```
import re
In [1]:
         import string
         import numpy as np
         import random
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         %matplotlib inline
         from plotly import graph objs as go
         import plotly.express as px
         import plotly.figure factory as ff
         from collections import Counter
         from PIL import Image
         from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS, ImageColorGenerator
         import nltk
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from tqdm import tqdm
         import os
         import nltk
         import spacy
         import random
         from spacy.util import compounding
         from spacy.util import minibatch
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
         data = pd.read csv("C:\\Users\\Ansh\\Downloads\\tweets.csv")
In [2]:
         # here i am printing fisrt five line of dataset
         data.head()
Out[2]:
                          _key
                                     tweet author
                                                                                tweet text
         0 1374140386071961602
                                                     $ Scientists conducted a Phase II study of ac...
                               Hematopoiesis News
                                 Michael Wang, MD
         1 1374032432173842437
                                                     This phase 2 Acalabrutinib-Venetoclax (AV) tri...
         2 1373902876553048065
                                      1stOncology
                                                 #NICE backs #AstraZenecas #Calquence for #CLL ...
         3 1373656782367813635
                                        Toby Eyre
                                                      #acalabrutinib is a valuable option in pts int...
         4 1372941634334232586
                                                  NICE has recommended the use of acalabrutinib ...
                                   Lymphoma Hub
         data.shape
In [3]:
         (43347, 3)
Out[3]:
         data.describe()
In [4]:
Out[4]:
                       key
         count 4.334700e+04
         mean 1.003292e+18
           std 2.313927e+17
```

5.505794e+17

25% 8.006620e+17

```
75% 1.204047e+18
           max 1.374141e+18
         data.isna().sum()
In [5]:
          key
                           0
Out[5]:
         tweet author
         tweet text
                           0
         dtype: int64
         data.head()
 In [6]:
Out[6]:
                                    tweet_author
                          _key
                                                                               tweet_text
         0 1374140386071961602
                               Hematopoiesis News
                                                    $ Scientists conducted a Phase II study of ac...
         1 1374032432173842437
                                 Michael Wang, MD
                                                    This phase 2 Acalabrutinib-Venetoclax (AV) tri...
         2 1373902876553048065
                                     1stOncology
                                                 #NICE backs #AstraZenecas #Calquence for #CLL ...
         3 1373656782367813635
                                                     #acalabrutinib is a valuable option in pts int...
                                        Toby Eyre
         4 1372941634334232586
                                   Lymphoma Hub
                                                 NICE has recommended the use of acalabrutinib ...
In [7]: def edits1(word):
              letters='abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz'
              splits=[(word[:i], word[i:]) for i in range(len(word)+1)]
              deletes=[L+R[1:] for L,R in splits if R]
              transposes=[L+R[1] +R[0] + R[2:] for L,R in splits if len(R)>1]
              replaces = [L+c+R[1:] for L,R in splits if R for c in letters]
              inserts = [L+c+ R for L,R in splits for c in letters]
              return set(deletes+transposes+replaces+inserts)
         def edits2(word):
              return(e2 for e1 in edits1(word) for e2 in edits1(e1))
In [8]: def remove_spaces(text):
              text=text.strip()
              text=text.split()
              return ' '.join(text)
In [9]: contraction = {'cause':'because',
                         'aint': 'am not',
                         'aren\'t': 'are not'}
         def mapping replacer(x,dic):
              for words in dic.keys():
                  if ' ' + words + ' ' in x:
                       x=x.replace(' '+ words +' ' ,' '+dic[words]+' ')
              return x
         import nltk
In [10]:
         nltk.download('punkit')
         from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
         from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
         from nltk.stem.lancaster import LancasterStemmer
         nltk.LancasterStemmer
         ls = LancasterStemmer()
         lem = WordNetLemmatizer()
```

50% 1.011270e+18

```
def lexicon_normalization(text):
             words = word tokenize(text)
              # 1- Stemming
             words stem = [ls.stem(w) for w in words]
              # 2- Lemmatization
             words lem = [lem.lemmatize(w) for w in words stem]
             return words lem
         [nltk data] Error loading punkit: Package 'punkit' not found in index
In [11]:
         import emoji
         import re
         #from emot.emo unicode import UNICODE EMO
         def convert emojis(text):
             for emot in emoji.UNICODE EMOJI:
                  \texttt{text} = \texttt{re.sub}(\texttt{r'('+emot+')', "\_".join(emoji.UNICODE\_EMOJI[emot].replace(",","")}.
             return text
In [12]: def clean_text(text):
             '''Make text lowercase, remove text in square brackets, remove links, remove punctuati
             and remove words containing numbers.'''
             text = str(text).lower()
             text = re.sub('\[.*?\]', '', text)
             text = re.sub('https?://\S+|www\.\S+', '', text)
             text = re.sub('<.*?>+', '', text)
             text = re.sub('[%s]' % re.escape(string.punctuation), '', text)
             text = re.sub('\n', '', text)
             text = re.sub('\w*\d\w*', '', text)
             text = re.sub('\'', '', text)
             return text
         from collections import Counter
In [13]:
         def remove stopword(text):
             stop words = stopwords.words('english')
             stopwords dict = Counter(stop words)
             text = ' '.join([word for word in text.split() if word not in stopwords dict])
             return text
In [14]:
         def tokenise(text):
             words = word tokenize(text)
             return words
In [15]: import re
         \texttt{data['tweet text']} = \texttt{data['tweet text']}.map(\textbf{lambda} \ x: \ \texttt{re.sub}(\texttt{r'} \backslash \texttt{W+'}, \ ' \ ', \ x))
         data['tweet_text'] = data['tweet_text'].replace(r'\W+', ' ', regex=True)
In [16]: data.tweet text
                   Scientists conducted a Phase II study of acal...
Out[16]:
                  This phase 2 Acalabrutinib Venetoclax AV trial...
                  NICE backs AstraZenecas Calquence for CLL htt...
                   acalabrutinib is a valuable option in pts int...
                  NICE has recommended the use of acalabrutinib ...
         43342
                 Hanging out with Friends FF CLL Happiness http...
         43343
                 Hanging out with Friends FF CLL Happiness http...
         43344
                 Zusatznutzen von Idelalisib ist weder für CLL ...
         43345
                  Hematología PTK2 EXPRESSION AND IMMUNOCHEMOTH...
         43346
                  Hematología MUTATIONS IN TLR MYD88 PATHWAY ID...
         Name: tweet text, Length: 43347, dtype: object
```

```
Out[17]:
                                       tweet_author
                            _key
                                                                                    tweet_text
          0 1374140386071961602
                                  Hematopoiesis News
                                                         Scientists conducted a Phase II study of acal...
          1 1374032432173842437
                                   Michael Wang, MD
                                                       This phase 2 Acalabrutinib Venetoclax AV trial...
          2 1373902876553048065
                                        1stOncology
                                                      NICE backs AstraZenecas Calquence for CLL htt...
          3 1373656782367813635
                                           Toby Eyre
                                                          acalabrutinib is a valuable option in pts int...
            1372941634334232586
                                      Lymphoma Hub
                                                    NICE has recommended the use of acalabrutinib ...
          df = data.groupby(by=['tweet_author']).count()
In [18]:
          df.rename(columns = {'tweet author':'Author', 'tweet text':''}, inplace = True)
In [19]:
          df
In [20]:
Out[20]:
                                                 _key
                                   tweet_author
                                   Camilla White
                                                    2 2
                                                    2 2
                                Emilie Thompson
                                  Hannah Wright
                                                    2 2
                                       Yvianna ð
                                                    1 1
          #DestroyTheAadhaar TwiLightOFTheGODS
                                                    1 1
                                             1 1
                                    ₩ NasRaf ₩
                                                    1 1
                    🙀 🙀 Hömicidal Barcode 🙀 🙀
                                                    1 1
                                  Adam Grant
                                                    1 1
                                     Manuela
                                                    1 1
         9292 rows × 2 columns
          data['tweet text']=data['tweet text'].apply(lambda x: mapping replacer(x, contraction))
In [21]:
          data['tweet text'] = data['tweet text'].apply(lambda x:clean text(x))
In [22]:
          data['tweet text'] = data['tweet text'].apply(lambda x: remove stopword(x))
In [23]:
          data['tweet text']=data['tweet text'].apply(lambda x: lexicon normalization(x))
In [24]:
          data.head()
In [25]:
Out[25]:
                            _key
                                       tweet author
                                                                                tweet text
             1374140386071961602
                                  Hematopoiesis News
                                                      [sci, conduc, phas, ii, study, acalabrutinib, ...
```

data.head()

1374032432173842437

Michael Wang, MD

[phas, acalabrutinib, venetoclax, av, tri, sti...

In [17]:

```
    2 1373902876553048065
    1stOncology [nic, back, astrazeneca, calqu, cll, http, co]
    3 1373656782367813635
    Toby Eyre [acalabrutinib, valu, opt, pt, intol, ibrutini...
    4 1372941634334232586
    Lymphoma Hub [nic, recommend, u, acalabrutinib, paty, tre, ...
```

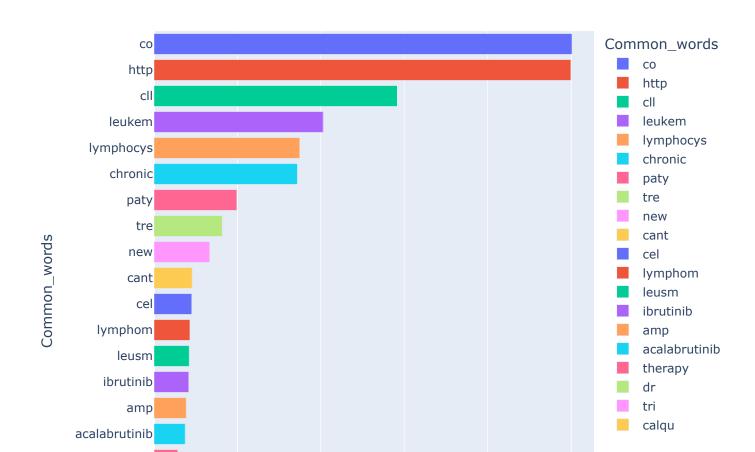
Polarity Of Sentiment

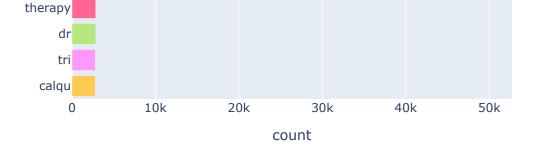
```
from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS , ImageColorGenerator
In [26]:
         from textblob import TextBlob
         def get tweet sentiment(tweet):
             Utility function to classify sentiment of passed tweet
             using textblob's sentiment method
             # create TextBlob object of passed tweet text
             analysis = TextBlob(tweet)
             # set sentiment
             if analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0:
                 return 'positive'
             elif analysis.sentiment.polarity == 0:
                 return 'neutral'
                 return 'negative'
         data['sentiment'] = data['tweet text'].apply(lambda x: get tweet sentiment(' '.join(x)))
In [27]:
         data.to csv(path or buf='C:\\Users\\Ansh\\Desktop\\Akaike NLP Assignment//Objective1.csv
In [28]:
         Positive sent = data[data['sentiment']=='positive']
In [29]:
         Negative sent = data[data['sentiment'] == 'negative']
         Neutral sent = data[data['sentiment']=='neutral']
        print('Number of tweets with positive sentiment', Positive sent['sentiment'].count())
In [30]:
         print('Number of tweets with negative sentiment', Negative sent['sentiment'].count())
         print('Number of tweets with neutral sentiment', Neutral sent['sentiment'].count())
        Number of tweets with positive sentiment 12832
        Number of tweets with negative sentiment 3207
        Number of tweets with neutral sentiment 27308
        Here we got to know that for finding out the polarity we need to clean the data,
        remove stopwords and tokenise the tweets
```

```
In [31]: top = Counter([item for sublist in data['tweet_text'] for item in sublist])
  temp = pd.DataFrame(top.most_common(20))
  temp.columns = ['Common_words','count']
  temp.style.background_gradient(cmap='Blues')
```

4	lymphocys	17459
5	chronic	17181
6	paty	9923
7	tre	8165
8	new	6675
9	cant	4565
10	cel	4511
11	lymphom	4303
12	leusm	4209
13	ibrutinib	4142
14	amp	3850
15	acalabrutinib	3727
16	therapy	2846
17	dr	2821
18	tri	2791
19	calqu	2791

Commmon Words in Selected Text





```
In [33]: top = Counter([item for sublist in data['tweet_text'] for item in sublist])
   temp = pd.DataFrame(top.most_common(20))
   temp = temp.iloc[1:,:]
   temp.columns = ['Common_words','count']
   temp.style.background_gradient(cmap='Purples')
```

```
Out[33]:
                Common_words count
             1
                                  49950
                            http
             2
                              cll
             3
                                  20255
                         leukem
                                  17459
                      lymphocys
             5
                                  17181
                         chronic
                                   9923
             6
                            paty
             7
                                   8165
                             tre
             8
                                   6675
                            new
             9
                                   4565
                            cant
                                   4511
            10
                             cel
            11
                                   4303
                       lymphom
            12
                          leusm
                                   4209
            13
                        ibrutinib
                                   4142
            14
                                   3850
                            amp
           15
                    acalabrutinib
                                   3727
           16
                         therapy
                                   2846
            17
                                   2821
                                   2791
            18
            19
                                   2791
                           calqu
```

```
In [34]: fig = px.treemap(temp, path=['Common_words'], values='count',title='Tree of Most Common
fig.show()
```

Tree of Most Common Words



```
In [35]:
         from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS , ImageColorGenerator
         from textblob import TextBlob
         def get tweet sentiment(tweet):
             1.1.1
             Utility function to classify sentiment of passed tweet
             using textblob's sentiment method
             # create TextBlob object of passed tweet text
             analysis = TextBlob(tweet)
             # set sentiment
             if analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0:
                 return 'positive'
             elif analysis.sentiment.polarity == 0:
                 return 'neutral'
             else:
                 return 'negative'
         data['sentiment']=data['tweet text'].apply(lambda x: get tweet sentiment(' '.join(x)))
In [36]:
In [37]:
         data
```

0 1374140386071961602 Hematopoiesis News [sci, conduc, phas, ii, study, acalabrutinib, ... neutral **1** 1374032432173842437 Michael Wang, MD [phas, acalabrutinib, venetoclax, av, tri, sti... neutral **2** 1373902876553048065 1stOncology [nic, back, astrazeneca, calqu, cll, http, co] neutral **3** 1373656782367813635 **Toby Eyre** [acalabrutinib, valu, opt, pt, intol, ibrutini... neutral **4** 1372941634334232586 Lymphoma Hub [nic, recommend, u, acalabrutinib, paty, tre, ... neutral 43342 551103473643945985 Joy is a Lifestyle [hang, friend, ff, cll, happy, http, co] positive 43343 551102786675290112 Crizzy Perry 🖔 [hang, friend, ff, cll, happy, http, co] positive

tweet_text sentiment

tweet_author

_key

Out[37]:

43344	550969541186953217	IQWiG	[zusatznutz, von, idelalisib, ist, wed, für, c	neutral
43345	550941480525635584	Medibooks	[hematologí, express, immunochemotherapy, outc	neutral
43346	550579446537678849	Medibooks	[hematologí, mut, tlr, pathway, ident, subset,	positive

43347 rows × 4 columns

```
data.to_csv("C:\\Users\\Ansh\Desktop\\Akaike NLP Assignment\\Objective2.csv")
In [ ]:
In [38]: Positive_sent = data[data['sentiment']=='positive']
         Negative sent = data[data['sentiment'] == 'negative']
         Neutral sent = data[data['sentiment']=='neutral']
In [39]: print('Number of tweets with positive sentiment', Positive sent['sentiment'].count())
        print('Number of tweets with negative sentiment', Negative_sent['sentiment'].count())
        print('Number of tweets with neutral sentiment', Neutral sent['sentiment'].count())
        Number of tweets with positive sentiment 12832
        Number of tweets with negative sentiment 3207
        Number of tweets with neutral sentiment 27308
In [40]: #MosT common positive words
         top = Counter([item for sublist in Positive sent['tweet text'] for item in sublist])
         temp positive = pd.DataFrame(top.most common(20))
         temp positive.columns = ['Common words','count']
         temp positive.style.background gradient(cmap='Greens')
```

Out[40]: Common_words count

0	со	15067
1	http	15016
2	cll	9587
3	new	6383
4	leukem	6121
5	lymphocys	5281
6	chronic	5172
7	paty	3612
8	tre	2945
9	leusm	2077
10	hematolog	1748
11	cant	1414
12	artic	1408
13	ibrutinib	1383
14	cel	1342
15	lymphom	1285
16	high	1263
17	drug	1205
18	amp	1106

```
u 1090
```

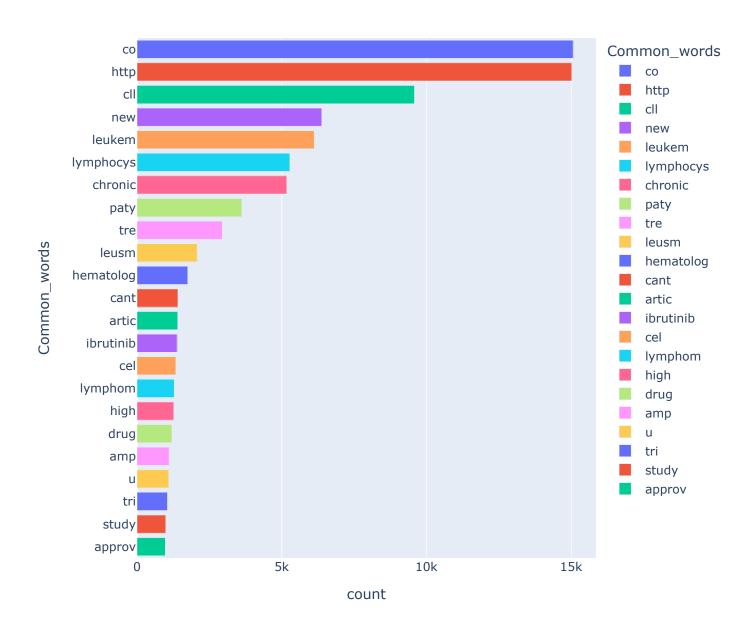
19

```
import numpy as np
top = Counter([item for sublist in Positive_sent['tweet_text'] for item in sublist])
temp_positive = pd.DataFrame(top.most_common(23))
temp_positive.columns = ['Common_words','count']
temp_positive['Common_words'] = temp_positive['Common_words'].map(lambda x: re.sub(r'\W+
temp_positive['Common_words'] = temp_positive['Common_words'].replace(r'\W+', '', regex=
temp_positive['Common_words'] = temp_positive['Common_words'].apply(lambda x:remove_spac
temp_positive=temp_positive[~temp_positive['Common_words'].isin(['s','gre','\"', ' * '])]
mask1 = temp_positive.Common_words.str.contains('[a-zA-Z]')
mask2 = temp_positive.Common_words.notna()
temp_positive = temp_positive[mask1 | mask2]
temp_positive.Common_words = temp_positive.Common_words.str.replace(r"\s+", "").replace
temp_positive=temp_positive.dropna()
```

Out[41]: Common_words count

	Common_words	Count
0	СО	15067
1	http	15016
2	cll	9587
3	new	6383
4	leukem	6121
5	lymphocys	5281
6	chronic	5172
7	paty	3612
8	tre	2945
9	leusm	2077
10	hematolog	1748
11	cant	1414
12	artic	1408
13	ibrutinib	1383
14	cel	1342
15	lymphom	1285
16	high	1263
17	drug	1205
18	amp	1106
19	u	1090
20	tri	1052
21	study	990
22	approv	976

Most Commmon Words in Positive Sentiment tweets



```
In [43]: #MosT common negative words
top = Counter([item for sublist in Negative_sent['tweet_text'] for item in sublist])
temp_negative = pd.DataFrame(top.most_common(20))
temp_negative = temp_negative.iloc[1:,:]
temp_negative.columns = ['Common_words','count']
temp_negative.style.background_gradient(cmap='Reds')
```

Out[43]: Common_words count 1 http 3834 2 cll 2338

3	leukem	1819
4	lymphocys	1556
5	chronic	1551
6	cant	1167

```
7
                         973
                paty
 8
                         682
                  tre
 9
                         670
                amp
10
                adult
                         597
11
                         463
                long
12
                slow
                         438
13
                         434
                  cel
14
                         414
               grow
15
           lymphocyt
                         408
16
                         401
                prim
17
            ibrutinib
                         384
18
               involv
                         380
19
            common
                         364
```

```
#MosT common negative words
In [44]:
         top = Counter([item for sublist in Negative sent['tweet text'] for item in sublist])
         temp negative = pd.DataFrame(top.most common(22))
         temp negative = temp negative.iloc[1:,:]
         temp negative.columns = ['Common words','count']
         #Data cleaning
         temp negative['Common words'] = temp negative['Common words'].map(lambda x: re.sub(r'\W+
         temp negative['Common words'] = temp negative['Common words'].replace(r'\W+', '', regex=
         temp_negative=temp_negative[~temp_negative['Common_words'].isin(['s','t'])] #new line re
         #mask1 = temp negative.Common words.str.contains('[a-zA-Z]')
         #mask2 = temp negative.Common words.notna()
         #temp negative = temp negative[mask1 | mask2]
         temp negative.Common words = temp negative.Common words.replace("", np.nan)
         temp negative = temp negative.dropna(subset=['Common words'])
         temp negative.style.background gradient(cmap='Reds')
```

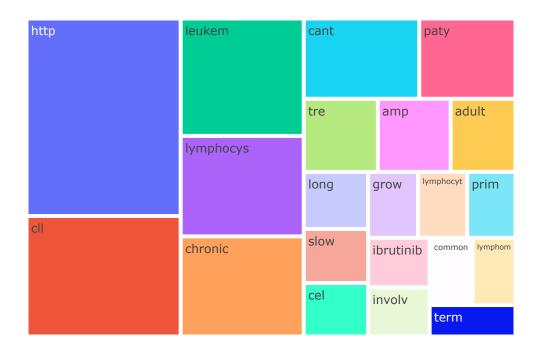
Out[44]: Common_words count

1	http	3834
2	cll	2338
3	leukem	1819
4	lymphocys	1556
5	chronic	1551
6	cant	1167
7	paty	973
8	tre	682
9	amp	670
10	adult	597
11	long	463
12	slow	438

```
13
                         434
                 cel
14
                        414
               grow
15
          lymphocyt
                         408
16
                         401
                prim
17
            ibrutinib
                         384
18
                         380
               involv
19
                         364
            common
20
           lymphom
                         363
21
                term
                         340
```

```
In [45]: fig = px.treemap(temp_negative, path=['Common_words'], values='count',title='Tree Of Mos
fig.show()
```

Tree Of Most Common Words in Negative Tweets



```
In [46]: #MosT common Neutral words
top = Counter([item for sublist in Neutral_sent['tweet_text'] for item in sublist])
temp_neutral = pd.DataFrame(top.most_common(20))
temp_neutral = temp_neutral.loc[1:,:]
temp_neutral.columns = ['Common_words','count']
temp_neutral.style.background_gradient(cmap='YlOrBr')
```

```
        Out[46]:
        Common_words
        count

        1
        http
        31100

        2
        cll
        17222
```

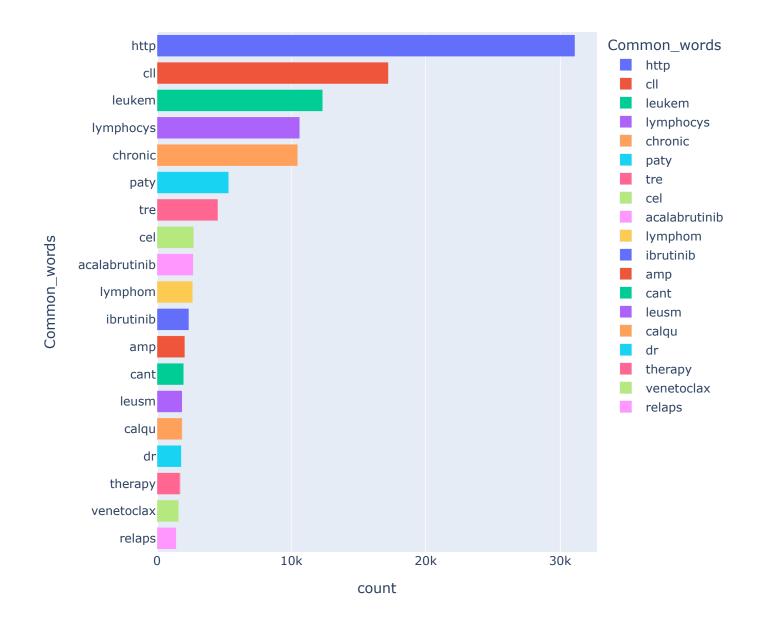
```
3
             leukem
                      12315
 4
          lymphocys
                      10622
 5
                      10458
             chronic
 6
                paty
                       5338
 7
                       4538
                 tre
 8
                       2735
                 cel
 9
                       2706
        acalabrutinib
10
                       2655
           lymphom
11
                       2375
            ibrutinib
12
                       2074
                amp
13
                       1984
                cant
14
               leusm
                       1876
15
                       1869
               calqu
16
                       1814
                  dr
17
             therapy
                       1714
18
          venetoclax
                       1602
19
               relaps
                       1438
```

Out[47]: Common_words count

1	http	31100
2	cll	17222
3	leukem	12315
4	lymphocys	10622
5	chronic	10458
6	paty	5338
7	tre	4538
8	cel	2735
9	acalabrutinib	2706
10	lymphom	2655

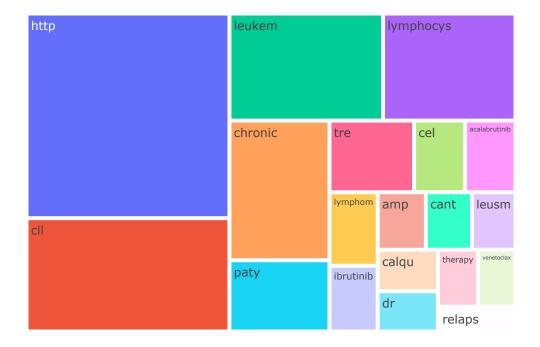
11	ibrutinib	2375
12	amp	2074
13	cant	1984
14	leusm	1876
15	calqu	1869
16	dr	1814
17	therapy	1714
18	venetoclax	1602
19	relaps	1438

Most Commmon Neutral Words



```
In [49]: fig = px.treemap(temp_neutral, path=['Common_words'], values='count',title='Tree Of Most
fig.show()
```

Tree Of Most Common Neutral Words



```
In [50]: raw_text = [word for word_list in data['tweet text'] for word in word list]
         def words unique(sentiment, numwords, raw words):
In [51]:
             1.1.1
             Input:
                 segment - Segment category (ex. 'Neutral');
                numwords - how many specific words do you want to see in the final result;
                 raw words - list for item in train data[train data.segments == segments]['temp
             Output:
                 dataframe giving information about the name of the specific ingredient and how m
             1.1.1
             allother = []
             for item in data[data.sentiment != sentiment]['tweet text']:
                 for word in item:
                     allother .append(word)
             allother = list(set(allother))
             specificnonly = [x for x in raw text if x not in allother]
             mycounter = Counter()
             for item in data[data.sentiment == sentiment]['tweet text']:
                 for word in item:
                     mycounter[word] += 1
             keep = list(specificnonly)
             for word in list(mycounter):
```

```
Unique words = pd.DataFrame(mycounter.most common(numwords), columns = ['words','cou
               return Unique words
          Unique Positive= words unique('positive', 20, raw text)
In [52]:
          print("The top 20 unique words in Positive Tweets are:")
          Unique Positive.style.background gradient(cmap='Greens')
          The top 20 unique words in Positive Tweets are:
Out[52]:
                       words count
           0
                       latest
                               617
           1
                               193
                         win
           2
                       proud
                                99
           3
                                95
                       happy
           4
                  aeftgbuckm
                                87
           5
                      healthy
                                59
           6
                       grand
                                55
           7
                                38
                        nunc
           8
                       zurich
                                35
           9
                         hot
                                32
          10
                   throughput
                                30
          11
                     peninsul
                                25
          12
                      autoph
                                23
          13
                       bright
                                20
          14
                      perfect
                                20
          15
                      thrilled
                                19
          16
                                19
                         fall
          17
                        sino
                                19
          18
                     vencido
                                19
          19 academiacllfutbol
                                19
```

if word not in keep:

del mycounter[word]

Tree Of Unique Words in Positive sentiment tweets

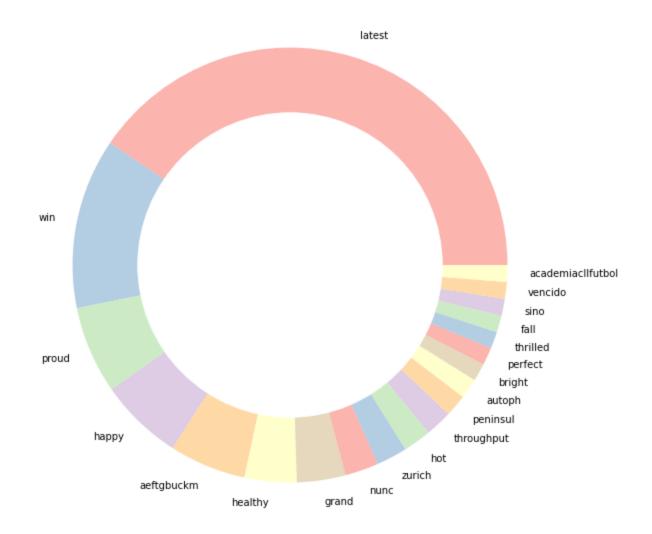
In [53]:

fig.show()

fig = px.treemap(Unique Positive, path=['words'], values='count', title='Tree Of Unique W



```
In [54]: from palettable.colorbrewer.qualitative import Pastell_7
plt.figure(figsize=(16,10))
my_circle=plt.Circle((0,0), 0.7, color='white')
plt.pie(Unique_Positive['count'], labels=Unique_Positive.words, colors=Pastell_7.hex_col
p=plt.gcf()
p.gca().add_artist(my_circle)
plt.title('Donut Plot Of Unique words in Positive sentiment tweets')
plt.show()
```



```
In [55]: Unique_Negative= words_unique('negative', 10, raw_text)
    print("The top 10 unique words in Negative Tweets are:")
    Unique_Negative.style.background_gradient(cmap='Reds')
```

The top 10 unique words in Negative Tweets are:

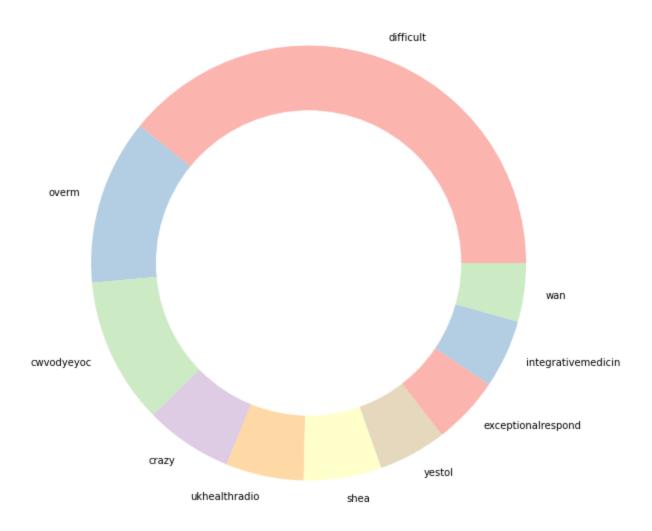
Out[55]: w	orc	ds
------------	-----	----

	words	count
0	difficult	54
1	overm	17
2	cwvodyeyoc	15
3	crazy	9
4	ukhealthradio	8
5	shea	8
6	yestol	7
7	exceptionalrespond	7
8	integrativemedicin	7
9	wan	6

```
In [56]: from palettable.colorbrewer.qualitative import Pastell_7
plt.figure(figsize=(16,10))
my_circle=plt.Circle((0,0), 0.7, color='white')
```

```
plt.rcParams['text.color'] = 'black'
plt.pie(Unique_Negative['count'], labels=Unique_Negative.words, colors=Pastell_7.hex_col
p=plt.gcf()
p.gca().add_artist(my_circle)
plt.title('DoNut Plot Of Unique words in Negative sentiment tweets')
plt.show()
```

DoNut Plot Of Unique words in Negative sentiment tweets



```
In [57]: Unique_Neutral= words_unique('neutral', 10, raw_text)
    print("The top 10 unique words in Neutral Tweets are:")
    Unique_Neutral.style.background_gradient(cmap='YlOrBr')
```

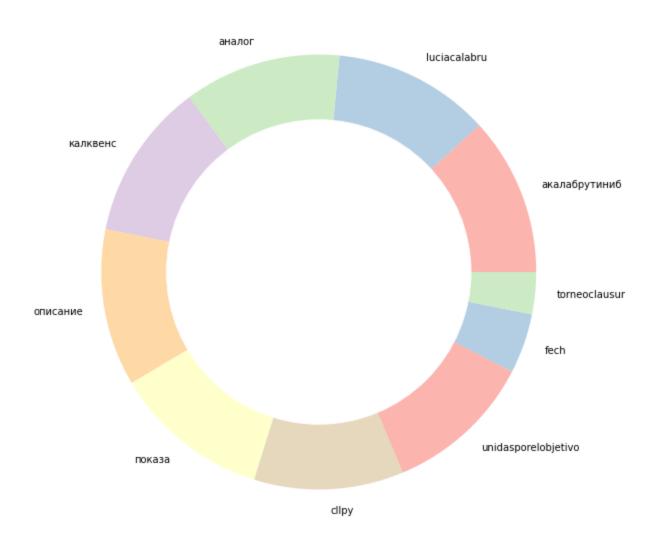
The top 10 unique words in Neutral Tweets are:

Out[57]: words count

0	акалабрутиниб	528
1	luciacalabru	523
2	аналог	523
3	калквенс	523
4	описание	523
5	показа	523
6	cllpy	498
7	unidas por elobjetivo	497
8	fech	199

```
In [58]: from palettable.colorbrewer.qualitative import Pastel1_7
plt.figure(figsize=(16,10))
my_circle=plt.Circle((0,0), 0.7, color='white')
plt.pie(Unique_Neutral['count'], labels=Unique_Neutral.words, colors=Pastel1_7.hex_color
p=plt.gcf()
p.gca().add_artist(my_circle)
plt.title('DoNut Plot Of Unique words in Neutral sentiment tweets')
plt.show()
```

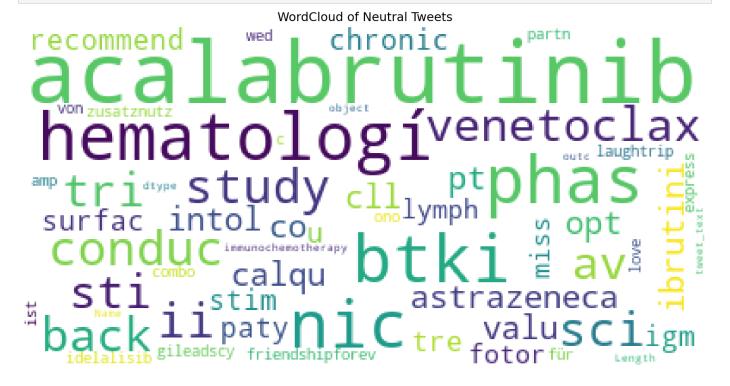
DoNut Plot Of Unique words in Neutral sentiment tweets



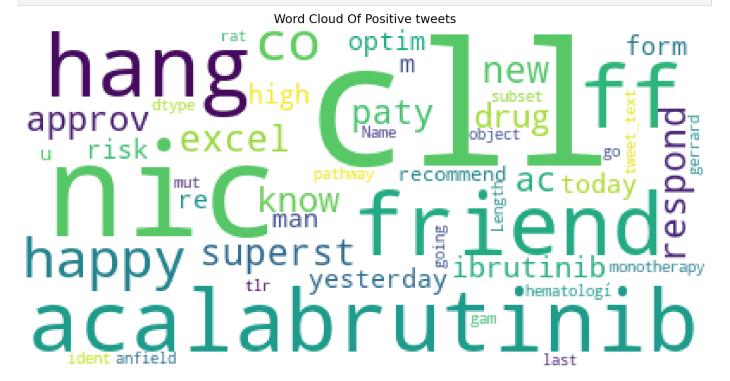
Word Cloud

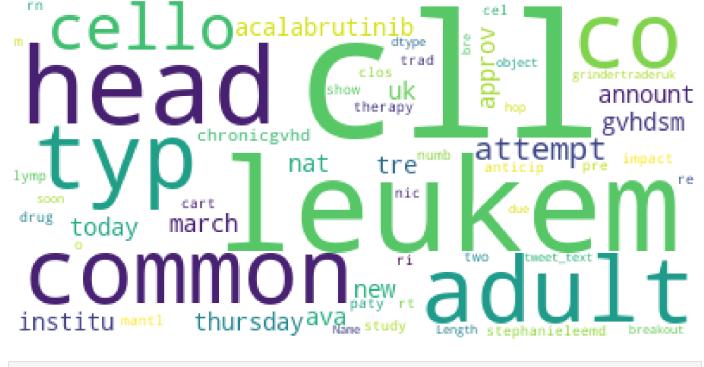
For Positive, Neutral, Negative Sentiments

In [60]: plot_wordcloud(Neutral_sent.tweet_text,color='white',max_font_size=100,title_size=30,tit



In [61]: plot_wordcloud(Positive_sent.tweet_text,title="Word Cloud Of Positive tweets",title_size





Word Cloud Of Negative tweets

In []:	
In []:	