Day 13 of #30DaysofWebScraping: Exploring Advanced

Scrapy Features 🚀

Today I learned how to really dig into the features provided by Scrapy and build a scraper that feels like magic! For Day 13, I aimed to extract detailed population data for each country by scraping a structured website and demonstrating Scrapy's capability to work with multi-level crawling. Here's what I did:



Project Overview: Scraping Country Population Data



The dataset was created by scraping "country-level population data" from Worldometers. (Link: https://www.worldometers.info/world-population/population-by-country/) This site has tables with population statistics by country and year, so it lends itself to hierarchical scraping.

What I Wanted to Achieve:

- 1. Extract a list of countries and their respective links.
- 2. Navigate to each country's detailed population page.

3. Scrape the population data year by year and compile it into a structured dataset.

Steps I Followed:

1. Setting Up Scrapy

I started by creating a new Scrapy project and defining my spider named countries. Scrapy's modular structure made it easy to separate different scraping tasks into functions.

2. Defining the Spider

The CountriesSpider was designed to crawl the "Worldometers Population by Country" page. Using XPath selectors, I extracted:

- Country Names
- Year
- Population

Scrapy's "response.follow()" method was a lifesaver here, as it allowed me to easily follow each link to a country's detailed page.

3. Multi-Level Crawling

The real power of Scrapy shown through it's ability to handle multi-level crawling. From the main page, the spider navigated to each country's page and scraped detailed data for:

- Population Year by Year
- Country Name
- Population

I used meta in Scrapy to pass data (like the country name) between the main page and subsequent requests. This ensured the context was maintained throughout the crawling process.

4. Structuring the Data

The extracted data included:

- Country Name
- Year
- Population

Scrapy's yield functionality allowed me to output this data in a structured format, making it ready for storage in a database or CSV.

Challenges and Lessons Learned 💡

- 1. Hierarchical Data Navigation: Scraping multi-level data required careful handling of links and meta data to ensure everything stayed organized. Debugging the flow using Scrapy's logging was immensely helpful.
- 2. Dynamic Table Structure: Some population rows were missing values. Using fallback methods like ".get(default="N/A")" ensured data quality without breaking the scraper.
- 3. Efficiency: Scrapy's asynchronous nature meant the scraper could handle multiple requests concurrently, saving time compared to traditional approaches.

Why This Project Was Transformative

- **Multi-Level Scraping Mastery:** Real-world projects often involve hierarchical structures where pages link to sub-pages; learning to follow these links and scrape the corresponding data is a fundamental skill for a web scrapping master.
- **Structured Data Output:** You can easily scrape hierarchical data and scrunch it into a tidied dataset, illustrating the efficiency and flexibility of Scrapy.
- **Scalable Scraping:** Scrapy's modular design together with its built-in tools like middlewares and pipelines made the project feel scalable and professional.

Reflections and What's Next

Day 13 just reminded us the power of Scrapy when used properly. From link following to passing meta data, I quickly saw how Scrapy simplifies the complexities of multi-level crawling.

Up next: Tackling pagination! Tomorrow, I'll explore how to handle multi-page websites efficiently, ensuring no data point is left behind. Let's keep scraping smarter and scaling further!