf("%c", input[i]);
  for(int i=0; i<div_size; i++)</pre>
     printf("%c", rem[i]);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT (on white page)

```
(neog⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop/crc]
$ ./crc.out
Enter the data : 1001
Enter the key: 1001001

The remainder is: 001000
New Data is: 1001001000
```