

EXPERIMENT 1

BFS & DFS

AIM	WAP to implement DFS and BFS for traversing a graph from source node (S) to goal node (G), where source node and goal node is given by the user as an input.
CODE	<pre># Input: Adjacency matrix and source/goal nodes def graph_input(): d_mtx = [] n = int(input("Enter the number of nodes in the graph: ")) print("Enter the existence of edges between nodes (1 for edge, 0 for no edge):") # Building the adjacency matrix for i in range(n): d_mtx.append([]) for j in range(n): d_mtx[-1].append(int(input(f"Edge between node {i} and node {j}: "))) s = int(input("Enter the index number of the source node: ")) g = int(input("Enter the index number of the goal node: ")) return d_mtx, n, s, g # BFS Algorithm def bfs_algorithm(d_mtx, n, s, g): print("\nRunning BFS...") queue = [s] # Queue to store nodes to visit visited = [s] # List to keep track of visited nodes paths = [[s]] # List to store paths if s == g:</pre>

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        print(f"Goal node {g} found in BFS from {s}")
        print(f"Path traversed: {paths[0]}")
        return

    found = False
    while queue:
        node = queue.pop(0)
        path = paths.pop(0)

        for i in range(n):
            if d_mtx[node][i] == 1: # Check if there's an edge
                if i == g: # Goal found
                    print(f"Goal node {i} found in BFS from {s}")
                    print(f"Traversal path found using BFS: {path +
[i]}")

                    print(f"Nodes checked in BFS: {visited}")
                    found = True
                    break
                if i not in visited: # If not visited
                    queue.append(i)
                    visited.append(i)
                    paths.append(path + [i])

    if found:
        break

    if not found:
        print(f"Goal node {g} not found in BFS from {s}")

# DFS Algorithm
def dfs_algorithm(d_mtx, n, s, g):
    print("\nRunning DFS...")
    stack = [s] # Stack to store nodes to visit
    visited = [s] # List to keep track of visited nodes

    if s == g:
        print(f"Goal node {g} found in DFS from {s}")
        print(f"Path traversed: {stack + [g]}")
        return

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found = False
while stack:
    node = stack[-1]
    unvisited_found = False

    for i in range(n):
        if d_mtx[node][i] == 1: # Check if there's an edge
            if i == g: # Goal found
                print(f"Goal node {i} found in DFS from {s}")
                print(f"Traversal path found using DFS: {stack +
[i]}")

                print(f"Nodes checked in DFS: {visited}")
                found = True
                break
            if i not in visited: # If not visited
                stack.append(i)
                visited.append(i)
                unvisited_found = True
                break

    if not unvisited_found: # No unvisited neighbors, backtrack
        stack.pop()

    if found:
        break

if not found:
    print(f"Goal node {g} not found in DFS from {s}")

# Main function
if __name__ == "__main__":
    d_mtx, n, s, g = graph_input()

    # Validate source and goal nodes
    if 0 <= s < n and 0 <= g < n:
        bfs_algorithm(d_mtx, n, s, g)
        dfs_algorithm(d_mtx, n, s, g)
    else:

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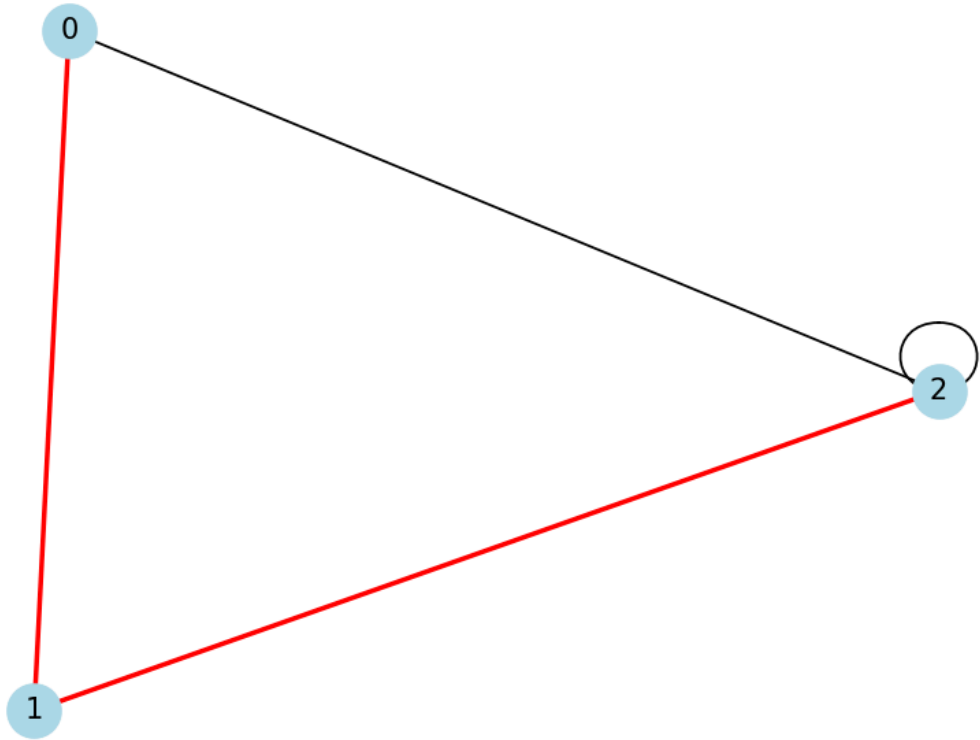
	<pre>print(f"Invalid node indices. The values must be in the range [0, {n-1}]]")</pre>
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OUTPUT

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Enter the number of nodes in the graph: 5
Enter the existence of edges between nodes (1 for edge, 0 for no edge):
Edge between node 0 and node 0: 0
Edge between node 0 and node 1: 1
Edge between node 0 and node 2: 1
Edge between node 0 and node 3: 1
Edge between node 0 and node 4: 1
Edge between node 1 and node 0: 0
Edge between node 1 and node 1: 1
Edge between node 1 and node 2: 0
Edge between node 1 and node 3: 1
Edge between node 1 and node 4: 0
Edge between node 2 and node 0: 1
Edge between node 2 and node 1: 0
Edge between node 2 and node 2: 1
Edge between node 2 and node 3: 1
Edge between node 2 and node 4: 1
Edge between node 3 and node 0: 0
Edge between node 3 and node 1: 1
Edge between node 3 and node 2: 0
Edge between node 3 and node 3: 0
Edge between node 3 and node 4: 0
Edge between node 4 and node 0: 1
Edge between node 4 and node 1: 1
Edge between node 4 and node 2: 1
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Running BFS...
Goal node 2 found in BFS from 1
Traversal path found using BFS: [1, 2]
Nodes checked in BFS: [1, 0]

Running DFS...
Goal node 2 found in DFS from 1
Traversal path found using DFS: [1, 0, 2]
Nodes checked in DFS: [1, 0]
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	VISUAL REPRESENTATION
	 <p>A graph with three nodes labeled 0, 1, and 2. Node 0 is at the top left, node 1 is at the bottom left, and node 2 is on the right. A black line connects node 0 and node 2. Red lines connect node 0 to node 1 and node 1 to node 2. Node 2 has a self-loop.</p>